



**American  
Megatrends**

**AMIBIOS ROM Utilities**

**User Guide**

**(Version 1.08)**

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08/23/2004	1.00	- Initial Document. - This version contains AMIMMDOS.EXE, AMIOLDOS.EXE and ROMSETUP.EXE user guide.	Danny Liu
10/04/2004	1.01	- Add new user guides for AMIDEDOS.EXE, AMIDEWIN.EXE, DMIEDIT and OEMLOGO.EXE.	Danny Liu
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Part 1.

AMIBIOS ROM Utilities

# Command Mode

# Chapter 1 AMIMMDOS/WIN v1.xx

## Overview

---

AMIMMDOS is a module management tool with command line interface. Basically, it allows you to manage the BIOS modules that are contained in the BIOS ROM file.

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## Features

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This utility offers the following features:

- Insert Module
  - Replace Module
  - Delete Module
  - Extract Module
  - Read/Write SLP String
  - Fill ROM Hole with file
  - Display/Save CPU MicroCode Patch information
  - Delete CPU MicroCode Patch data
  - Extract CPU MicroCode Patch data from ROM Image to file
  - Insert new CPU MicroCode Patch data to ROM Image
  - Read/Write Sign-On Message
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMIMMDOS is supported by the following operating systems:

- MS-DOS environment
- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP

AMIMMWIN is supported by the following operating systems:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64

- Microsoft® Windows® PE

## BIOS Requirements

The loaded BIOS ROM file should have the followings:

- The file **MUST** be an AMIBIOS ROM file (Core version 8.xx.xx only)
  - BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITTOOLS\_17” label or above.
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AMIMMDOS.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AMIMMDOS** in command prompt.

### Usage

**AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <Command> [Option 1] [Option2].....**

#### BIOS ROM File Name

The mandatory field is used to specify path/filename of the BIOS ROM file with extension.

#### Commands

The mandatory field is used to select an operation mode for module manipulation Or read/write SLP string. Following lists the valid commands and related format:

- **/CP <Output File Name>** Display CPU MicroCode Patch information on screen Or save it to file.
- **/CPD <CMP ID>** Delete a CPU MicroCode Patch data.
- **/CPE <CMP ID> <Output File Name>** Extract a CPU MicroCode Patch data to file.
- **/CPI <New MicroCode File Name>** Insert a new CPU MicroCode Patch data.
- **/D <Module ID>** Delete a module.
- **/E <Module ID> <Output File Name>** Extract a module as is in the ROM file.
- **/I <Module ID> <Module File Name>** Insert a module except for linked-module.
- **/INFO [Output File Name]** Display BIOS ROM Information on screen Or save it to file.
- **/LM <L-VID> <L-DID> <VID> <DID>** Insert a linked-module.
- **/R <Module ID> <Module File Name>** Replace a module using uncompressed file.
- **/RHF <Hole Number> <Hole File Name>** Fill ROM Hole with given file.
- **/SLP [SLP String]** Read/Write SLP string from/to ROM Image.
- **/SM [Sign-On Message]** Read/Write Sign-On Message from/to ROM Image.

## Options

The optional field used to supply more information for individual operation mode.

Following lists the supported optional parameters and format:

- **/A <8-Bits Value>** Set alignment value.
- **/C** The module cannot be split.
- **/M <M#1> <M#2>** Set destination address/PCI Device's vendor/device ID.
- **/N <NCB Name>** Set NCB region name.
- **/S <Start Address>** Set start address
- **/U** Specifies the module is to be placed as uncompressed.

Parameters List	
Name	Description
Module ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Output File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the output file with extension.
Module File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the Module file with extension.
SLP String	If present, SLP WRITE function will be enabled. If absent, SLP READ function will be enabled.
Sign-On Message	If present, Sign-On Message WRITE function will be enabled. If absent, Sign-On Message READ function will be enabled.
Hole Number	This parameter MUST be a decimal value.
Hole File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the Hole file with extension.
CMP(CPU MicroCde Patch) ID	This ID used for identifying CPU MicroCode Patch data in ROM Image. It has two expressions as below: 1. This is a number of CPU MicroCode Patch data in the module. 8-digits decimal value. The number is starting from 1. The number can get by using <b>&lt;/CP&gt;</b> command. 2. This is CPU MicroCode Patch ID. It consists of a letter "M" and 8-digits hexadecimal ID as "Mxxxxxxx". You can use <b>&lt;/CP&gt;</b> command to get relative MicroCode number in ROM Image Or ID code.
New MicroCode File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the new CPU MicroCode Patch file with extension.
L-VID	4-digits hexadecimal linked-vendor ID.
L-DID	4-digits hexadecimal linked-device ID.
VID	4-digits hexadecimal vendor ID.
DID	4-digits hexadecimal device ID.
8-Bits Value	This parameter MUST be 2-digits hexadecimal value.

Parameters List	
Name	Description
M#1	This parameter MUST be 4-digits hexadecimal value. For generic module, it is the module runtime Segment. For module ID – 20h, it is the PCI ROM device ID. For module ID – 21h, it is a Flags.
M#2	This parameter MUST be 4-digits hexadecimal value. For generic module, it is the module runtime Offset. For module ID – 20h, it is the PCI ROM vendor ID. For module ID – 21h, it is the Country Code.
NCB Name	= EBB, The module placed in Extended Boot Block. = NCB00, The module placed in first NCB region. = NCB01, The module placed in second NCB region. . . = NCBxx, The module placed in [xx]th NCB region.
Start Address	8-digits hexadecimal starting address of the module in the ROM Image.

Rules
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Any parameter enclosed by &lt; &gt; is a mandatory field.</li> <li>▪ Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.</li> <li>▪ [/M] can be a condition to find out module in ROM Image exactly.</li> <li>▪ [/A] &amp; [/C] &amp; [/N] &amp; [/S] are valid only for &lt;/I&gt; and &lt;/R&gt; command.</li> <li>▪ &lt;/D&gt; command can use [/M] only.</li> <li>▪ Both [/M] and [/U] are available for &lt;/E&gt; command.</li> <li>▪ [/N] should not co-exist with [/S]. By priority, [/N] &lt; [/S].</li> <li>▪ [/C] should not co-exist with [/S]. By priority, [/C] &lt; [/S].</li> <li>▪ All option is available only for &lt;/D&gt;, &lt;/E&gt;, &lt;/I&gt; and &lt;/R&gt; commands.</li> </ul>

Note: Running AMIMMDOS under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Examples

Examples on how to manipulate BIOS ROM image using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Display CPU MicroCode Patch module information**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /CP*
- **Save CPU MicroCode Patch module information to file**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /CP <Output File Name>*

- **Delete a CPU MicroCode Patch data from ROM Image**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /CPD <CMP ID>*
  - **Extract a CPU MicroCode Patch data to file**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /CPE <CMP ID> <Output File Name >*
  - **Insert a CPU MicroCode Patch data to ROM Image**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /CPI <New MicroCode File Name>*
  - **Deleting an existing module**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /D <Module ID> [/M <M#1> <M#2>]*
  - **Extracting a module**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /E <Module ID> <Output File Name> [/M <M#1> <M#2>]  
 [/U]*
  - **Inserting a new module**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /I <Module ID> <Module File Name> [/A] [/C] [/N <NCB  
 Name>] [/M <M#1> <M#2>] [/S <Start Address>] [/U]*
  - **Inserting a linked-ID module**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /LM <L-VID> <L-DID> <VID> <DID>*
  - **Display BIOS ROM Information**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /INFO*
  - **Save BIOS ROM Information to file**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /INFO <Output File Name>*
  - **Replacing an existing module**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /R <Module ID> <Module File Name> [/A] [/C] [/N <NCB  
 Name>] [/M <M#1> <M#2>] [/S <Start Address>] [/U]*
  - **Insert a file to ROM Hole**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /RHF <Hole Number> <Hole File Name>*
  - **Read SLP string from BIOS ROM File**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /SLP*
  - **Write SLP string to BIOS ROM File**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /SLP <"SLP string">*
  - **Read Sign-On Message from BIOS ROM File**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /SM*
  - **Write Sign-On Message to BIOS ROM File**  
*AMIMMDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /SM <"Sign-On Message">*
-

# Chapter 2 AMIOLDOS/WIN v1.xx

## Overview

---

AMIOLDOS is a changing logo tool with command line interface. It allows you to replace the OEM Logo(Large) and OEM Logo(Small) module inside the BIOS ROM file with a new one.

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## Features

---

This utility offers following features:

- Change OEM/small logo.
  - Remove OEM/small logo.
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMIOLDOS Utility is supported by the following operating systems:

- MS-DOS environment
- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP

AMIOLWIN is supported by the following operating systems:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

The loaded BIOS ROM file should have the followings:

- The file MUST be an AMIBIOS ROM file (Core version 8.xx.xx only)
- BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITools\_17” label or above.
- Large OEM Logo module (Module ID 0x0E) to be present

- Small OEM Logo module (Module ID 0x1A) to be present
- Quiet Boot function should be inside. It is recommended to use *DisplayLogo2 eModule* with “8.00.08\_DISPLAYLOGO\_05” label or later.

## New Logo File Requirements

The Change OEM Logo Utility requires that the new Logo file fit the following format:

- 16-Color Bitmap format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- 256-Color Bitmap format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- 256-Color PCX format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- True-Color JPG format, even width, 640\*480/800\*600/1024\*768 pixels (Maximum)

Note: Small OEM Logo does support only 640\*80, 16-Color Bitmap format.

---

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AMIOLDOS.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run *AMIOLDOS* in command prompt.

### Usage

***AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> [Option]***

*Or*

***AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /D***

#### **BIOS ROM File Name**

The mandatory field is used to specify path/filename of the BIOS ROM file with extension.

#### **New Logo Image File Name**

The mandatory field is used to specify path/filename of the new logo image file with extension.

#### **Commands**

The mandatory field is used to select an operation mode for manipulating logo image.

- **/D** Delete OEM Logo Module.

#### **Options**

The optional field used to supply more information for normal operation. Following

lists the supported optional parameters:

- **/F** Force replacement even if the Logo format does NOT be matched.
- **/FN** Both [/F] and [/N] will be enabled.
- **/N** Insert 16-Color BMP without converting it to GRFX(AMI) format.
- **/S** Change small OEM Logo.
- **/XY <X> <Y>** Set X-/Y-coordinate value.  
For small logo...  
X-coordinate ranged between 0 – 639. Default is 0.  
Y-coordinate ranged between 0 – 79. Default is 0.  
For large logo...  
X-coordinate ranged between 0 – 639. Default is AUTO.  
Y-coordinate ranged between 0 – 479. Default is AUTO.

Rules	
▪	<b>Any parameter enclosed by &lt; &gt; is a mandatory field.</b>
▪	<b>Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.</b>
▪	Change large OEM Logo and check Logo format are default operation.
▪	Small Logo image will be converted to GRFX format automatically.
▪	<b>[/D]</b> MUST be used alone except <b>[/S]</b> .
▪	<b>[/N]</b> and <b>[/FN]</b> option cannot co-exist with <b>[/S]</b> .
▪	<b>[/XY]</b> is available only for GRFX logo format.

Note: Running AMIOLDOS under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Examples

Examples on how to change large/small OEM Logo using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Replacement of large OEM Logo**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name>*
- **Replacement of small OEM Logo**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /S*
- **Replacement of large OEM Logo(GRFX) with user defined X-/Y-coordinate**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /XY 10 10*
- **Replacement of small OEM Logo with user defined X-/Y-coordinate**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /S /XY 10 10*
- **Deleting large OEM Logo**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /D*
- **Deleting small OEM Logo**  
*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /D /S*
- **Force replacement of large OEM Logo**

*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /F*

- **Force replacement of small OEM Logo**

*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /F /S*

- **Force replacement of large OEM Logo and do not convert to GRFX format**

*AMIOLDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> <New Logo Image File Name> /FN*

---



# Chapter 3 ROMSETUP v1.xx

## Overview

---

ROMSETUP can provide OEM customer an easy way to make SETUP manual for AMIBIOS projects. It allows the user to capture SETUP screen from any layer and save it with BMP file format.

---

## Features

---

The utility offers the following features:

- Simulates BIOS POST to run SETUP. So everything you see is what you get.
  - Good compatibility for file system. Any disk drive is usable.
  - Simply control interface to save screen and break program.
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

ROMSETUP Utility is now supported only in following operating system:

- MS-DOS environment without EMM386 installed(non-V86 Mode)

### BIOS Requirements

BIOS MUST have the followings:

- CORE0136 updated Or CORE version 8.00.12 or above.
  - BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITTOOLS\_17” label or above.
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

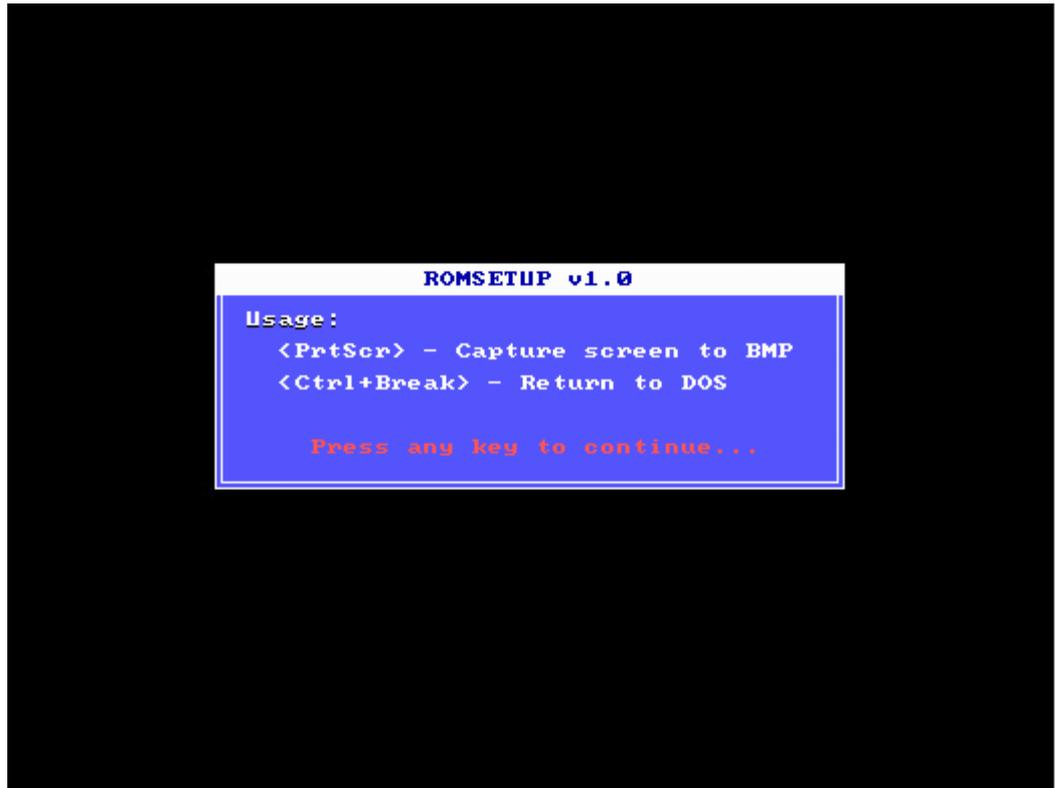
Copies the **ROMSETUP.EXE** executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **ROMSETUP** in command prompt.

### Running ROMSETUP program

To use ROMSETUP, user can follow the steps as below:

1. Boot to DOS and make sure that EMM386 does not install.
2. Switch to the directory where ROMSETUP is existing.
3. Type ROMSETUP behind command prompt symbol(\>) and press **ENTER** to run

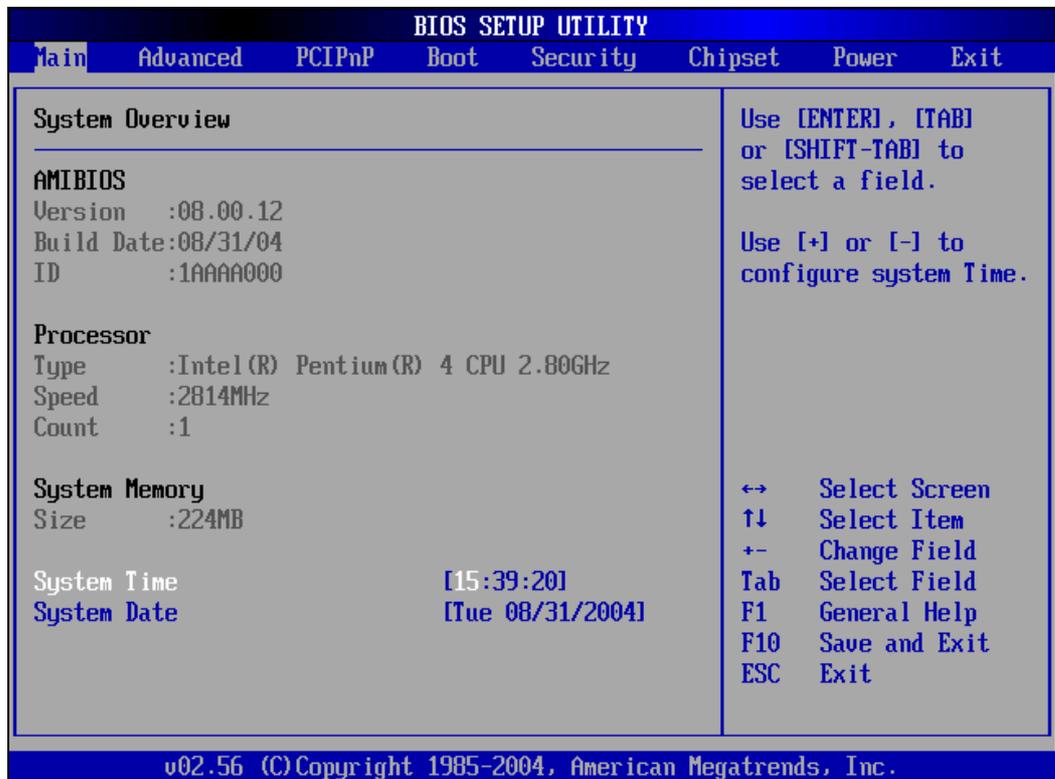
ROMSETUP, afterward, the usage screen will be displayed:



**Print Screen** Capture screen and save it as BMP file format to disk.

**Ctrl+Break** Break program and back to DOS.

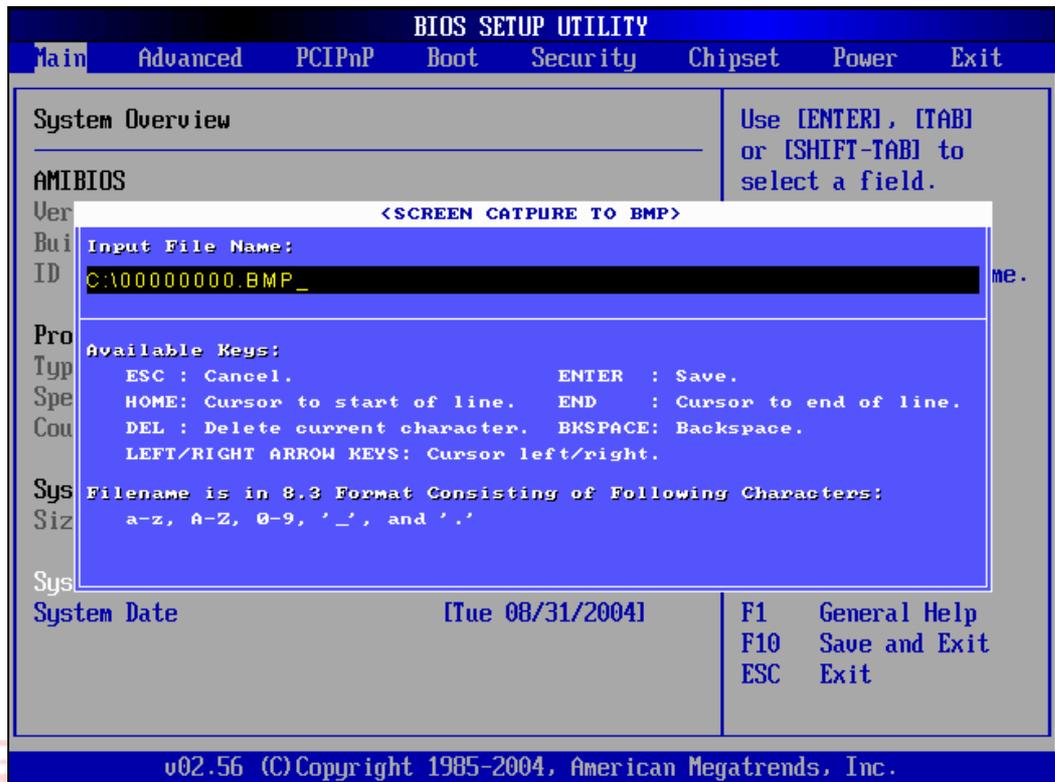
4. Press any key to continue. SETUP screen will be displayed:



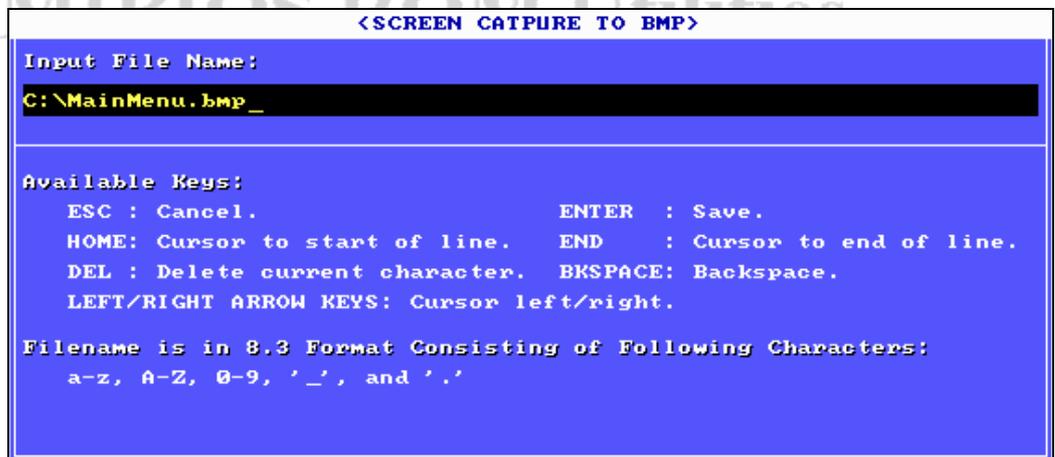
Note: The SETUP screen may be different from above map.

