

nag_deviates_beta (g01fec)

1. Purpose

nag_deviates_beta (g01fec) returns the deviate associated with the given lower tail probability of the beta distribution.

2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

double nag_deviates_beta(double p, double a, double b, double tol,
                          NagError *fail)
```

3. Description

The deviate, β_p , associated with the lower tail probability, p , of the beta distribution with parameters a and b is defined as the solution to

$$P(B \leq \beta_p : a, b) = p = \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} \int_0^{\beta_p} B^{a-1}(1-B)^{b-1} dB \quad 0 \leq \beta_p \leq 1; a, b > 0.$$

The algorithm is a modified version of the Newton–Raphson method, following closely that of Cran *et al* (1977).

An initial approximation, β_0 , to β_p is found (see Cran *et al* 1977), and the Newton–Raphson iteration

$$\beta_i = \beta_{i-1} - \frac{f(\beta_{i-1})}{f'(\beta_{i-1})}$$

where $f(\beta) = P(B \leq \beta : a, b) - p$ is used, with modifications to ensure that β remains in the range (0,1).

4. Parameters

p

Input: the probability, p , from the required beta distribution.
Constraint: $0.0 \leq \mathbf{p} \leq 1.0$.

a

Input: the first parameter, a , of the required beta distribution.
Constraint: $0.0 < \mathbf{a} \leq 10^6$.

b

Input: the second parameter, b , of the required beta distribution.
Constraint: $0.0 < \mathbf{b} \leq 10^6$.

tol

Input: the relative accuracy required by the user in the result. If **nag_deviates_beta** is entered with **tol** greater than or equal to 1.0 or less than 10 times the **machine precision** (see **nag_machine_precision (X02AJC)**), then the value of 10 times **machine precision** is used instead.

fail

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

5. Error Indications and Warnings

On any of the error conditions listed below except **NE_RES_NOT_ACC** and **NE_SOL_NOT_CONV** nag_deviates_beta returns 0.0.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **p** must not be less than 0.0: **p** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL_ARG_GT

On entry, **p** must not be greater than 1.0: **p** = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, **a** must not be greater than 10^6 : **a** = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, **b** must not be greater than 10^6 : **b** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL_ARG_LE

On entry, **a** must not be less than or equal to 0.0: **a** = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, **b** must not be less than or equal to 0.0: **b** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_RES_NOT_ACC

The requested accuracy has not been achieved. Use a larger value of **tol**.

There is doubt concerning the accuracy of the computed result. 100 iterations of the Newton-Raphson method have been performed without satisfying the accuracy criterion (see Section 6.1). The result should be a reasonable approximation of the solution.

NE_SOL_NOT_CONV

The solution has failed to converge.

However, the result should be a reasonable approximation.

Requested accuracy not achieved when calculating beta probability. The user should try setting **tol** larger.

6. Further Comments

The time taken by the function will depend on the shape of the distribution. For highly skewed distributions with one of the values of a, b large and the other small, series (2) will take longer to converge than for distributions which are more symmetric.

6.1. Accuracy

The required precision, given by **tol**, should be achieved in most circumstances.

6.2. References

Cran G W, Martin K J and Thomas G E (1977) Inverse of the incomplete Beta function ratio
Appl. Stat. **26** Algorithm AS109 111–114.

Hastings N A J and Peacock J B (1975) *Statistical Distributions* Butterworth.

7. See Also

nag_prob_beta_dist (g01eec)

8. Example

Lower tail probabilities are read for several beta distributions, and the corresponding deviates calculated and printed, until the end of data is reached.

8.1. Program Text

```

/* nag_deviates_beta(g01fec) Example Program
 *
 * Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2 revised, 1992.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

main()
{
  double a ,b, p, tol, x;
  static NagError fail;

  /* Skip heading in data file */
  Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
  printf("g01fec Example Program Results\\n");
  printf(" Probability      A      B      Deviate\\n\\n");
  while (scanf("%lf %lf %lf", &p, &a, &b) != EOF)
  {
    tol = 0.0;
    x = g01fec(p, a, b, tol, &fail);
    if (fail.code==NE_NOERROR)
      Vprintf("%9.4f%10.3f%10.3f%10.4f\\n", p, a, b, x);
    else
      Vprintf("%9.4f%10.3f%10.3f%10.4f\\n Note: %s\\n",p,a,b,x,
              fail.message);
  }
  exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

8.2. Program Data

```

g01fec Example Program Data
0.5000  1.0  2.0
0.9900  1.5  1.5
0.2500 20.0 10.0

```

8.3. Program Results

```

g01fec Example Program Results
Probability      A      B      Deviate

  0.5000      1.000      2.000      0.2929
  0.9900      1.500      1.500      0.9672
  0.2500     20.000     10.000      0.6105

```