It is depending on OEM's requirement.

5. Choose SETUP screen what you would like to capture and press **Print Screen** to pop-up dialog box:



6. Input PATH and file name manually on dialog box:



7. Press **ENTER** to save captured screen Or **ESC** to cancel.
8. Repeat step.5 – 7 to get pictures Or press **Ctrl+Break** to quit program.

# Chapter 4 AMIDEDOS v1.xx

## Overview

---

AMIDEDOS is a Desktop Management Interface utility with command line interface. It allows you to modify strings associated with SMBIOS tables on *AMIBIOS* host system.

---

## Features

---

The utility offers you to modify following SMBIOS table:

- System (Type 1)
  - Base Board (Type 2)
  - Chassis (Type 3)
  - OEM String (Type 11)
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMIDEDOS Utility is supported only in following operating system:

- MS-DOS environment

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
  - *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
  - *SMBIOS eModule* with “8.00.08\_SMB-3.1.02\_CORE\_RC2” label or later.
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AMIDEDOS.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AMIDEDOS** in command prompt.

### Usage

**AMIDEDOS <Configuration File Name>**

*Or*

**AMIDEDOS <Command 1> [Command 2] [Command 3].....**

### **Configuration File Name**

The input file included at least one SMBIOS Table entry. Each SMBIOS table entry contains the SMBIOS table type name followed by the strings to be edited. User can use a text editor Or use “/DMS” command to create an example file. Default file is named “*CONFIG.DMS*”. Following lists the example of SMBIOS configuration file:

#### **[System]**

Manufacturer = AMI  
Product = CORE  
Version = 8.00  
SerialNum = 0123456789  
UUID = 0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF  
SKUNum = 0123456789  
Family = AMI

#### **[BaseBoard]**

Manufacturer = AMI  
Product = CORE  
Version = 8.00  
SerialNum = 0123456789

#### **[Chassis]**

Manufacturer = AMI  
Version = 8.00  
SerialNum = 0123456789  
TagNum = 0123456789  
ChassisType = 03  
ChassisOEM = 0123456789

#### **[OEMString]**

String = AMI  
String = WWW.AMI.COM  
String = BIOS vendor

### **Commands**

User can order following commands to select the operation mode for read/write strings associated with SMBIOS tables, create configuration file...etc. The valid commands and related format as below:

#### Part 1. System (Type 1)

- **/SM [“String”]** Read/Write system manufacturer.
- **/SP [“String”]** Read/Write system product.
- **/SV [“String”]** Read/Write system version.
- **/SS [“String”]** Read/Write system serial number.
- **/SU [16 Bytes]** Read/Write system UUID.
- **/SKU [“String”]** Read/Write SKU number.
- **/SF [“String”]** Read/Write family name.

#### Part 2. Base Board (Type 2)

- **/BM [“String”]** Read/Write baseboard manufacturer.
- **/BP [“String”]** Read/Write baseboard product.
- **/BV [“String”]** Read/Write baseboard version.
- **/BS [“String”]** Read/Write baseboard serial number.

#### Part 3. Chassis (Type 3)

- **/CM [“String”]** Read/Write chassis manufacturer.
- **/CT [8-Bits value]** Read/Write chassis type.
- **/CV [“String”]** Read/Write chassis version.
- **/CS [“String”]** Read/Write chassis serial number.
- **/CA [“String”]** Read/Write chassis tag.
- **/CO [32-Bits value]** Read/Write chassis OEM-defined value.

#### Part 4. OEM String (Type 11)

- **/OS [<Number> <”String”>]** Read/Write #th OEM string.

#### Part 5. Others

- **/ALL [Output File Name]** Output information to screen Or file.
- **/DMS [Output File Name]** Create configuration file. Default file name is “CONFIG.DMS”.

Parameters List	
Name	Description
String	NULL-Terminated ASCII string.
8-Bits value	This parameter MUST be 2-digits hexadecimal value.
32-Bits value	This parameter MUST be 8-digits hexadecimal value.
16 Bytes	This parameter MUST be 32-digits hexadecimal value.
Number	The decimal value ranges between 1 and 127.
Output File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the output file with extension.

## Rules

- **Any parameter enclosed by < > is a mandatory field.**
- **Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.**
- For command part 1-4, if parameter present, the WRITE function is going to update else READ function will be enabled.
- For command </ALL>, if **Output File Name** present, the SMBIOS information will be saved into the file else it will be displayed on screen.
- Using </DMS> without parameter can get "**CONFIG.DMS**" file in same directory, otherwise, the user-defined output file will contain the example syntax.
- Using </OS> without any parameter will display all OEM string on screen.
- READ function can be ignored if user run the utility followed by configuration file name.

Note: Running AMIDEDOS under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Examples

Examples on how to access SMBIOS data using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Create "CONFIG.DMS" file**  
*AMIDEDOS /DMS*
- **Create new configuration file**  
*AMIDEDOS /DMS OEM.DMS*
- **Display SMBIOS strings on screen**  
*AMIDEDOS /ALL*
- **Output SMBIOS strings to file**  
*AMIDEDOS /ALL SMBIOS.TXT*
- **Update SMBIOS strings by configuration file**  
*AMIDEDOS CONFIG.DMS*
- **Update system version, baseboard version and chassis version at once**  
*AMIDEDOS /SV 1.00 /BV 2.00 /CV 3.00*
- **Update system manufacturer string**  
*AMIDEDOS /SM AMI*
- **Update 1<sup>st</sup> OEM string**  
*AMIDEDOS /OS 1 AMIBIOS8*
- **Get chassis serial number**  
*AMIDEDOS /CS*
- **Get system UUID, baseboard version and chassis type information at once**  
*AMIDEDOS /SU /BV /CT*
- **Get OEM String**  
*AMIDEDOS /OS*
- **Update system manufacturer and get system UUID at once**



**American  
Megatrends**  
**AMIBIOS ROM Utilities**  
**User Guide**

# Chapter 5 AMIDEWIN v1.xx

## Overview

---

AMIDEWIN is a Desktop Management Interface utility with command line interface. It allows you to modify strings associated with SMBIOS tables on *AMIBIOS* host system.

---

## Features

---

The utility offers you to modify following SMBIOS table:

- System (Type 1)
  - Base Board (Type 2)
  - Chassis (Type 3)
  - OEM String (Type 11)
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMIDEWIN Utility is supported in following operating system:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
- *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
- *SMBIOS eModule* with “8.00.08\_SMB-3.1.02\_CORE\_RC6” label or later.

### Operating System Driver Requirements

Following drivers for different operation system are required by this utility:

- *UCOREVXD.VXD* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® 98/ME.
- *UCORESYS.SYS* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/PE.
- *UCOREW64.SYS* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® XP64.

---

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies *AMIDEWIN.EXE*, *UCOREVXD.VXD*, *UCORESIS.SYS* and *UCOREW64.SYS* to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AMIDEWIN** in command prompt. Remember that three files **MUST** be in same directory.

### Usage & Example

This utility is same as **AMIDEDOS.EXE** but running under Microsoft® Windows®. So you can see [Usage of AMIDEDOS](#) and [Example of AMIDEDOS](#) to learn more information.

---



# Chapter 6 AFUDOS v4.xx

## Overview

---

AFUDOS is an updating system BIOS utility with command line interface. It has no tedious and annoying parameters, just update your system BIOS. Hey!! Do not forget that target board MUST be *AMIBIOS* system.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers the following features:

- Small executable file size
  - Quickly update
  - Clear updating information and status
  - Fully compatible with previous version (See [Appendix B AFUDOS v3.xx Commands](#))
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

This utility is supported by the following operating systems:

- MS-DOS environment

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
  - *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
  - *Token: SDSMGR\_IN\_RUNTIME = ON.*
  - *Token: SMI\_INTERFACE\_FOR\_SDSMGR\_FUNC = ON.*
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AFUDOS.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AFUDOS** in command prompt.

### Usage

For previous usage, see [Appendix B AFUDOS v3.xx Commands](#) to know details.

**AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> [Option 1] [Option 2].....**

*Or*

**AFUDOS <Output BIOS ROM File Name> <Commands>**

*Or*

**AFUDOS /M<MAC Address>**

### **BIOS ROM File Name**

The mandatory field is used to specify path/filename of the BIOS ROM file with extension.

### **Commands**

The mandatory field is used to select an operation mode.

- **/O** Save current ROM image to file
- **/U** Get and display ROM ID from BIOS ROM file
- **/M<MAC Address>** Update BootBlock MAC address if exists

### **Options**

The optional field used to supply more information for flashing BIOS ROM.

Following lists the supported optional parameters and format:

- **/P** Program main bios image
- **/B** Program Boot Block
- **/N** Program NVRAM
- **/C** Destroy CMOS after update BIOS done
- **/E** Program Embedded Controller block if present
- **/K** Program all non-critical blocks
- **/Kn** Program n'th non-critical block only (n=0 - 7)
- **/Q** Quiet mode enable
- **/REBOOT** Reboot after update BIOS done
- **/X** Do not check ROM ID
- **/S** Display current system's BIOS ROM ID
- **/Ln** Load CMOS default (n=0 - 1)  
L0: Load current CMOS optimal settings  
L1: Load current CMOS failsafe settings  
L2: Load CMOS optimal settings from ROM file  
L3: Load CMOS failsafe settings from ROM file
- **/M<MAC Address>** Update BootBlock MAC address if exists
- **/R** Preserve all SMBIOS structures during NVRAM programming
- **/Rn** Preserve specific SMBIOS structure during NVRAM programming

## Rules

- **Any parameter enclosed by < > is a mandatory field.**
- **Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.**
- <Commands> cannot co-exist with any [Options].
- Main BIOS image is default flashing area if no any option present.
- [/C], [/Q], [/REBOOT], [/X], [/Ln] and [/S] will enable [/P] function automatically.
- If [/B] present alone, there is only the Boot Block area to be updated.
- If [/N] present alone, there is only the NVRAM area to be updated.
- If [/E] present alone, there is only the Embedded Controller block to be updated.
- If [/Kn] present alone, there is only non-critical block to be updated.
- When [/Ln] is co-exist with [/C], [/C] will be no function.
- [/M] can be used as a command for backward compatible.

Note: Running AFUDOS under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Examples

Examples on how to update BIOS using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Save current BIOS ROM to file**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /O*
- **Get and display ROM ID from BIOS ROM file**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /U*
- **Update main BIOS image only**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name>*  
*Or*  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /p*
- **Update Boot Block only**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /B*
- **Update NVRAM only**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /N*
- **Update Embedded Controller Block only**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /E*
- **Update 2<sup>nd</sup> non-critical block only**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /K2*
- **Update main BIOS image, Boot Block and NVRAM at once**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N*
- **Update whole BIOS ROM**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K*
- **Update whole BIOS ROM and load current CMOS optimal settings**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /LO*

- **Update whole BIOS without checking ROM ID**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /X*
  - **Update whole BIOS with quiet execution**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /Q*
  - **Update whole BIOS in quiet mode and REBOOT quietly**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /Q /REBOOT*
  - **Update BootBlock MAC address**  
*AFUDOS /M<MAC Address>*
  - **Update whole BIOS and BootBlock MAC address**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /M<MAC Address>*
  - **Update whole BIOS except existing SMBIOS structures**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /R*
  - **Update whole BIOS but preserve SMBIOS type 0 and 11**  
*AFUDOS <BIOS ROM File Name> /P /B /N /C /E /K /R0 /R11*
- 



# Chapter 7 AFUWIN v4.xx

## Overview

---

AFUWIN is an updating system BIOS utility with command line and GUI interface. It has same parameters and behavior as AFUDOS, and further, GUI feature starting from v4.10 can provide you a friendly environment to visualize BIOS update procedure. By the way, do not forget that target board **MUST** be *AMIBIOS* system while using this utility.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers the following features:

- Small executable file size
  - Quickly update
  - Clear updating information and status
  - Fully compatible with previous version (See [Appendix B AFUDOS v3.xx Commands](#))
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AFUWIN Utility is supported in following operating system:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
- *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
- *Token: SDSMGR\_IN\_RUNTIME = ON.*
- *Token: SMI\_INTERFACE\_FOR\_SDSMGR\_FUNC = ON.*

### Operating System Driver Requirements

Following drivers for different operation system are required by this utility:

- *UCOREVXD.VXD* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® 98/ME.
  - *UCORESYS.SYS* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/PE.
  - *UCOREW64.SYS* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® XP64.
- 

## Getting Started

---

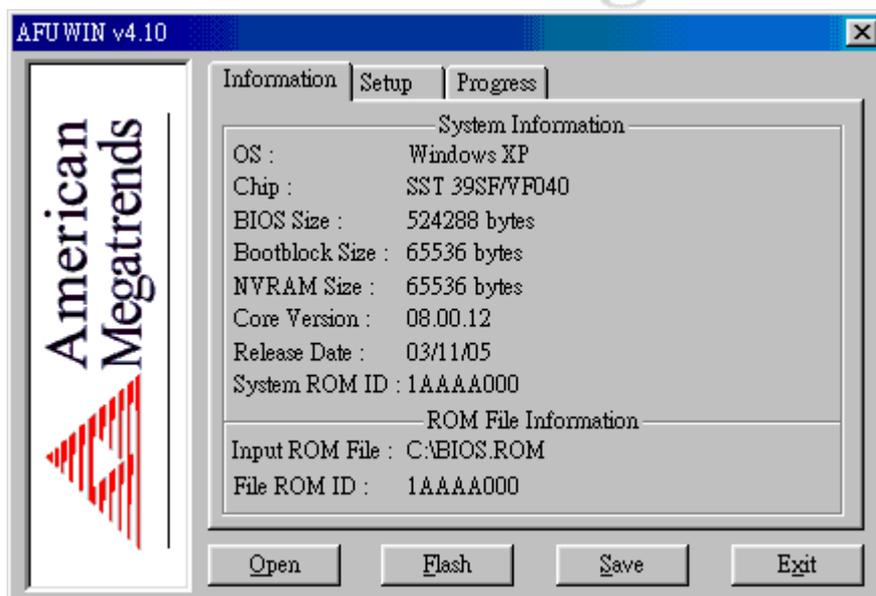
### Installation

Copies *AFUWIN.EXE*, *UCOREVXD.VXD*, *UCORESYS.SYS* and *UCOREW64.SYS* to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AFUWIN** in command prompt. Remember that three files **MUST** be in same directory. For launching GUI mode, you can just double-click on the icon.

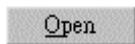
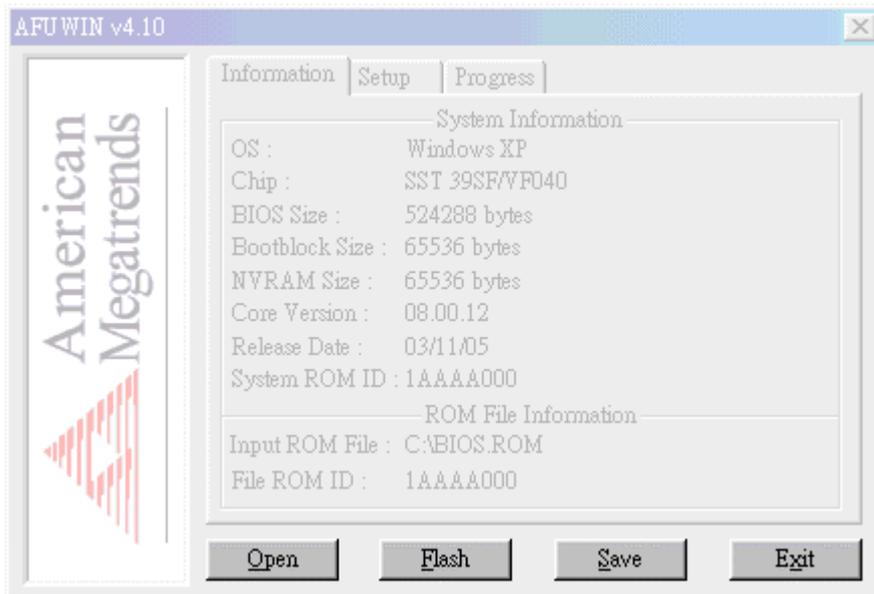
### Usage & Example for command line mode

This part is same as AFUDOS.EXE but running under Microsoft® Windows®. So you can see [Usage of AFUDOS](#) and [Example of AFUDOS](#) to learn more information.

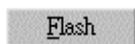
### Main Window



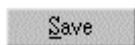
## Buttons



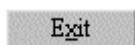
Click this button to search for BIOS ROM file from any disk drive.



Click this button to starting update BIOS.



Click this button to save BIOS ROM image to disk drive.

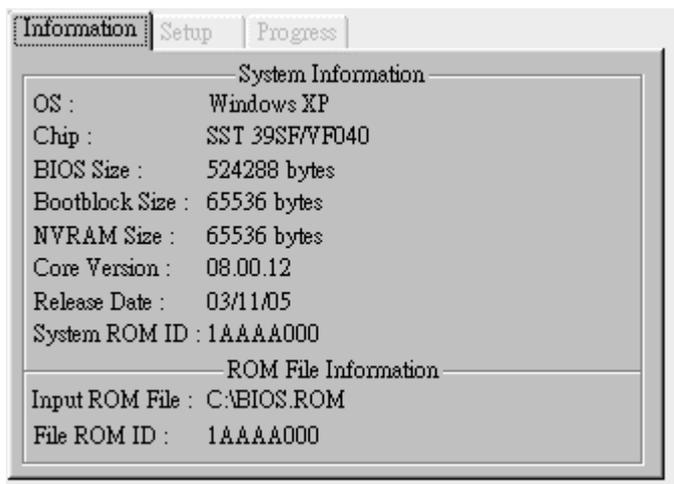


Click this button to exit this program.

## Function Frame

### Information Tab

This tab displays system BIOS information for your reference before flashing BIOS.



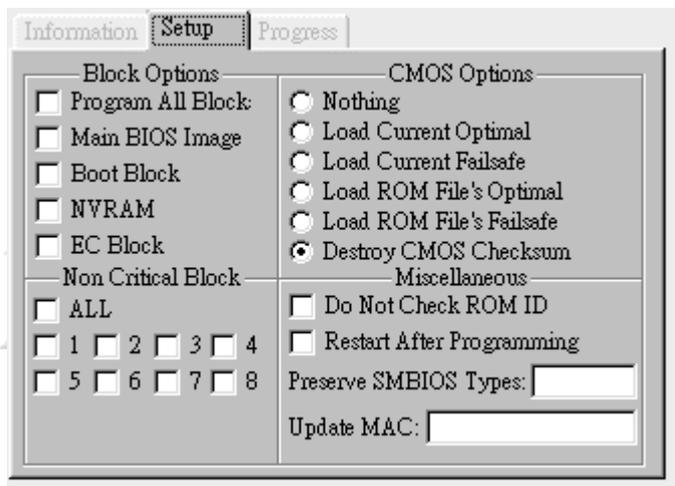
### Field

Name	Description
OS	This field displays current O/S version.

Name	Description
Chip	This field displays current flash part on the system.
BIOS Size	This field displays current BIOS ROM size.
BootBlock Size	This field displays current BIOS BootBlock size.
NVRAM Size	This field displays current BIOS NVRAM size.
Core Version	This field displays current AMIBIOS CORE version.
Release Date	This field displays current BIOS release date.
System ROM ID	This field displays current system BIOS ROM ID.
Input ROM File	This field displays BIOS ROM image file name/path where will be used to instead of old one.
File ROM ID	This field displays ROM ID in given BIOS ROM image file.

## Setup Tab

This tab allows you to change the settings for flashing BIOS.



## Field

Block Options	
Name	Description
Program All Block	This option is used to enable all programmable blocks.
Main BIOS Image	This option is used to determine if Main BIOS Image needs to update.
Boot Block	This option is used to determine if Boot Block needs to update.
NVRAM	This option is used to determine if NVRAM needs to update.
EC Block	This option is used to determine if EC Block needs to update.

CMOS Options	
Name	Description
Nothing	Enable if you want to do nothing for CMOS after BIOS updated.
Load Current Optimal	Enable if you do like to load CMOS optimal settings from current system after BIOS updated.

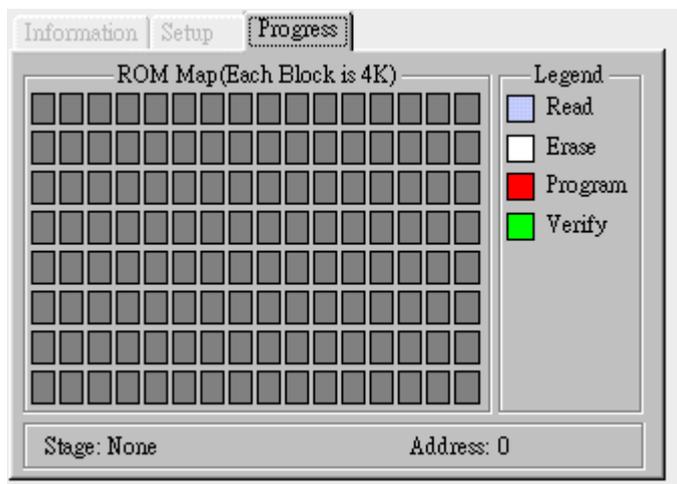
CMOS Options	
Name	Description
Load Current Failsafe	Enable if you do like to load CMOS failsafe settings from current system after BIOS updated.
Load ROM File's Optimal	Enable if you do like to load CMOS optimal settings from current system after BIOS updated.
Load ROM File's Failsafe	Enable if you do like to load CMOS failsafe settings from current system after BIOS updated.
Destroy CMOS Checksum	Enable if you do like to destroy CMOS checksum after BIOS updated. This is default setting in CMOS Options block.

Non Critical Block	
Name	Description
All	Enable if you want to update all Non Critical Blocks.
1 – 8	Enable one of Non Critical Blocks if it needs to update.

Miscellaneous	
Name	Description
Do Not Check ROM ID	Enable if you do not want to check ROM ID before updating BIOS.
Restart after Programming	Enable if you want to restart system after BIOS updated.
Preserve SMBIOS Type	This field allows you to preserve SMBIOS types while BIOS updating. The types string must be decimal-digit and separated by a space(' ') character. For convenience, you can strike 'A' key as first character to select all SMBIOS structures at once.
Update MAC	This field is used to change BootBlock MAC address. It MUST be hexadecimal-digit string.

## Progress Tab

This tab displays the updating status.

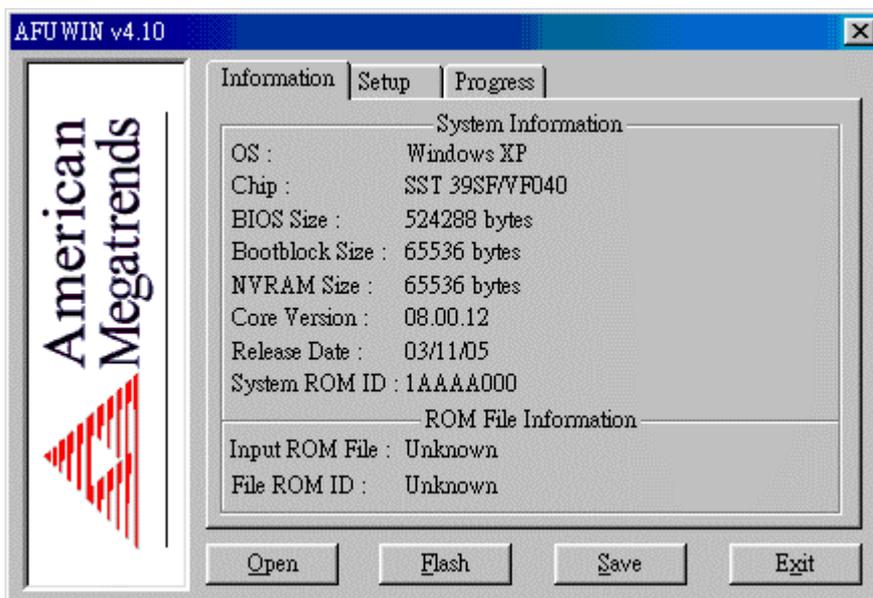


## Field

Name	Description
ROM Map	This area displays current updating status.
Legend	This area illustrates the meaning of color in ROM MAP area.
Stage	This field displays the stage of updating BIOS.
Address	This field display the address where block is under working.

## Functions

To launch into AFUWIN with GUI mode, you can double-click the executable file icon to open the operating window:



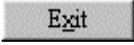
Usually, system BIOS information will be displayed first, but you may see a pop-up dialog if the system does not support AMIBIOS update function. After open this program successfully, you can refer to following steps to finish the operation what you need:

### Saving system BIOS ROM image to file

1. Press **Save** button to open file dialog box.
2. Select path and input a file name.
3. Click on OK button to save system BIOS ROM image into specific file.
4. Press **Exit** button to exit this program.

### Flashing system BIOS with given file

1. Press **Open** button to search for BIOS ROM image file from any disk driver and

- load it into memory.
2. Switch to *Setup Tab* to check and change necessary settings.
  3. Press  button to start the operation.
  4. *Progress Tab* will be switched automatically and display the programming status.
  5. After BIOS updated, you can press  button to exit this program or system will restart automatically if the **Restart After Programming** option enabled.



# Chapter 8 AMISCE v1.xx/v2.xx

## Overview

---

AMISCE is an abSTRACT CMOS Editor utility with command line interface. It can produce a script file that lists all the existing BIOS Setup Questions in the system where the utility is running. The script file will list all setup questions whether they actually show in BIOS Setup screens or not. This script file generated can also be modified and used as input to change the BIOS setup current values.

---

## Features

---

The utility offers you following features:

- BIOS SETUP values can be edited under operation system by TEXT script file
  - Display, save and restore current CMOS contents
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMISCE Utility is supported only in following operating system:

- MS-DOS environment

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
  - *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
  - *Token: SDSMGR\_IN\_RUNTIME = ON.*
  - *Token: SMI\_INTERFACE\_FOR\_SDSMGR\_FUNC = ON.*
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AMISCE.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AMISCE** in command prompt.

### Usage

**AMISCE** <Command>

## Commands

User can order following commands to select the operation mode for handling TEXT script file. The valid commands and related format as below:

- **/O <Script File Name>** Create TEXT script file without overwrite.
- **/OX <Script File Name>** Create TEXT script file with overwrite.
- **/OC <Script File Name>** Same as /O command but more information as CMOS Index register, Mask bits...etc.
- **/I <Script File Name>** Parse TEXT script file and update CMOS.
- **/CR [CMOS Image File Name]** Display/Save CMOS contents.
- **/CW <CMOS Image File Name>** Restore CMOS contents.

Parameters List	
Name	Description
Script File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the TEXT script file with extension.
CMOS Image File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the CMOS Image file with extension.

Rules
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Any parameter enclosed by &lt; &gt; is a mandatory field.</li><li>▪ Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.</li></ul>

Note: Running AMISCE under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Script Syntax

**/O**, **/OX** and **/OC** commands can generate a script file, which lists all the BIOS Setup questions for the system where the utility is running. The file consists of the following type of statements:

### ■ Comments

Comments are end-of-line comments and they start with the double slash “//”.

Any text will be ignored from the beginning of the “//” to the end of the line when parsing the script file.

Comments can be added anywhere in the file without affecting the behavior of the utility.

### ■ BIOS Setup Question

A BIOS Setup Question has five parts:

- **Setup Question Text**

This is the first statement in the Setup Question and it displays the text that appears in the BIOS Setup Screen for that particular Setup Question.

- **Token**

This field *MUST NOT* be modified.

- **BIOS Default**

This is the BIOS Default setting for the current Setup Question. This field is for information only and modifying it has no effect.

- **MFG Default**

This is the Manufacturing Default setting for the current Setup Question. This field is for information only and modifying it has no effect.

- **Options or Value**

A Setup Question may have either one of these statements. These are the only modifiable fields in the Setup Questions.

- **Options**

- **Regular**

A list of all possible settings for the Setup Question appears following the “Options” statement. An “\*” (asterisk) indicates the currently selected option. Change the setting by simply moving the asterisk to the desired option.

Do not change any of the text in the option list, specially the value inside the square brackets.

There must be only one asterisk in a particular Option Set.

- **Child with One Option Set**

After the “Options” statement, there will be a string enclosed in “< ...>” which tells what the “parent” question is and lists the options for the “parent” question.

Change the current option by just moving the asterisk to the desired option.

Do not change any of the text in the option list, specially the value inside the square brackets.

There must be only one asterisk in a particular Option Set.

- **Child with Multiple Option Set**

Each Option Set will have a line enclosed in “<...>” which describes for which value or values of the Parent Question the following Option Set is valid.

Change the current option by just moving the asterisk to the desired option. Check the current setting of the “parent” question to see which of the Option Sets is valid and then move the asterisk

to the desired option.

There must be only one asterisk in a particular Option Set and the value of the current setting must be the same in all Option Sets for a particular Setup Question.

- **Value**

This “value” corresponds to the actual CMOS value of the CMOS bits reserved for the current Setup Question. There is no string to display the meaning of this setting. Changing this setting requires knowledge about the implementation details for the Setup Question.

- **BIOS Setup Question Examples**

- **Options**

- **Regular**

```
Setup Question      =   Diskette A
Token               =   0000    // Do NOT change this line
BIOS Default       =   [04]1.44/1.25 MB 3½
MFG Default        =   [04]1.44/1.25 MB 3½
// Move "*" to the desired Option
Options            =   [00]Not Installed
                   =   [01]360 KB 5¼
                   =   [02]1.2 MB 5¼
                   =   [03]720 KB 3¼
                   =   *[04]1.44/1.25 MB 3½
                   =   [05]2.88 MB 3½
```

- **Child with One Option Set**

```
Setup Question      =   USB KB/Mouse Legacy
Token               =   007C    // Do NOT change this line
BIOS Default       =   [02]Auto
MFG Default        =   [01]Keyboard
// Move "*" to the desired Option
Options            =   <USB Function = Disabled, Enabled>
                   =   [00]Disabled
                   =   [01]Keyboard
                   =   *[02]Auto
                   =   [03]Keyb+Mouse
```

- **Child with Multiple Option Set**

```
Setup Question      =   PCI0 Agent To Aperture Access
Token               =   0085    // Do NOT change this line
BIOS Default       =   [00]N/A
MFG Default        =   [00]N/A
```

```

// Move "*" to the desired Option
Options                = <Aperture Access Enable = Disabled>
                      = * [00]N/A
                      <Aperture Access Enable = Enabled>
                      * [00]Enabled
                      [01]Disabled

```

■ **Value**

```

Setup Question        = L1/L2 Cache
Token                 = 006E // Do NOT change this line
BIOS Default          = [02]WriteBack
MFG Default           = [02]WriteBack
Value                 = 02 // Change to the desired value

```

## Examples

Examples on how to process BIOS SETUP values using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Create TEXT script file but do not overwrite if the file existed**  
*AMISCE /O <Script File Name>*
  - **Create TEXT script file and overwrite if the file existed**  
*AMISCE /OX <Script File Name>*
  - **Create new TEXT script file to get CMOS index reg. and mask bits information**  
*AMISCE /OC <Script File Name>*
  - **Display CMOS contents**  
*AMISCE /CR*
  - **Save CMOS contents to file**  
*AMISCE /CR <CMOS Image File Name>*
  - **Restore CMOS contents**  
*AMISCE /CW <CMOS Image File Name>*
  - **Update CMOS contents by TEXT script file**  
*AMISCE /I <Script File Name >*
-

# Chapter 9 AMISCEW v1.xx/v2.xx

## Overview

---

AMISCEW is an abSTRACT CMOS Editor utility with command line interface. It can produce a script file that lists all the existing BIOS Setup Questions in the system where the utility is running. The script file will list all setup questions whether they actually show in BIOS Setup screens or not. This script file generated can also be modified and used as input to change the BIOS setup current values.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers the following features:

- BIOS SETUP values can be edited under operation system by TEXT script file
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

AMISCEW Utility is supported in following operating system:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
- *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
- *Token: SDSMGR\_IN\_RUNTIME = ON.*
- *Token: SMI\_INTERFACE\_FOR\_SDSMGR\_FUNC = ON.*

### Operating System Driver Requirements

Following drivers for different operation system are required by this utility:

- *UCOREVXD.VXD* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® 98/ME.
- *UCORESYS.SYS* Driver for Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/PE.

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies *AMISCEW.EXE*, *UCOREVXD.VXD*, *UCORESYS.SYS* and *UCOREW64.SYS* to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run *AMISCEW* in command prompt. Remember that three files **MUST** be in same directory.

### Usage & Example

This utility is same as *AMISCE.EXE* but running under Microsoft® Windows®. So you can see [Usage of AMISCE](#) and [Example of AMISCE](#) to learn more information.

---



# Chapter 10 AMICMOS v2.xx

## Overview

---

AMICMOS is a CMOS RAM contents processor with command line interface. It is useful in factory to produce CMOS RAM image on same case.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers the following features:

- Display CMOS RAM contents as table
- Save/Restore current CMOS RAM contents
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

This utility is supported by the following operating systems:

- MS-DOS environment.

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
  - *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
  - *Token: SDSMGR\_IN\_RUNTIME = ON.*
  - *Token: SMI\_INTERFACE\_FOR\_SDSMGR\_FUNC = ON.*
- 

## Getting Started

---

### Installation

Copies the *AMICMOS.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then run **AMICMOS** in command prompt.

### Usage

**AMICMOS** <Command>

#### Commands

The mandatory field used to select an operation mode for processing CMOS RAM

contents. Following lists the supported commands and format:

- **/CR [CMOS Image File Name]** Display/Save CMOS contents.
- **/CW <CMOS Image File Name>** Restore CMOS contents.

Parameters List	
Name	Description
CMOS Image File Name	This parameter is used to specify path/filename of the CMOS contents file with extension.

Rules
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Any parameter enclosed by &lt; &gt; is a mandatory field.</b></li><li>▪ <b>Any parameter enclosed by [ ] is an optional field.</b></li></ul>

Note: Running AMICMOS under command prompt directly will display help message.

## Examples

Examples on how to display, save and restore CMOS RAM contents using the command prompt are shown in following:

- **Display CMOS contents on screen**  
*AMICMOS /CR*
- **Save CMOS contents as CMOS Image file**  
*AMICMOS /CR <CMOS Image File Name>*
- **Restore CMOS contents**  
*AMICMOS /CW <CMOS Image File Name>*

# Part 2.

# Graphical User Interface Mode

# Chapter 1 OEMLOGO v3.xx

## Overview

---

OEMLOGO is a changing logo tool with graphical user interface. It allows you to replace the OEM Logo(Large) and OEM Logo(Small) module inside the BIOS ROM file with a new one.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers following features:

- Change OEM/small logo.
  - Remove OEM/small logo.
  - Check logo image format automatically to make sure the logo works with target BIOS.
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

OEMLOGO Utility is supported in the following operating systems:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

The loaded BIOS ROM file should have the followings:

- The file MUST be an AMIBIOS ROM file (Core version 8.xx.xx only)
- BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITTOOLS\_17” label or above.
- Large OEM Logo module (Module ID 0x0E) to be present
- Small OEM Logo module (Module ID 0x1A) to be present
- Quiet Boot function should be inside. It is recommended to use *DisplayLogo2 eModule* with “8.00.08\_DISPLAYLOGO\_05” label or later.

### New Logo File Requirements

The Change OEM Logo Utility requires that the new Logo file fit the following format:

- 16-Color Bitmap format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- 256-Color Bitmap format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- 256-Color PCX format, even width, 640\*480 pixels (Maximum)
- True-Color JPG format, even width, 640\*480/800\*600/1024\*768 pixels (Maximum)

Note: Small OEM Logo does support only 640\*80, 16-Color Bitmap format.

---

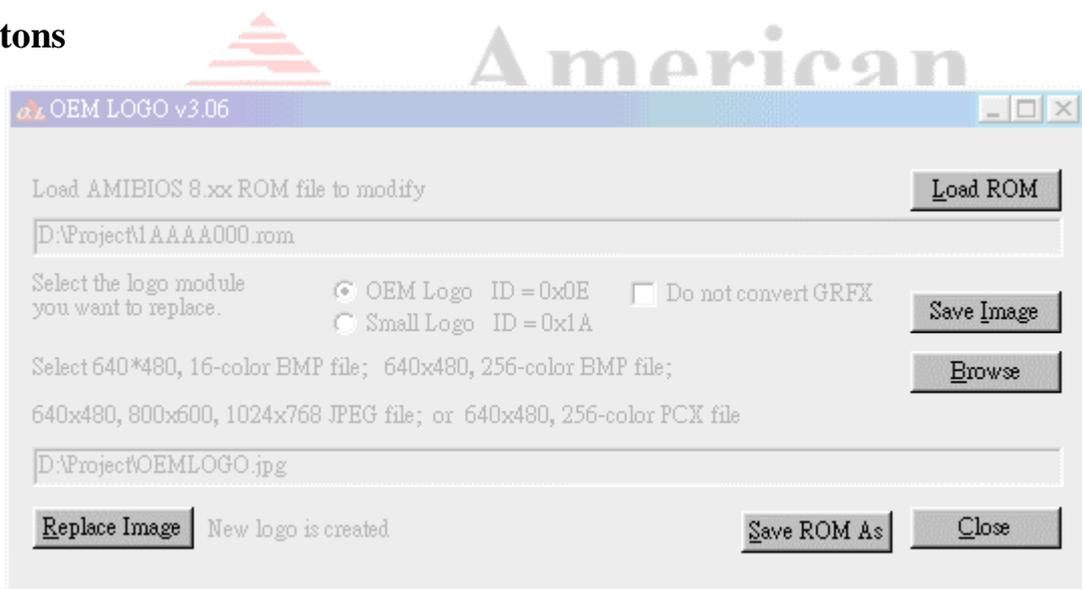
## Getting Started

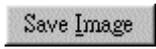
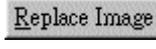
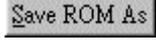
---

### Installation

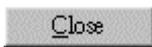
Copies the **OEMLOGO.EXE** executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then double-click **OEMLOGO** icon Or type **OEMLOGO** in command prompt to run.

### Buttons



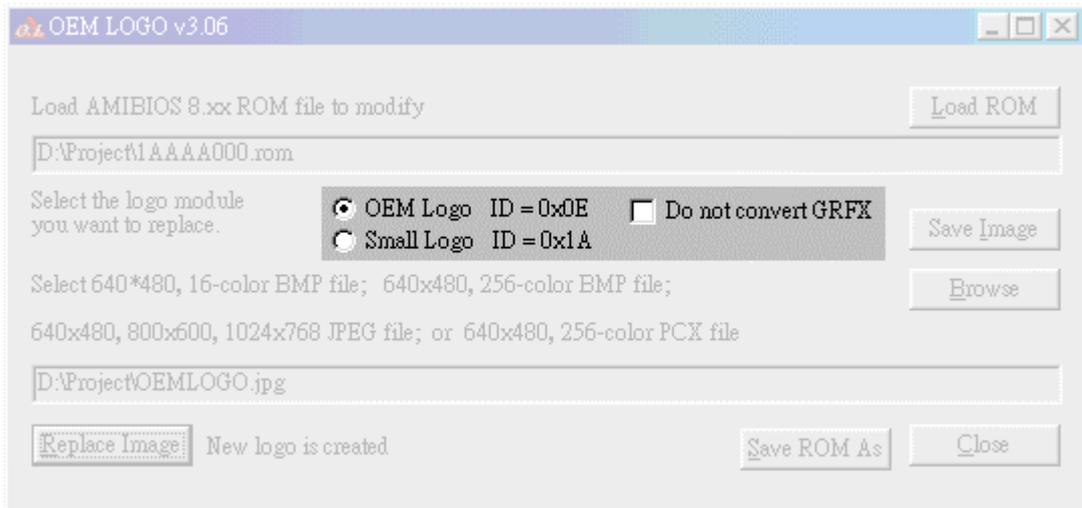
- |   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Click this button to search for BIOS ROM file from any disk drive.                         |
|  | Click this button to extract Logo Image from ROM to any disk drive by given PATH/FileName. |
|  | Click this button to search for new Logo Image file from any disk drive.                   |
|  | Click this button to replace an existing BIOS Logo module inside the BIOS ROM file.        |
|  | Click this button to save the changes that you have made to the BIOS                       |

ROM file. You can also specify the location and to change the existing file name.



Click this button to exit the program.

## Options



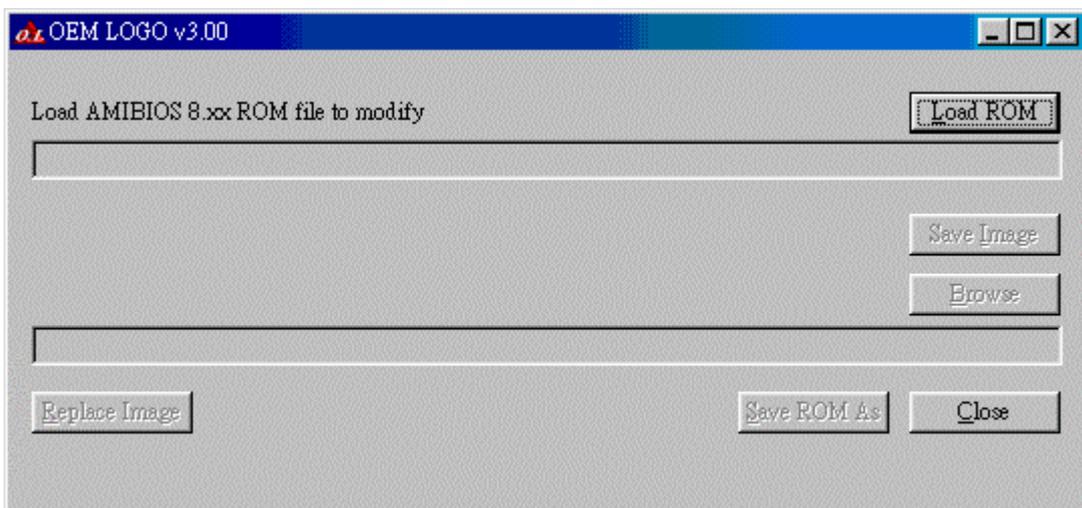
**OEM Logo ID=0x0E** Choose this option can change OEM logo module.

**Do not convert GRFX** This option is visible only for when OEM Logo is enabled. If this option to be enabled, the 16-Color BMP image will NOT convert to GRFX format.

**Small Logo ID=0x1A** Choose this option can change small logo module.

## Functions

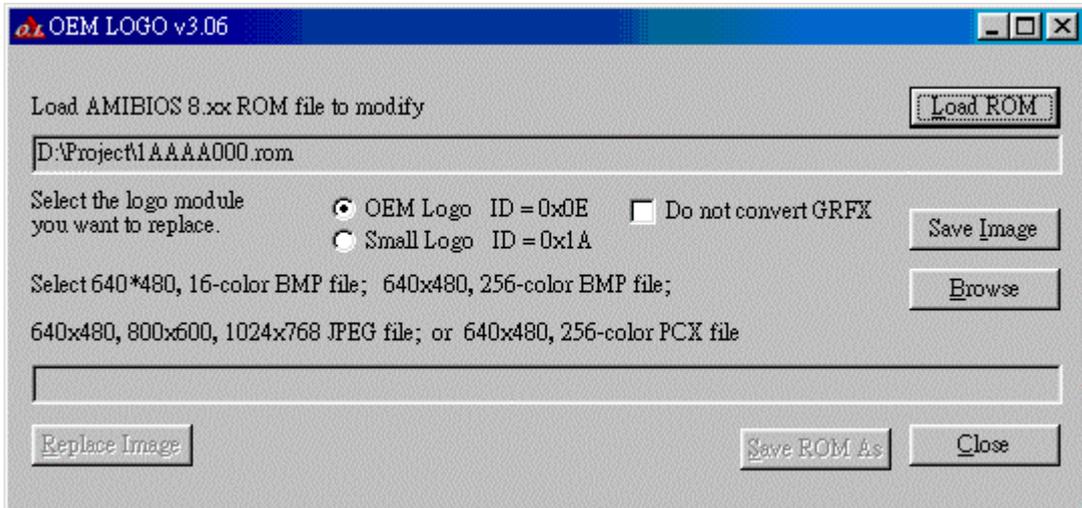
To use OEMLOGO, you can double-click the executable file icon to open the operating window:



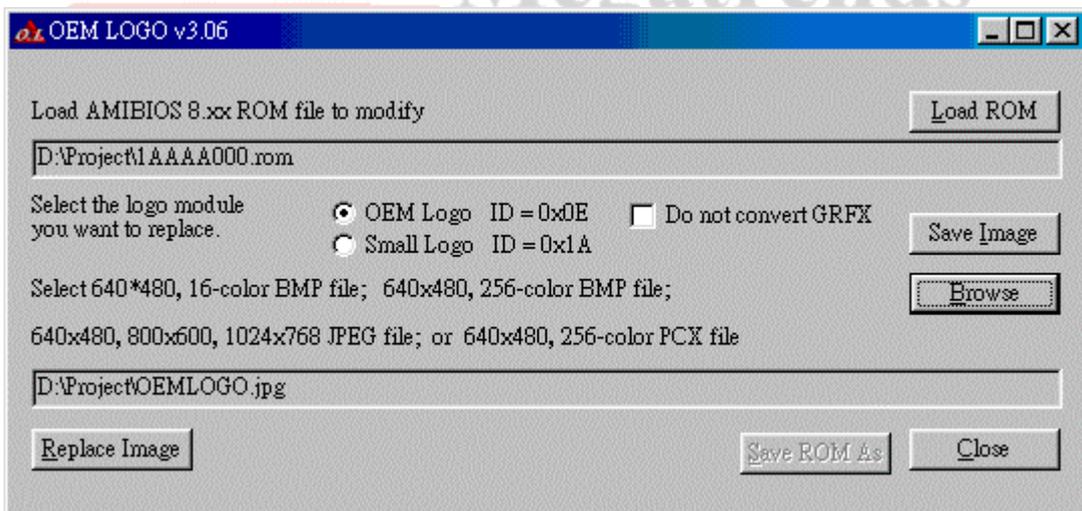
And refer to the following steps to change new logo:

## Changing OEM Logo

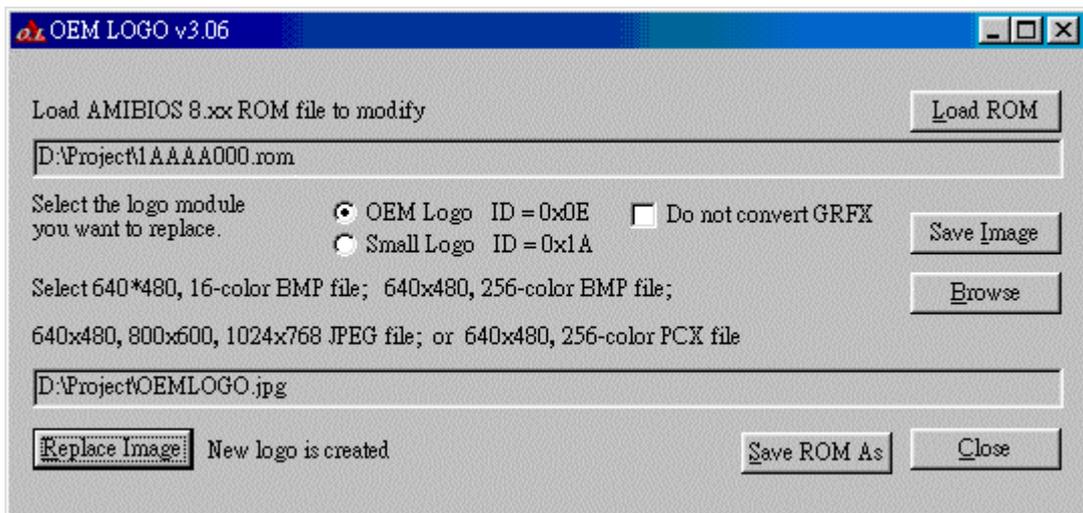
1. Click **Load ROM** button to load the BIOS ROM file which contained OEM Logo Module(0Eh) from disk drive.



2. Click **Browse** button to search for new Logo Image file from disk drive.



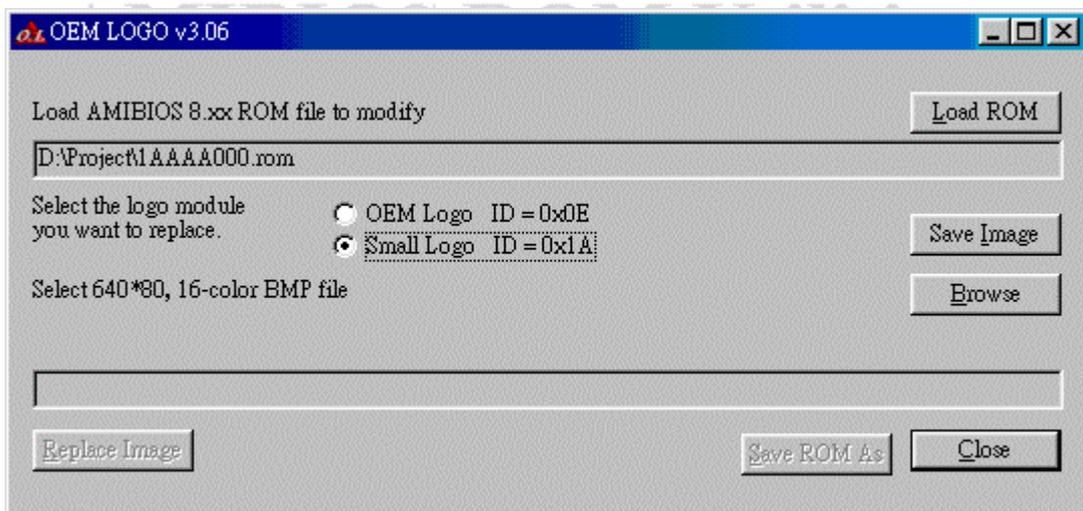
3. Click **Replace Image** button to change logo module. If the function works fine, *New logo is created* message will be displayed behind the button.



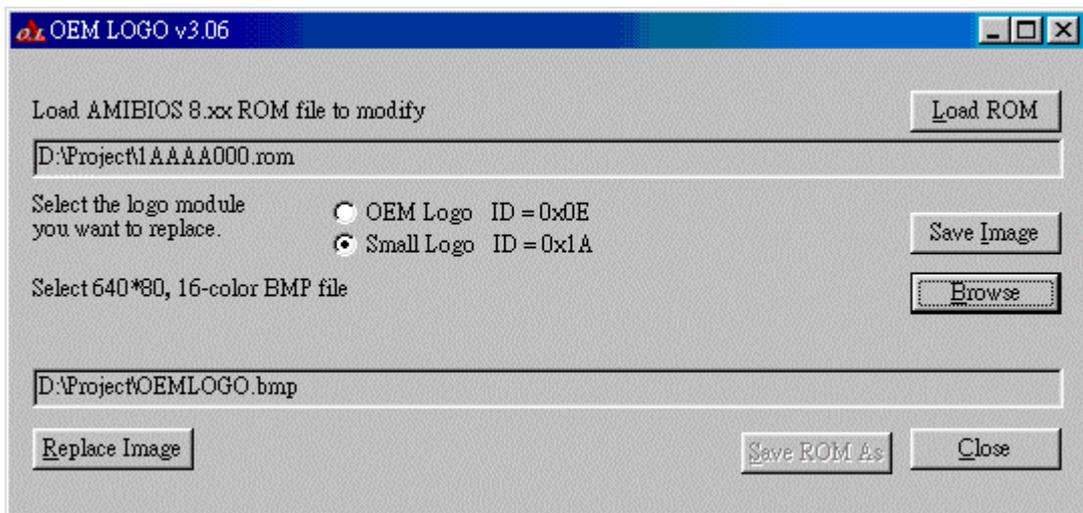
4. Click **Save ROM As** button to save new BIOS ROM file to disk drive.
5. Click **Close** button to exit program.

## Changing Small Logo

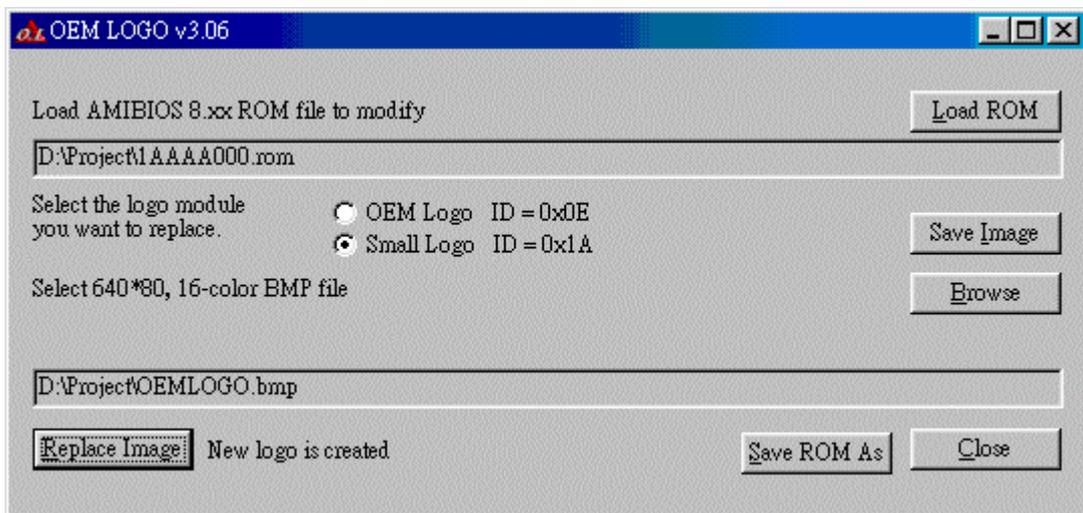
1. Click **Load ROM** button to load the BIOS ROM file which contained Small Logo Module(1Ah) from disk drive and choose **Small Logo ID=0x1A** option.



2. Click **Browse** button to search for new Logo Image file from disk drive.



3. Click **Replace Image** button to change logo module. If the function works fine, *New logo is created* message will be displayed in right of the button.



4. Click **Save ROM As** button to save new BIOS ROM file to disk drive.
5. Click **Close** button to exit program.

# Chapter 2 MMTOOL v3.xx

## Overview

---

MMTOOL is a Module Manipulation Tools with graphical user interface. It allows you to manage the BIOS modules that are contained in the BIOS ROM file.

---

## Features

---

This utility offers following features:

- Insert Module.
  - Replace Module.
  - Extract Module.
  - Delete Module.
  - Display ROM Information
  - Display/Change ROM Hole content
  - Display NCB Information
  - Edit CPU Micro Code Patches module
- 

## Requirements

---

### Supported Operating System

MMTOOL Utility is supported in the following operating systems:

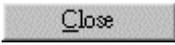
- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

The loaded BIOS ROM file should have the followings:

- The file MUST be an AMIBIOS ROM file (Core version 8.xx.xx only)
  - BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITTOOLS\_17” label or above.
-





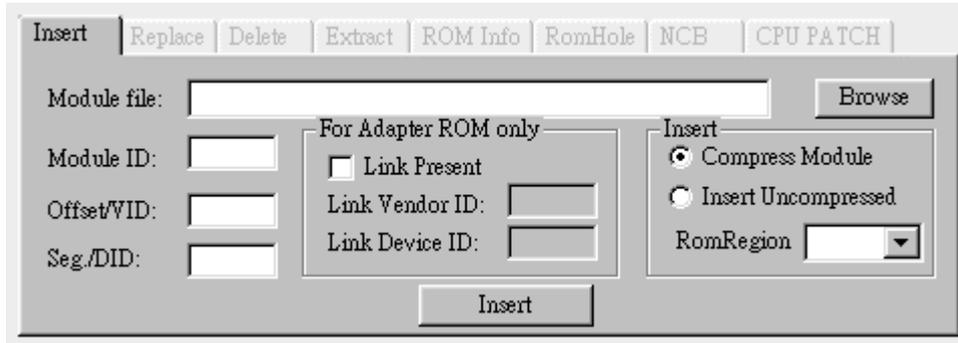
existing file name.

Click this button to exit the program.

## Function Frame

### Insert Module

The function allows you to add a new BIOS module into the BIOS ROM file.



### Field

Name	Description
Module File	This field is used to specify path/filename of new module file with extension.
Module ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Offset/VID	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Offset. This field is optional except when inserting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Vendor ID for the Adapter ROM. The default value for the Offset field is equal to zero. The value indicates that runtime location is dynamic.
Segment/DID	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Segment. This field is optional except when inserting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Device ID for the Adapter ROM. The default value for the Segment field is equal to zero. The value indicates that runtime location is dynamic.
Link Vendor ID	This field is used to enter the PCI vendor ID for the PCI device that uses the option ROM. <b>Note:</b> This field must be filled only if <i>Link Present</i> check box is selected. You must enter the vendor ID of the PCI device that shares the same option ROM with an existing device.
Link Device ID	This field is used to enter the PCI device ID for the PCI device that uses the option ROM. <b>Note:</b> This field must be filled only if <i>Link Present</i> check box is selected. You

Name	Description
	must enter the device ID of the PCI device that shares the same option ROM with an existing device.
RomRegion	<p>This field is used to insert the module into a Non-Critical region. User must be sure that region name is present in current BIOS ROM file, otherwise, the module will still insert to Main BIOS Image. You can type region name directly Or select an available region from drop-down menu.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>Non-Critical Block contains BIOS modules that do not prevent BIOS POST from completing its execution. Examples of Non-Critical Blocks are option ROM for onboard devices, logos, language modules, setup clients and user defined modules.</p>

Note: MMTOOL does not check to see if the module file is valid.

### Buttons

Icon	Description
	This button is used to search for a new module file from any storage location.
	This button is used to launch the insert module operation.

### Options

Name	Description
Link Present	This option(check box) is used to support multiple PCI devices with a single PCI adapter ROM. This option is only for PCI adapter ROM, thus, the Module ID is always fixed at 20h. User can input Linked Vendor ID/Device ID to share PCI adapter ROM with an existing one.
Compress Module	<p>This option is used to insert the new module in compact form.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>Some modules MUST be uncompressed, for example: BootBlock- Runtime interface, CPU MicroCode Or ROMID.</p>
Insert Uncompressed	This option is used to insert the module in its original form.

### Replace Module

This function allows you to substitute an existing BIOS module into BIOS ROM file with a new one.

## Field

Name	Description
Module File	This field is used to specify path/filename of new module file with extension.
Module ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Offset	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Offset. This field is optional except when replacing an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Vendor ID for the Adapter ROM.
Vendor ID	The default value for the Offset field is equal to zero. The value indicates that runtime location is dynamic.
Segment	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Segment. This field is optional except when replacing an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Device ID for the Adapter ROM.
Device ID	The default value for the Segment field is equal to zero. The value indicates that runtime location is dynamic.

## Buttons

Icon	Description
	This button is used to search for a new module file from any storage location.
	This button is used to launch the replace module operation.

## Delete Module

This function allows you to remove BIOS module from the BIOS ROM file.

Note: A delete module is no longer available in the BIOS ROM file and cannot be

recovered by using MMTOOL..

### Field

Name	Description
Module ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Offset	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Offset. This field is optional except when deleting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Vendor ID for the Adapter ROM.
Vendor ID	
Segment	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Segment. This field is optional except when deleting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the Device ID for the Adapter ROM.
Device ID	

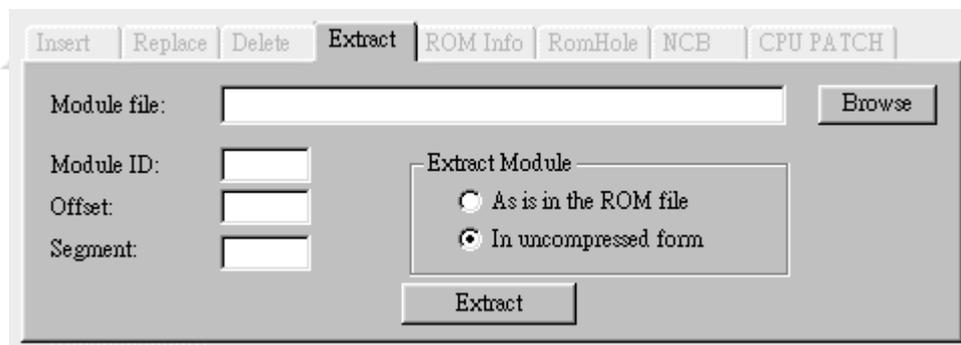
### Buttons

Icon	Description
	This button is used to launch the delete module operation.

Note: The original BIOS ROM file is not modified unless you use *Save ROM* button or the *Save ROM As* button to save changes.

### Extract Module

This function allows you to copy any BIOS module from the BIOS ROM file.

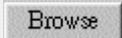
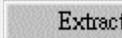


Note: The BIOS Module is saved to selected file.

### Field

Name	Description
Module File	This field is used to specify path/filename of new module file with extension.
Module ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Offset	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Offset. This field is optional except when extracting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the VendorID for the Adapter ROM.
Vendor ID	
Segment	This field is used to enter a new module runtime Segment. This field is optional except when extracting an Adapter ROM or Multilanguage modules. You must enter the DeviceID for the Adapter ROM.
Device ID	

## Buttons

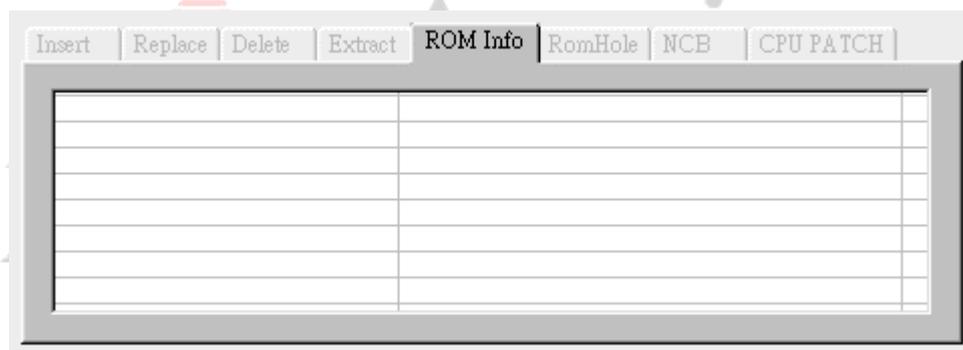
Icon	Description
	This button is used to search for a new module file from any storage location.
	This button is used to launch the extract module operation.

## Options

Name	Description
As is in ROM File	This option is used to extract module in the same way the module is present in BIOS ROM file.
In Uncompressed Form	This option is used to extract the module in its original form.

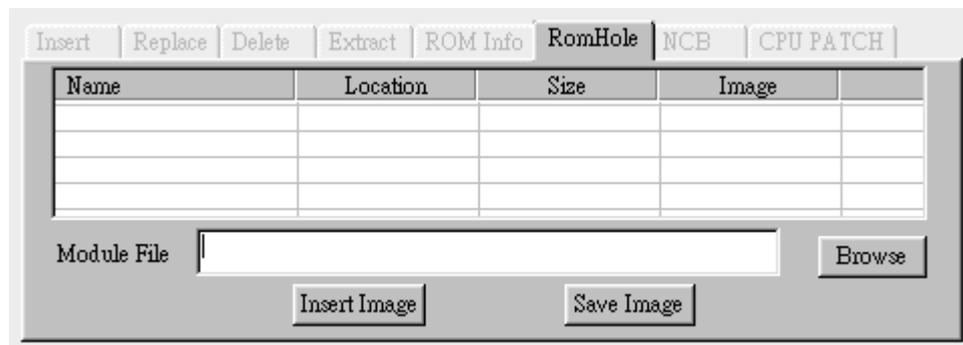
Note: Extracting a BIOS module will not affect the BIOS ROM file.

## ROM Information



Note: This sheet displays ROM related information except ROM Hole and NCB.

## ROM Hole

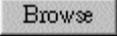
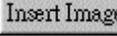
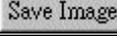


## Field

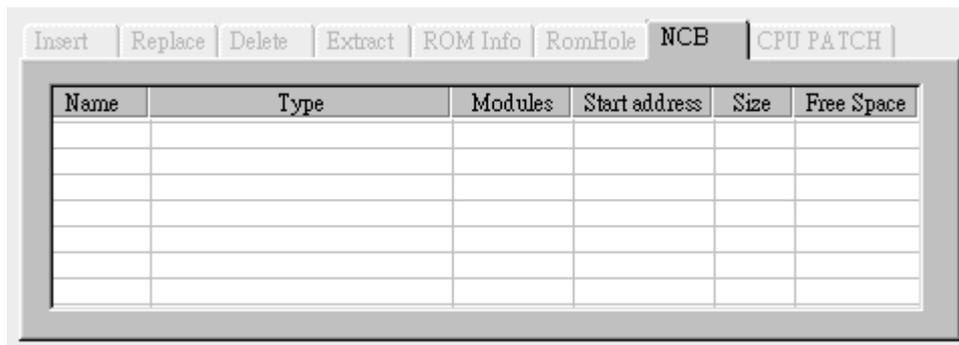
Name	Description
Name	This field displays ROM Hole number in BIOS ROM file.
Location	This field displays the start address of ROM Hole in BIOS ROM file.
Size	This field displays the ROM Hole size.

Name	Description
Image	If a ROM Hole contains data, this field displays “Yes”, or it will be “No”.

### Buttons

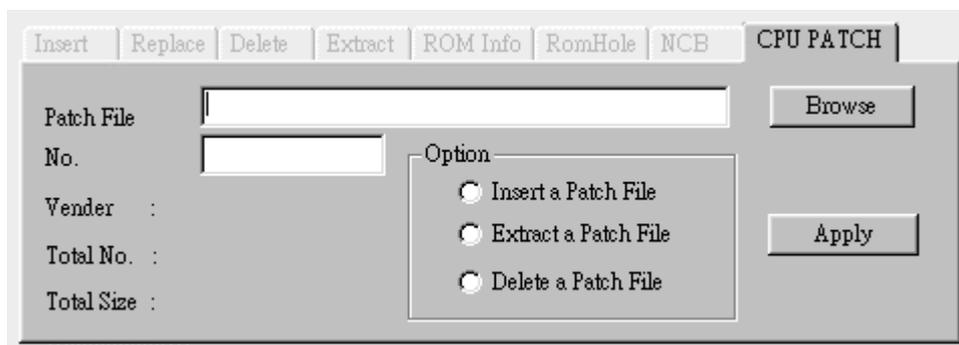
Icon	Description
	This button is used to search for a new image file from any storage location.
	This button is used to insert a new image into the marked ROM Hole.
	This button is used to save marked ROM Hole content into file.

### NCB Information



Field	Description
Name	This field displays the NCB Region Name for identification.
Type	This field displays the region type. Usually, it is either <i>Extended Boot Block region</i> or <i>Generic region</i> .
Modules	This field displays how many modules inside this region.
Start Address	This field displays region’s start address in BIOS ROM file.
Size	This field displays the region size in unit of byte.
Free Space	This field displays remaining size of the region.

### CPU Patch



### Field

Name	Description
Patch File	This field is used to specify path/filename of new patch file with extension.

Name	Description
No.	2-digits decimal patch data number in the CPU Micro Code Patches Module.
Vendor	Display the CPU manufacturer's name. This is a non-editable field.
Total No.	Display total patch data number. This is a non-editable field.
Total Size	Display total patch data size. This is a non-editable field.

### Buttons

Icon	Description
	This button is used to search for a new patch file from any storage location.
	This button is used to insert a new image into the marked ROM Hole.

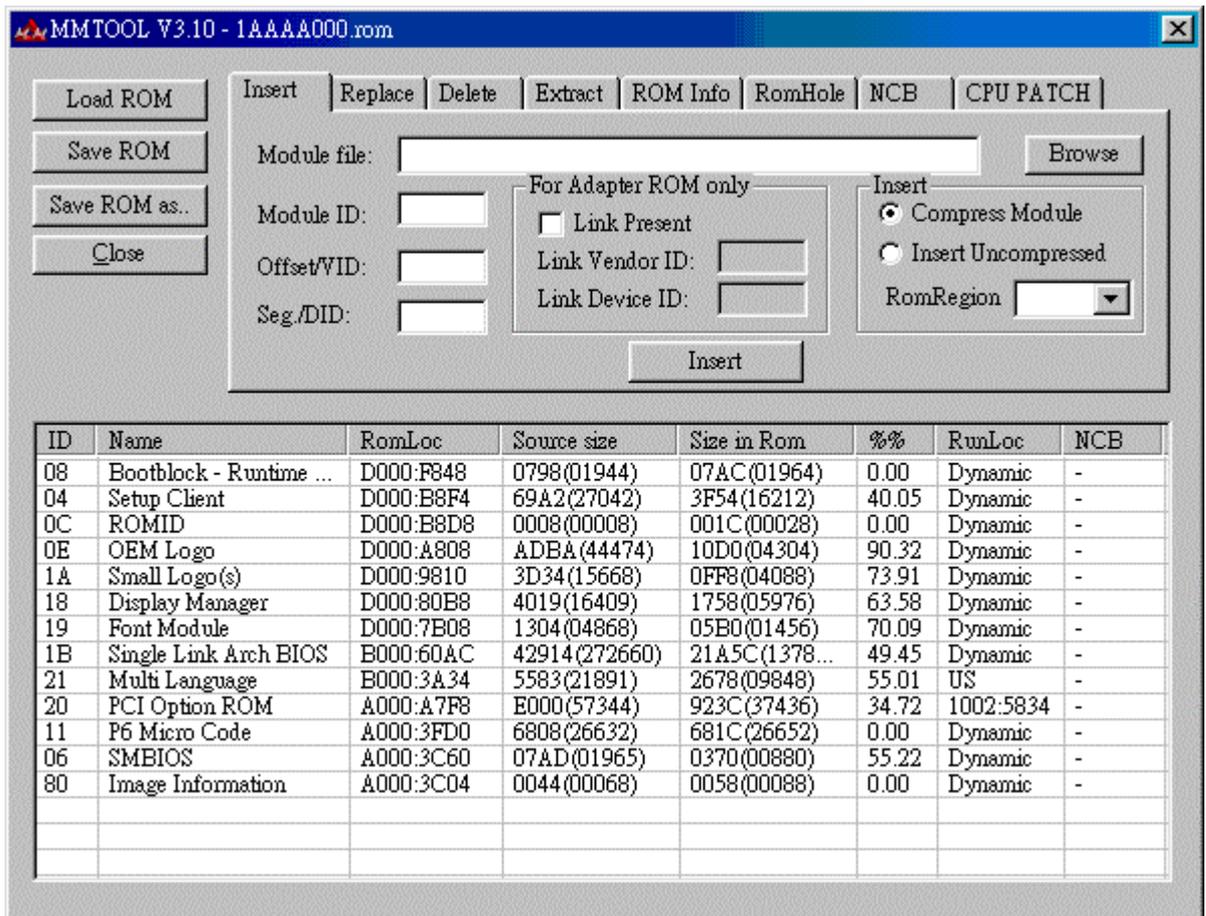
### Module Info Frame

ID	Name	RomLoc	Source size	Size in Rom	%%	RunLoc	NCB

Field	Description
ID	2-digits hexadecimal Module ID. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
Name	BIOS module name. See <a href="#">Appendix A Module ID Codes</a> for detail.
RomLoc	Module data location in BIOS ROM image.
Source Size	Original module data source size in unit of bytes..
Size in Rom	Actual module data size in unit of bytes in BIOS ROM image.
%%	This field displays the module's compressed ratio. Usually, 0.00 means the module is uncompressed and -- means it is a linked module.
RunLoc	This field displays the address where the module will be uncompressed. For PCI Adapter ROM Module(20h), it is VendorID and DeviceID. For Multilanguage Module(21h), it is language ID and flags.
NCB	This unique name identifies the Non-Critical Block. If present, the module will be inserted to the region.

### Functions

To use MMTOOL, you can double-click the executable file icon to open the operating window and press  button to load a BIOS ROM file:



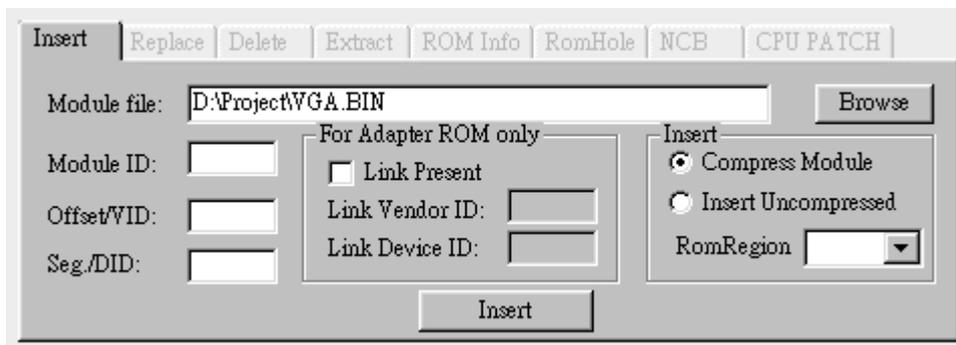
And refer the following steps to manipulate modules:

### Inserting Generic Module

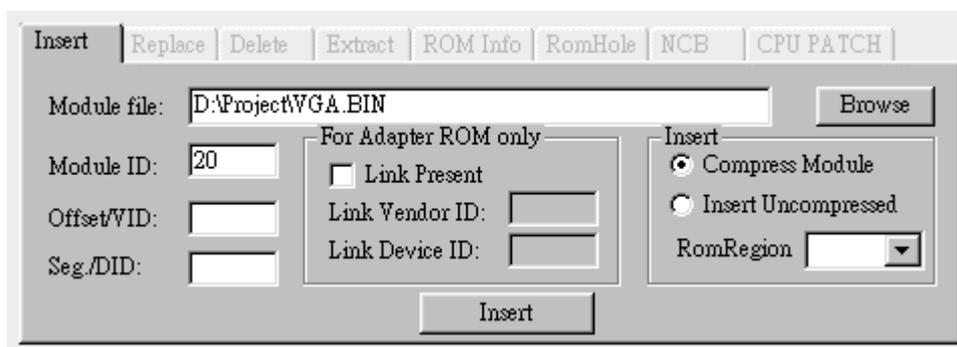
You can insert new BIOS module by following steps:

1. Switch to *Insert* tab and click  button to specify the new module file location

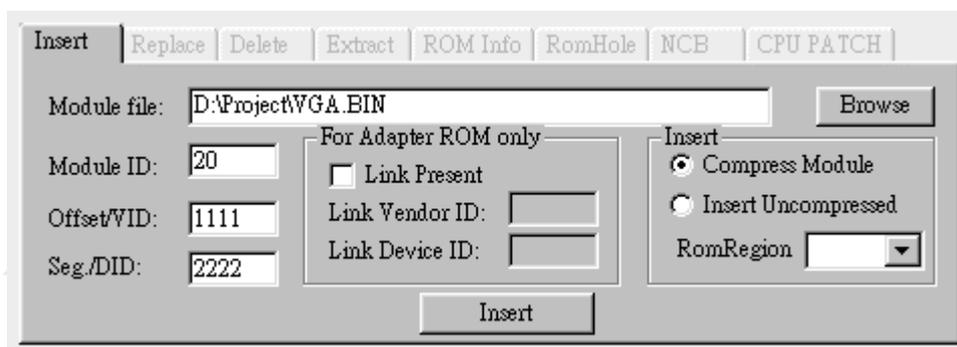
Or type the path and the file name in the *Module file* field.



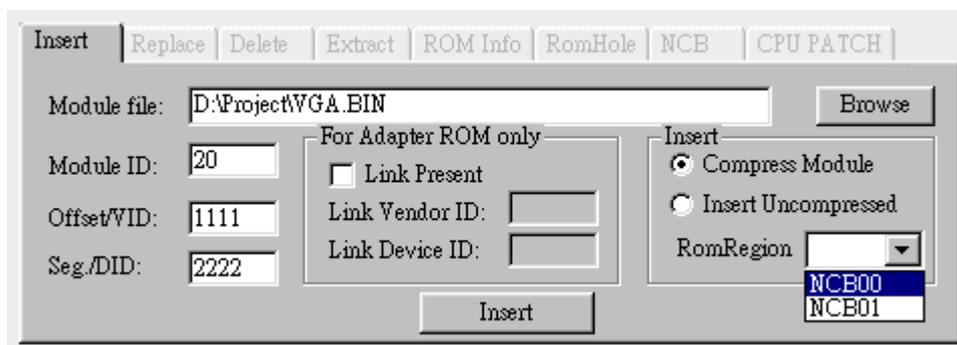
2. Type the new module ID into the *Module ID* field.



- Enter values in the *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* fields. These fields are optional except when inserting an Adapter ROM. You must enter the Vendor ID/Device ID for the Adapter ROM. **(If the specific module file is compliant with PCI Adapter ROM specification, MMT00L will find out relative Vendor ID/Device ID and fill in the fields as default value).** The default value for *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* field is equal to zero. It indicates that runtime location is dynamic.



- Select one of option buttons (*Compress Module* Or *Insert Uncompressed*) to decide how the new module is to be inserted. The default option is *Compress Module*. If you want to insert the module in a Non-Critical region, you can click  to open RomRegion Box and choose one of valid IDs.



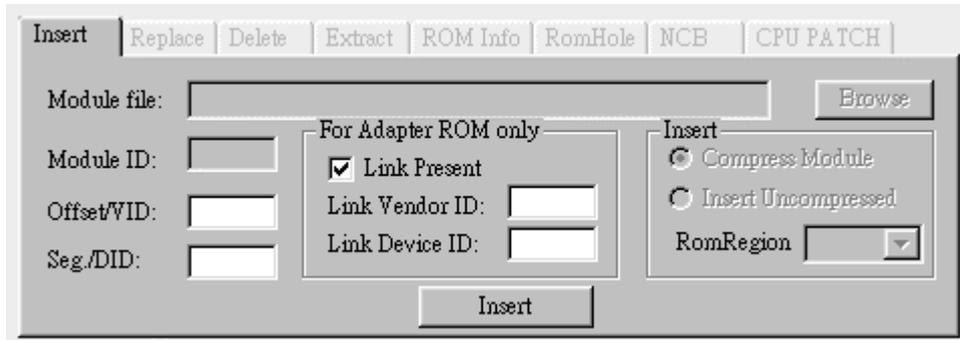
- Click  button to insert the new module into the BIOS ROM image.

Note: All fields in the *Insert Module* tab must be filled in properly before the *Insert* button is pressed.

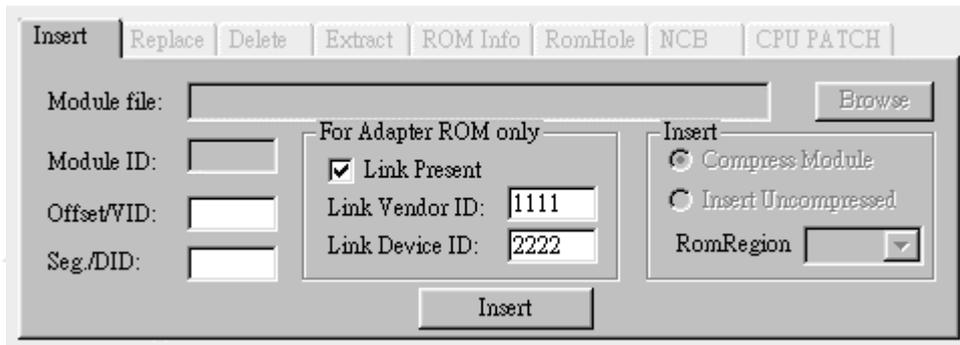
## Inserting Linked Module

You can insert new linked module by following steps:

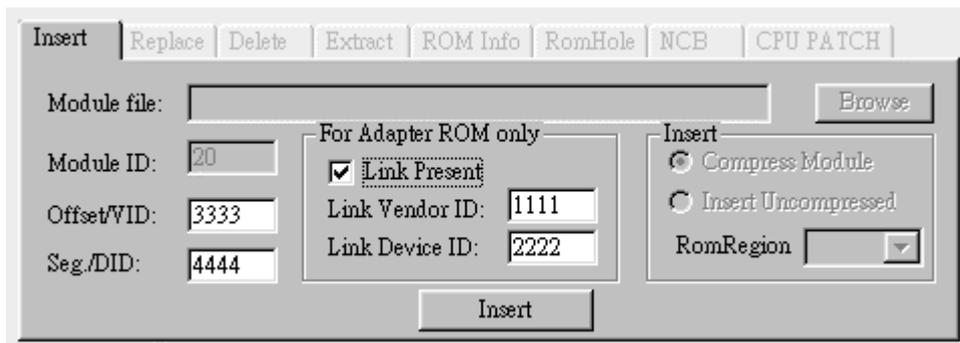
1. Switch to *Insert* tab and click on *Link Present* option button to enter linked module mode.

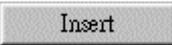


2. Enter values in the *Link Vendor ID* and *Link Device ID* fields. The IDs means the PCI device that shares the same option ROM with an existing device.



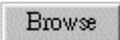
3. Enter Vendor ID and Device ID in the *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* fields to share the option ROM from existing device.



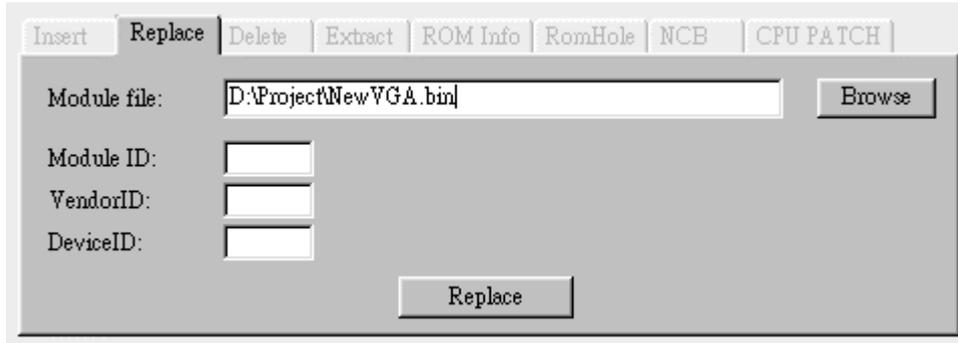
4. Click  button to insert the new module into the BIOS ROM image.

## Replacing Module

You can replace BIOS module by following steps:

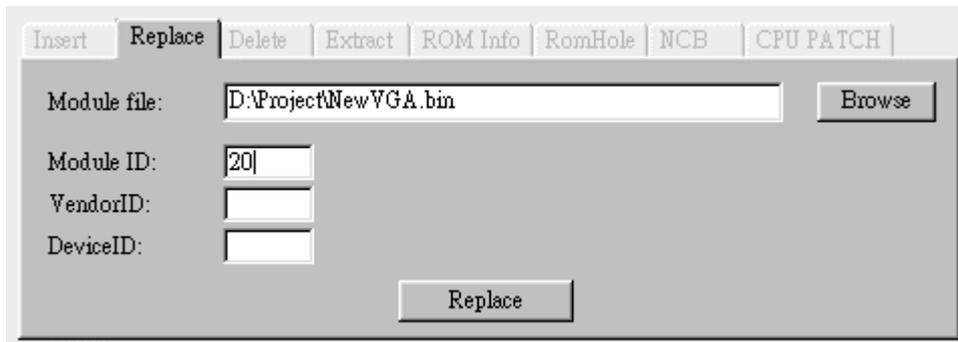
1. Switch to *Replace* tab and click  button to specify the new module file

location Or type the path and the file name in the *Module file* field.



The screenshot shows a software interface with several tabs: 'Insert', 'Replace', 'Delete', 'Extract', 'ROM Info', 'RomHole', 'NCB', and 'CPU PATCH'. The 'Replace' tab is active. Below the tabs, there are four input fields: 'Module file' (containing 'D:\Project\NewVGA.bin'), 'Module ID', 'VendorID', and 'DeviceID'. A 'Browse' button is next to the 'Module file' field. A 'Replace' button is located at the bottom center of the interface.

2. Type the new module ID into the *Module ID* field Or select the module to be deleted from the module info frame.



This screenshot is similar to the previous one, but the 'Module ID' field now contains the value '20'. The other fields and buttons remain the same.

3. If you select the module to be replaced from the module info frame, just ignore this step. Otherwise, enter values in the *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* fields. These fields are optional except when replacing an Adapter ROM. You must enter the Vendor ID/Device ID for the Adapter ROM. The default value for *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* field is equal to zero. It indicates that runtime location is dynamic.



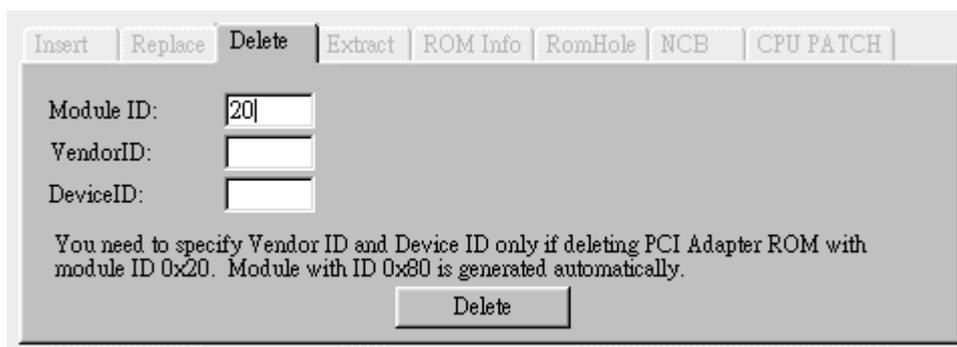
This screenshot shows the 'Module ID' field with '20', 'VendorID' with '1111', and 'DeviceID' with '2222'. The 'Replace' button is still present at the bottom.

4. Click  button to replace the existing module with new module file. The new module will be inserted into the BIOS ROM image.

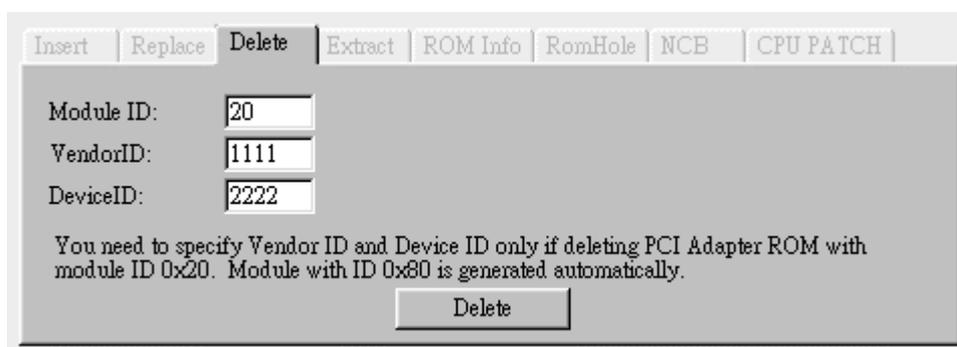
## Deleting Module

You can delete BIOS module by following steps:

1. Switch to *Delete* tab and type the module ID into the *Module ID* field Or select the module to be deleted from the module info frame.



2. If you select the module to be deleted from the module info frame, just ignore this step. Otherwise, enter values in the *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* fields. These fields are optional except when deleting an Adapter ROM. You must enter the Vendor ID/Device ID for the Adapter ROM.



3. Click  button to remove the module from the BIOS ROM image.

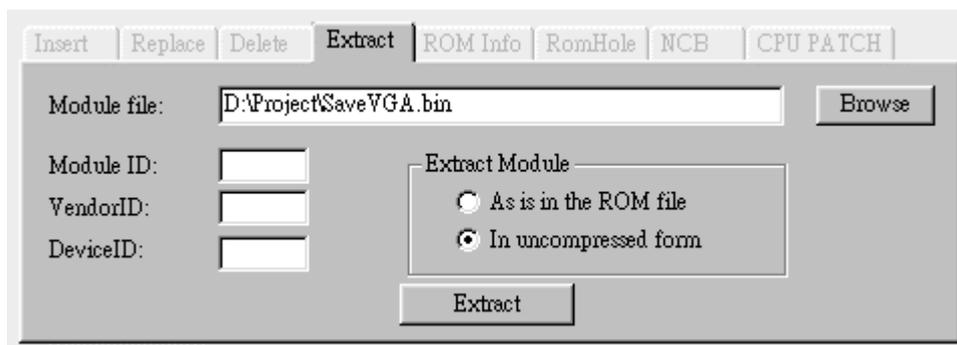
Note: Deleting a BIOS module can cause critical BIOS errors. It can also cause the BIOS to halt the system.

## Extracting Module

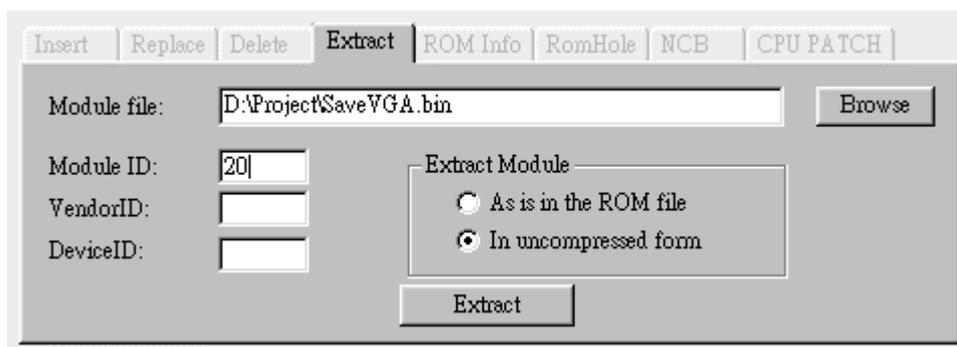
You can extract BIOS module by following steps:

1. Switch to *Extract* tab and click  button to select output module file location

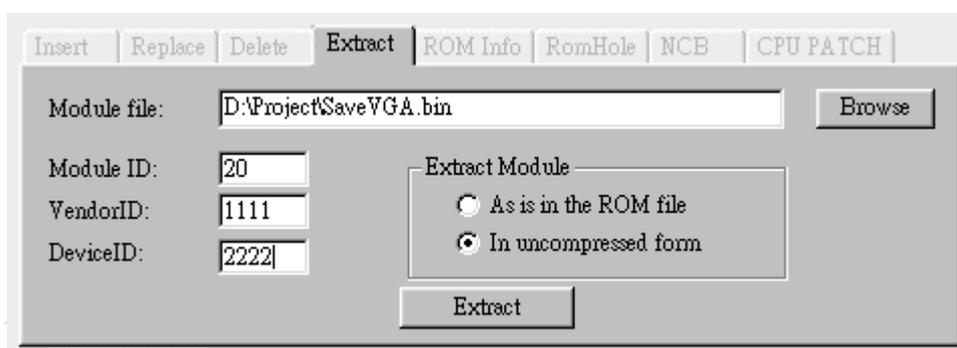
Or type the path and the file name in the *Module file* field.

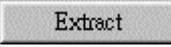


2. Type the new module ID into the *Module ID* field Or select the module to be extracted from the module info frame.



3. If you select the module to be deleted from the module info frame, just ignore this step. Otherwise, enter values in the *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* fields. These fields are optional except when replacing an Adapter ROM. You must enter the Vendor ID/Device ID for the Adapter ROM. The default value for *Offset/VID* and *Segment/DID* field is equal to zero. It indicates that runtime location is dynamic.



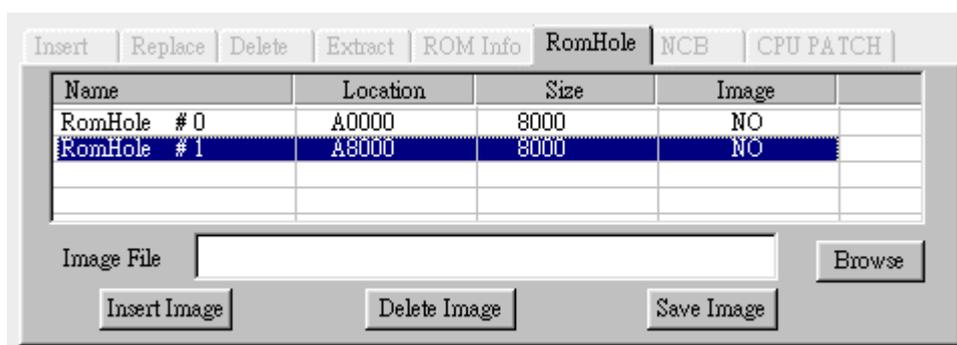
4. Select one of option buttons (*As is in the ROM file* Or *In uncompressed form*) to decide how the module is to be extracted. The default option is *In uncompressed form*.
5. Click  button to extract the existing module.

Note: It is recommended to extract the module in uncompressed form. BIOS module must not be compressed twice.

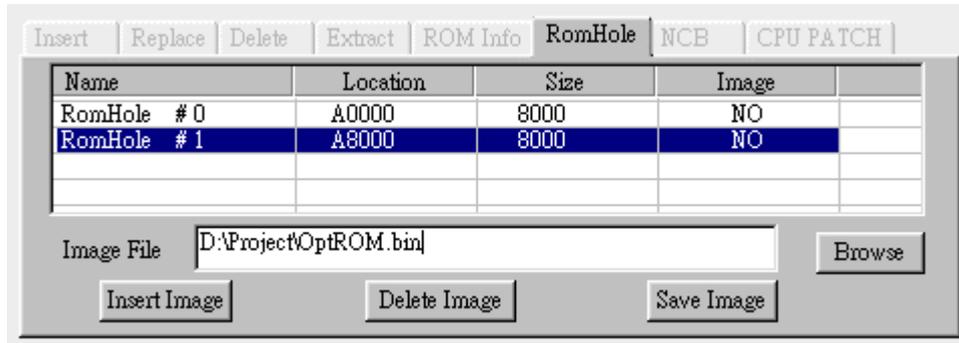
## Inserting image into a ROM Hole

You can insert new image into ROM Hole by following steps:

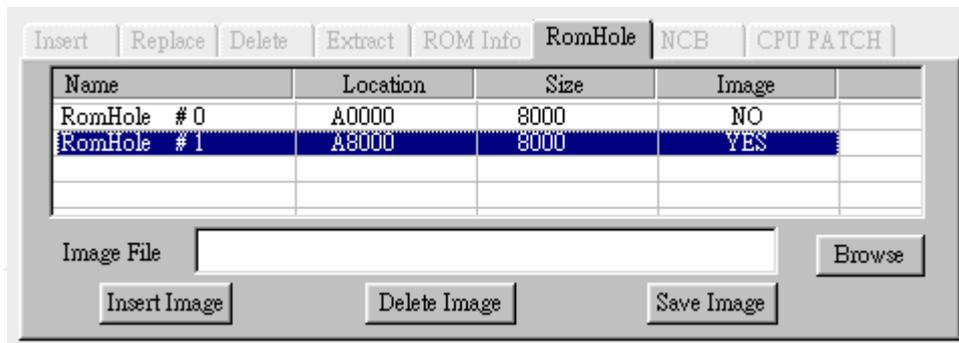
1. Switch to *ROMHole* tab and select a target ROM Hole on the list.



- Click  button to select input image file location Or type the path and the file name in the *Image File* field.



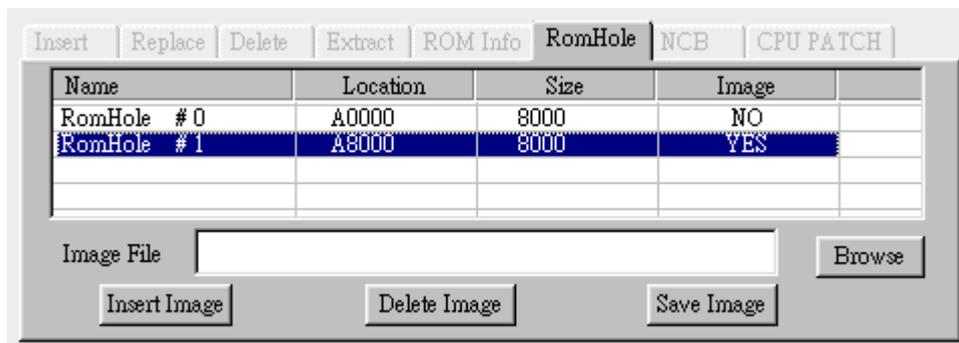
- Click  button to insert new image into target ROM Hole. If the operation is successful, the *Image* field will be display “YES”.



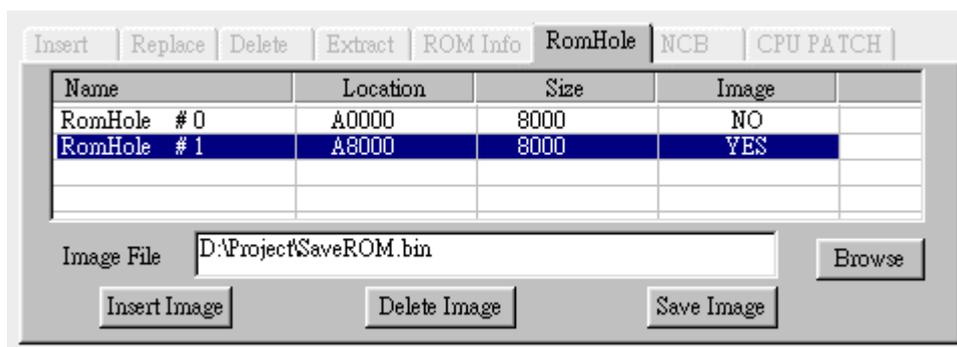
## Saving ROM Hole image to file

You can save ROM Hole image to file by following steps:

- Switch to *ROMHole* tab and select a target ROM Hole on the list.



- Click  button to select output image file location Or type the path and the file name in the *Image File* field.

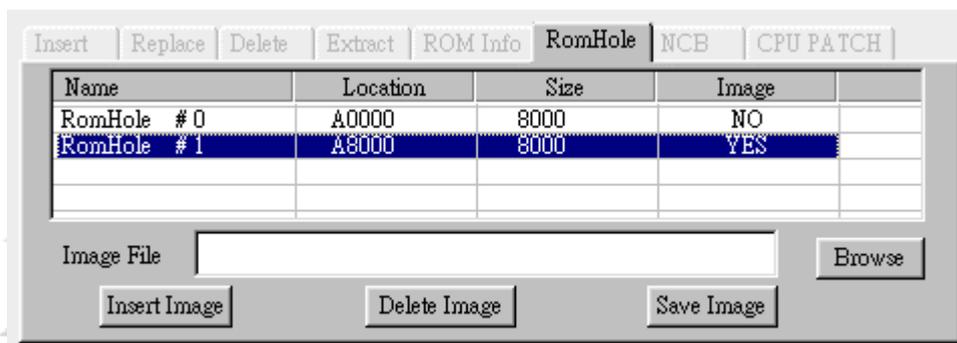


3. Click **Save Image** button to save image to file.

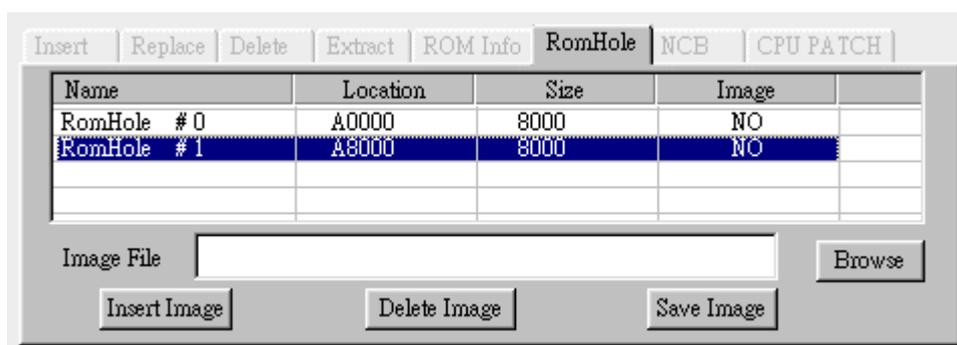
## Deleting ROM Hole image

You can delete ROM Hole image by following steps:

4. Switch to *ROMHole* tab and select a target ROM Hole on the list.



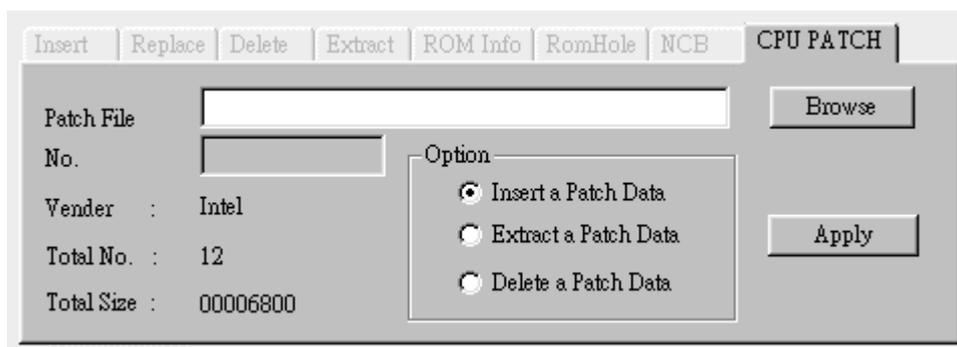
5. Click **Delete Image** button to delete target ROM Hole image. If the operation is successful, the *Image* field will be display “NO”.

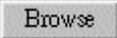


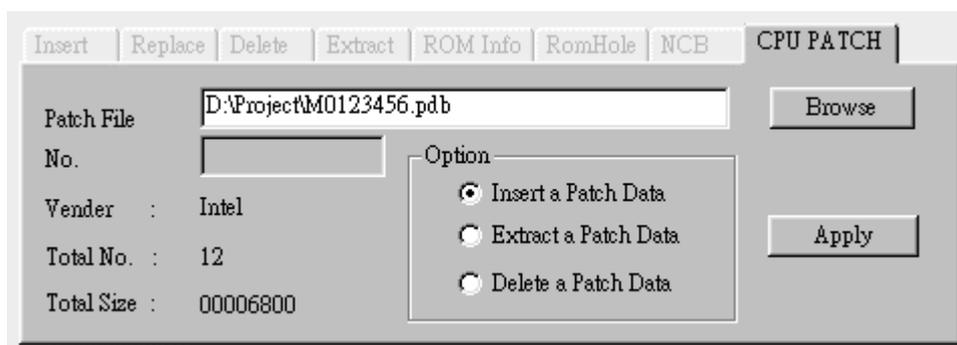
## Inserting a patch data

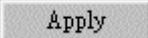
You can insert a patch data into CPU MicroCode Patch module by following steps:

1. Switch to *CPUPatch* tab and enable *Insert a Patch Data* at Option block.



2. Click  button to select input patch file location Or type the path and the file name in the *Patch File* field.

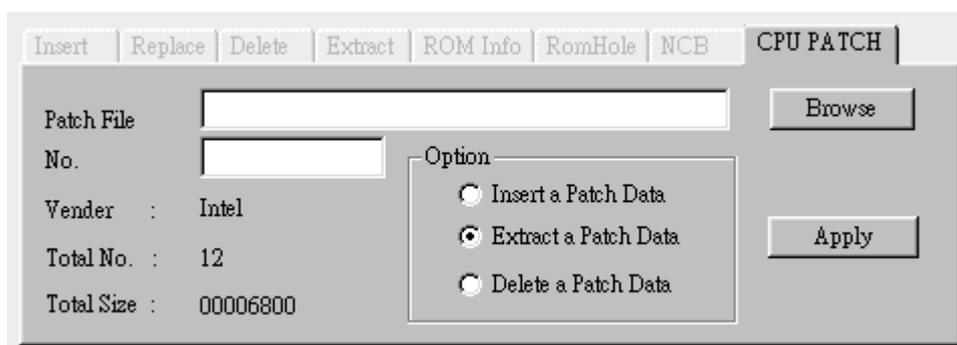


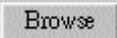
3. Click  button to insert the patch data.

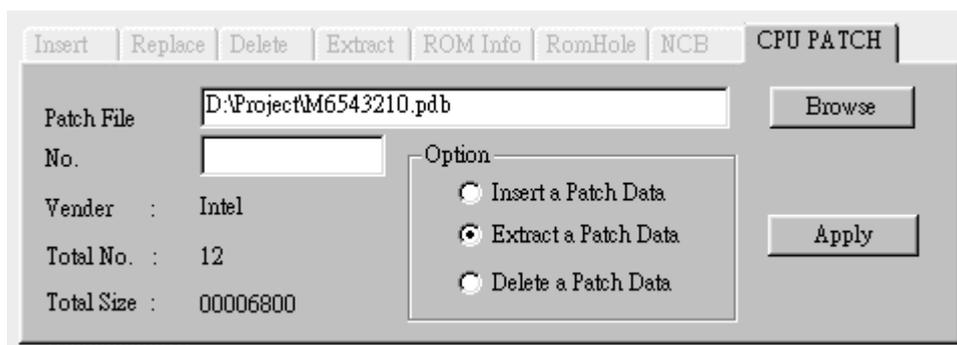
### Extracting a patch data

You can extract a patch data from CPU MicroCode Patch module by following steps:

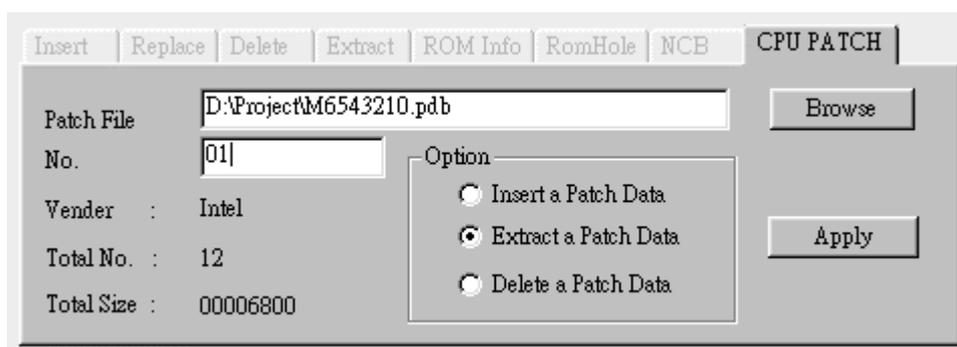
1. Switch to *CPUPatch* tab and enable *Extract a Patch Data* at Option block.



2. Click  button to select output patch file location Or type the path and the file name in the *Patch File* field.



3. Type the new patch number into *No.* field Or select patch data from the CPU MicroCode Patch info frame.

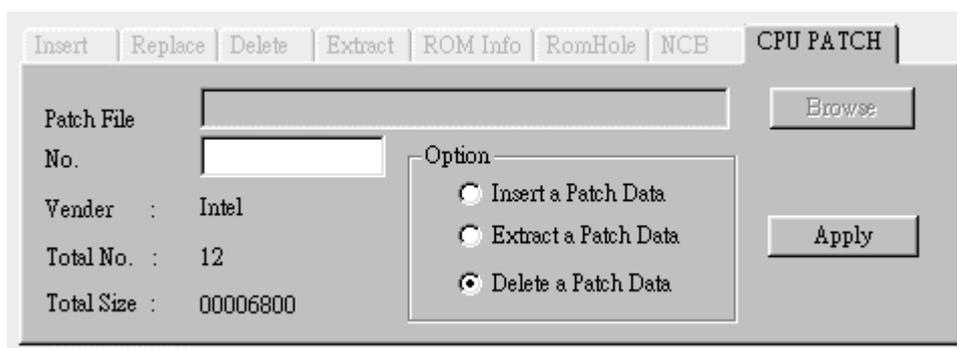


4. Click  button to extract target patch data.

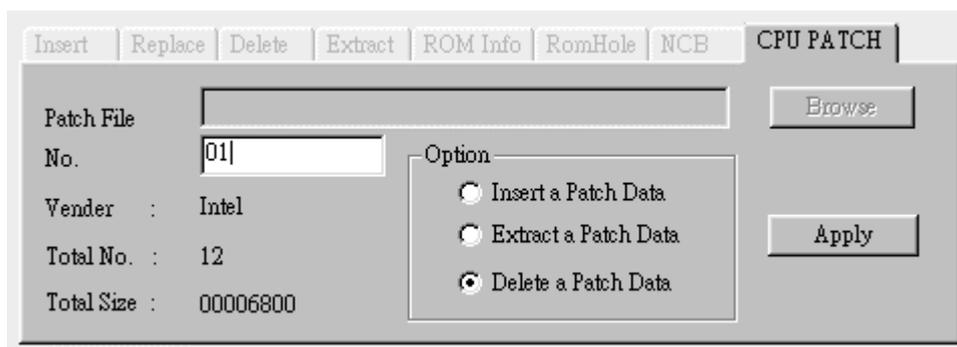
### Deleting a patch data

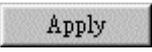
You can delete a patch data from CPU MicroCode Patch module by following steps:

1. Switch to *CPUPatch* tab and enable *Delete a Patch Data* at Option block.

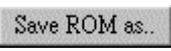


2. Type the new patch number into *No.* field Or select patch data from the CPU MicroCode Patch info frame.



3. Click  button to delete target patch data.

### **Saving changes & Exiting**

After all necessary operations finished, press  Or  button to save new BIOS ROM image to file or all changes will be ignored.



# Chapter 3 AMIBCP v3.xx

## Overview

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AMIBCP stands for American Megatrends BIOS Configuration Program. It provides you, the OEM or system integrator, with an easy way to customize some of the AMIBIOS features without coding. This means that you do not have to contact American Megatrends every time a minor change has to be made in your system's AMIBIOS.

With AMIBCP, you can customize your AMIBIOS. This can speedup system development and allow you a greater degree of freedom in adding or changing system features.

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## Features

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This utility offers following features:

- Configure the AMIBIOS System Setup.
  - Edit the Registers Tables.
  - Edit PCI IRQ Routing Table.
  - View AMIBIOS Features, CPU Microcode Patches, Edit Minor Version Number, Sign on message and OEM data
  - View and Edit AMIBIOS String.
  - View and Modify AMIBIOS DMI Tables.
  - SETUP screen layout
- 

## Requirements

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### Supported Operating System

AMIBCP Utility is supported in the following operating systems:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

The loaded BIOS ROM file should have the followings:

- The file MUST be an AMIBIOS ROM file (Core version 8.xx.xx only)

- BIOS ROM file should be building via “8.00.08\_AMITTOOLS\_17” label or above.

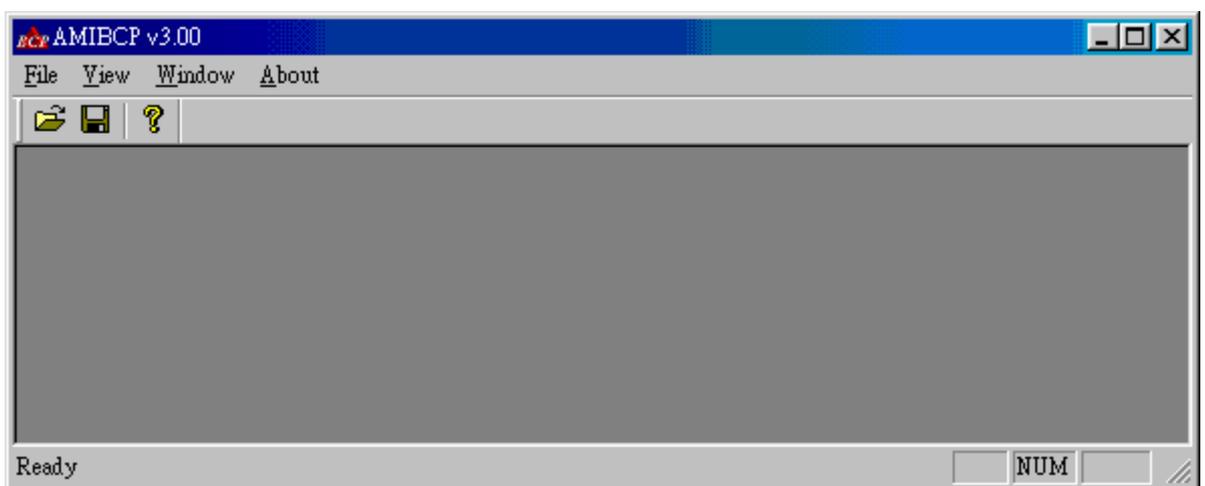
## Getting Started

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### Installation

Copies the *AMIBCP.EXE* executable file to any storage location accessible by the host system and then double-click **AMIBCP** icon Or type **AMIBCP** in command prompt to run.

### Main Window



### Menu Bar

## User Guide

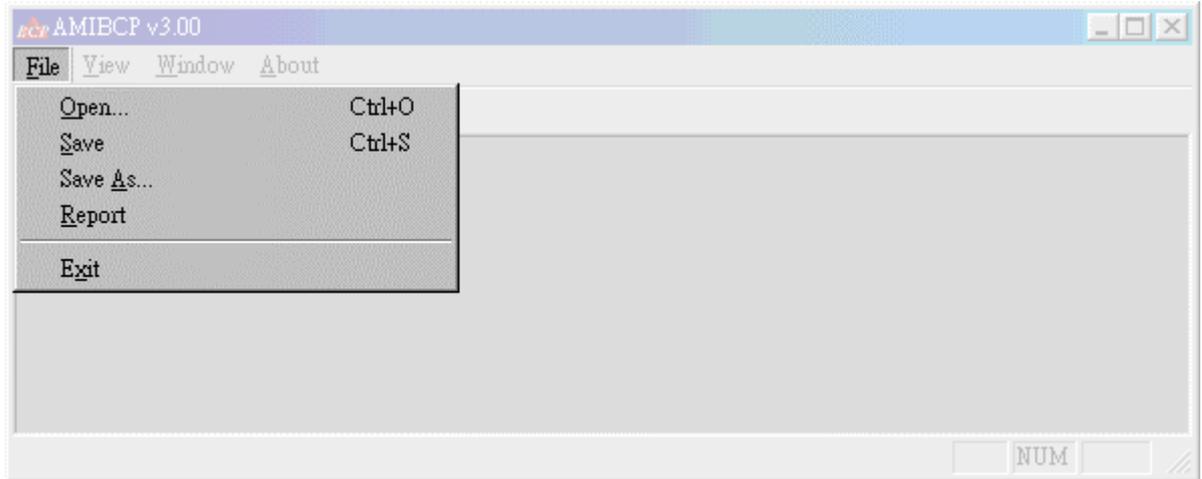
The *Menu bar* is located at the top of the AMIBCP window. The *Menu bar* contains the following:

- File drop-down menu
- View drop-down menu
- Window drop-down menu. This menu can be shown only when BIOS ROM loaded.
- About



## File drop-down menu options

When you click on *File*, the *File* menu drops down as shown in the following:

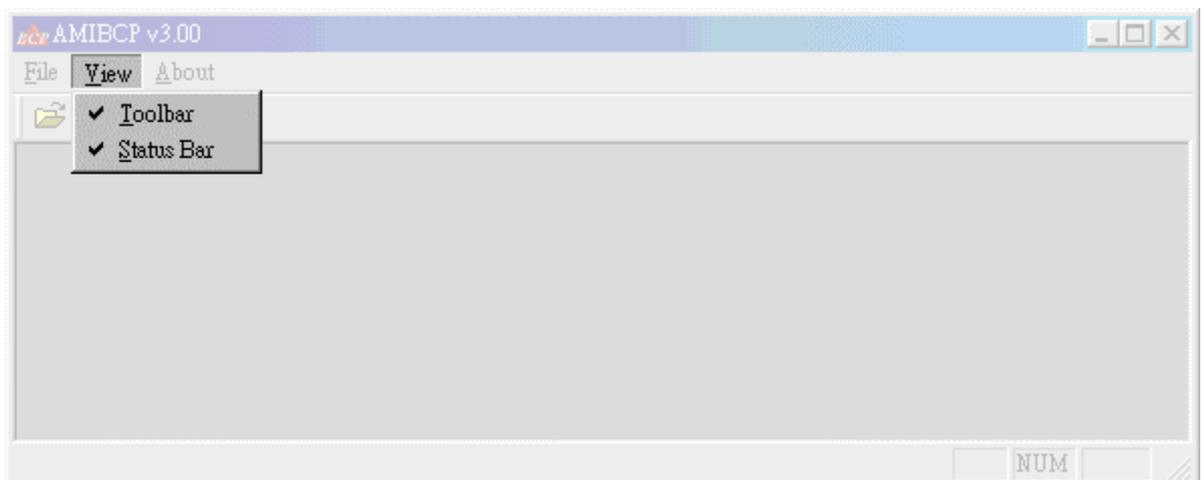


The *File* drop down menu item are explained in the following table:

File Menu Item List	
Name	Description
Open	Open an AMIBIOS ROM file.
Save	Save any changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file.
Save As	Same feature as Save menu item. In addition, it also allows you to specify the location and to change the existing file name.
Report	Generates a report for current AMIBIOS ROM file. All of the BIOS information will write to specific path/filename.
Exit	Quit program.

## View drop-down menu options

When you click on *View*, the *View* menu drops down as shown in the following:



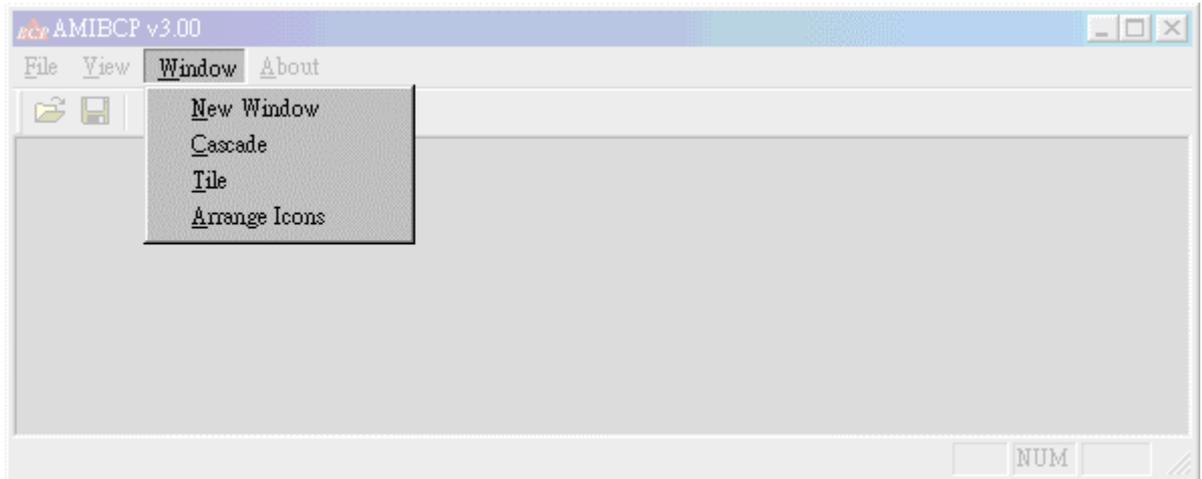
The *View* drop down menu item are explained in the following table:

View Menu Item List
---------------------

Name	Description
Toolbar	Display or hide the <i>Toolbar</i> . The <i>Toolbar</i> is displayed under the <i>Menu bar</i> .
Status Bar	Display or hide the <i>Status Bar</i> . The <i>Status Bar</i> is displayed at the bottom of the AMIBCP window.

### Window drop-down menu options

When you click on *Window*, the *Window* menu drops down as shown in the following:

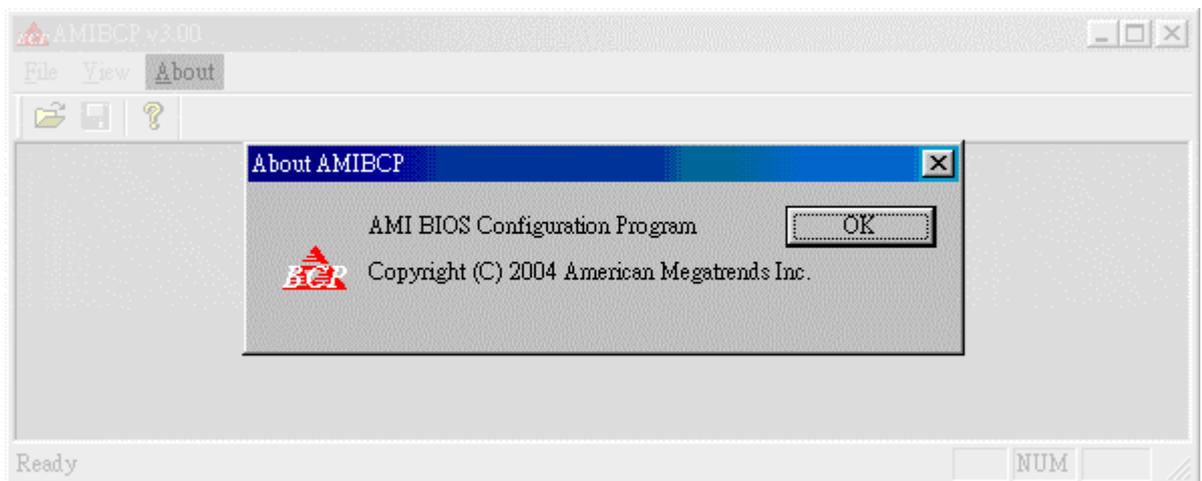


The *Window* drop down menu item are explained in the following table:

Window Menu Item List	
Name	Description
New Window	Open current AMIBIOS ROM to a new window.
Cascade	Arrange the AMIBIOS ROM windows so that they overlap one another.
Tile	Display AMIBIOS ROM windows at the same time.
Arrange Icons	Automatically arrange the icons.

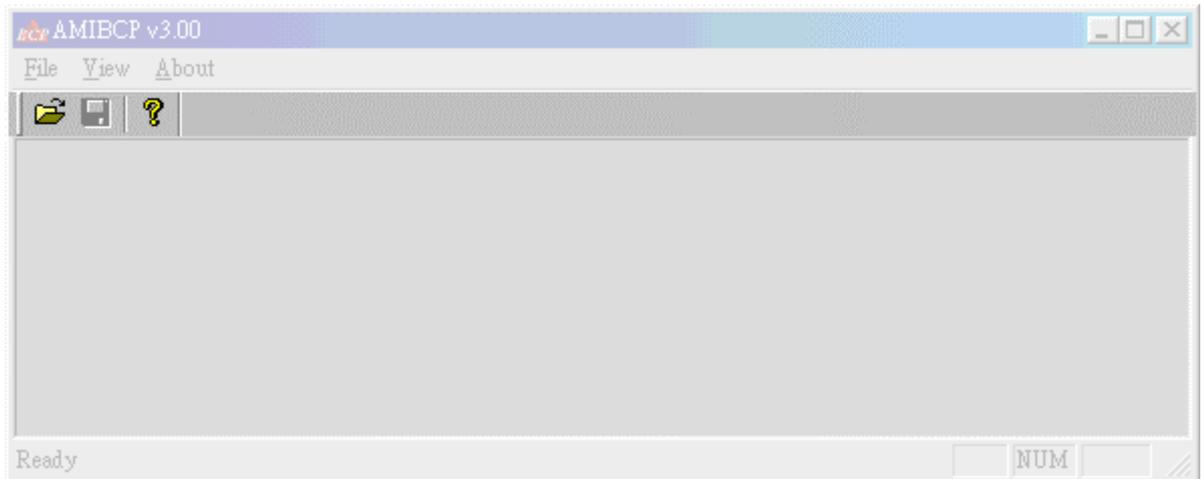
### About

When you click on *About*, AMIBCP copyrights information will be shown as below:



## Toolbar

The *Toolbar* is located under the *Menu bar*. It contains three icons:



The *Toolbar* icons are explained in the following table:

Toolbar Icon List	
Icon	Description
	Open an AMIBIOS ROM file.
	Save any changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file.
	Display AMIBCP copyrights information.

## Body Frame

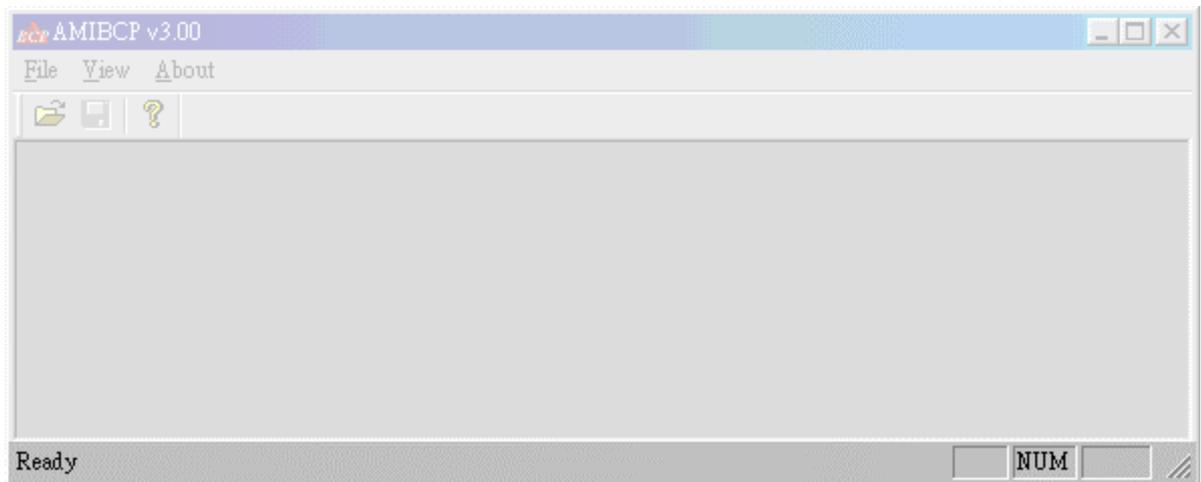
The *Body Frame* is the main frame of AMIBCP. It is located under the *Menu bar* and *Toolbar*. The AMIBCP main functions are displayed in the body frame screen.



## Status Bar

The *Status bar* is located under *Body Frame*. The left area of the *Status Bar* describes actions of menu items as you use the arrow keys to navigate through menus. The right area of the *Status Bar* indicates if any of the following keys are latched:

Item	Description
CAP	The <b>Caps Lock</b> key is latched down.
NUM	The <b>Num Lock</b> key is latched down.
SCRL	The <b>Scroll Lock</b> key is latched down.

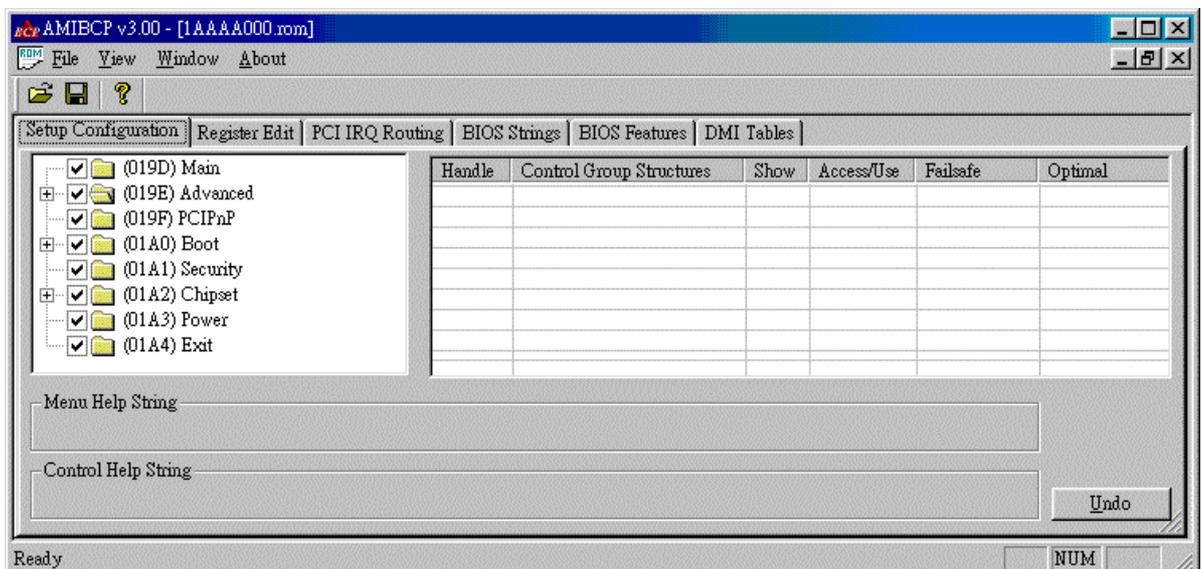


## Functions

To use AMIBCP, you can double-click the executable file icon to open [Main Window](#) and press  on *Toolbar* to open an AMIBIOS ROM file.

AMIBCP allows you to view and modify the AMIBIOS ROM file image. You can perform various actions using the following configuration tabs:

- Setup Configuration Tab
- Register Editing Tab
- PCI IRQ Routing Tab
- BIOS Features Tab
- BIOS Strings Tab
- DMI Tables Tab

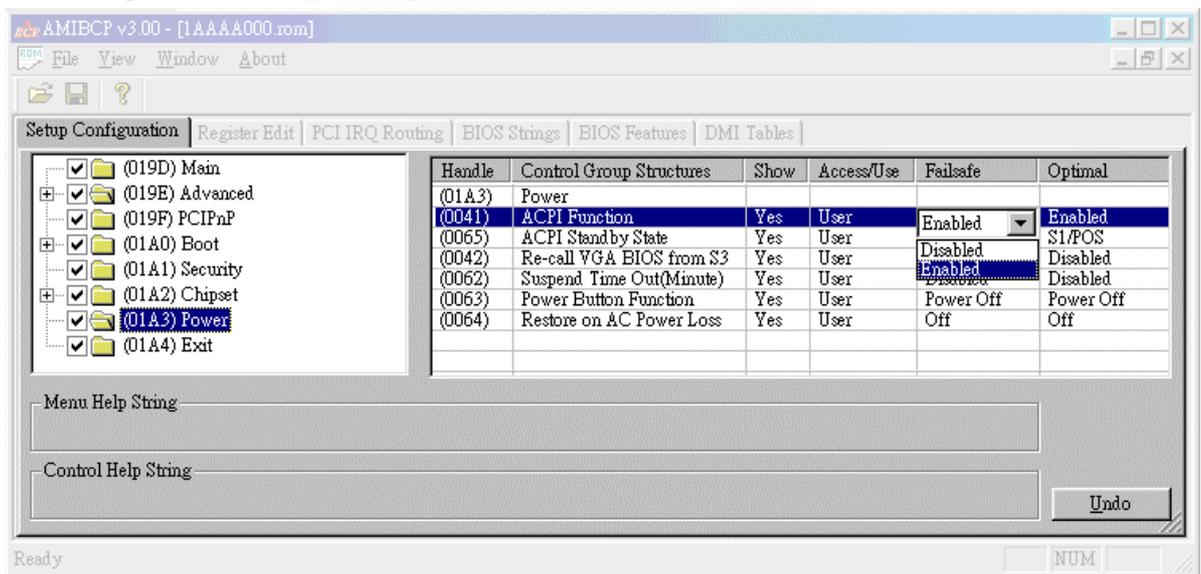


## Setup Configuration Tab

The *Setup Configuration* tab allows you to change the settings for AMIBIOS setup options. To change settings, just double-click on the field/check box what you want to do. Currently, you can perform the following actions:

- Edit the control group structure names
- Show Or hide setup screen and setup questions
- Modify access levels and usage
- Edit failsafe and optimal values
- Change SETUP screen layout

An example of the *Setup Configuration* tab is shown below:



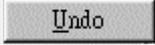
## Fields

The *Setup Configuration* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
Handle	This field displays the setup item's string number in <i>BIOS strings</i> . This is a read-only field.
Control Group Structures	This field allows you to modify the setup item's name that appears in the AMIBIOS setup screen.
Show	This field allows you to display or hide a particular setup item from the AMIBIOS setup screen.
Access/Use	This field allows you to control the access levels and usage of setup item.
Failsafe	This field allows you to program the setup item with the safest possible settings that can be used if the system behaves erratically.
Optimal	This field allows you to program the setup item with the best system performance settings.

## Buttons

The *Setup Configuration* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings. <b>Note:</b> This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.

## Menu Help String

This area displays the help string for individual setup menu. When you select a menu item on Setup Menu list, the help message will be shown here.

## Control Help String

This area displays the help string for individual setup item. When you select an item on Control Group Structures list, the help message will be shown here.

## Setup Structures

The Setup Structures consists of setup controls, such as questions, date, time, password, and setup control group items.

Example of Setup Structures are shown in the following table:

Field/Check Box	Description
Setup Controls	For setup questions, you can modify the show, access/use, failsafe and optimal fields. Setup questions strings can be edited. For the date, time and password controls, you can modify the show and access/use fields. <b>Note:</b> Setup question strings can be edited or replaced in the BIOS Strings tab
Control Group Items	For the separator control group item, you can modify the show field and type of separator to display (blank line/single, thin line/double or thick line). For the static-text control group item, you can modify the show field and usage (normal/title). For the dynamic-text control group item, you can modify the show field and refresh on/off value of the dynamic text (refresh or no refresh). <b>Note:</b> If the refresh option is selected, the text refreshes once per second.

## Using the Setup Configuration Tab

You can use the *Setup Configuration* tab by following steps:

1. Select a setup screen and a sub setup screen.

For Example: Advanced -> Super IO Configuration

Note: Some of the setup screen does not have sub setup screen.

2. Click on *Show*, *Access level*, *Fail-safe* or *Optional* fields to modify setup options.

Note: When modifying Failsafe/Optional fields, some items does have only list of numbers. These items are implemented using AMIBIOS external functions. Its required executing AMIBIOS code is used to define the list of all possible options for setup items. These fields are filled with numeric identifiers because external functions are not available after booting.

3. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can lick on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

## Changing SETUP screen layout in Setup Configuration Tab

You can change SETUP screen layout in *Setup Configuration* tab by following steps:

### • Menu Item layout

1. Choose a Menu Item you want to move on left side of *Setup Configuration tab*.
2. Click and hold on left button of mouse.
3. Drop the chosen Menu Item to new place.

While the dropping operation is under running, you may see following icons:

Icon	Description
	This icon indicates the chosen Menu Item will be subordinate to the focus item.
	This icon indicates the chosen Menu Item will be having same rank with the focus item.
	This icon indicates the chosen Menu Item may not move to the place where you like.

### • Question Item layout in same Menu

1. Choose a Menu Item on left side of *Setup Configuration tab*.
2. Choose a Question Item you want to move on right side of *Setup Configuration tab*
3. Click and hold on left button of mouse
4. Drop the chosen Question Item to new place.

- **Question Item layout between Menus**

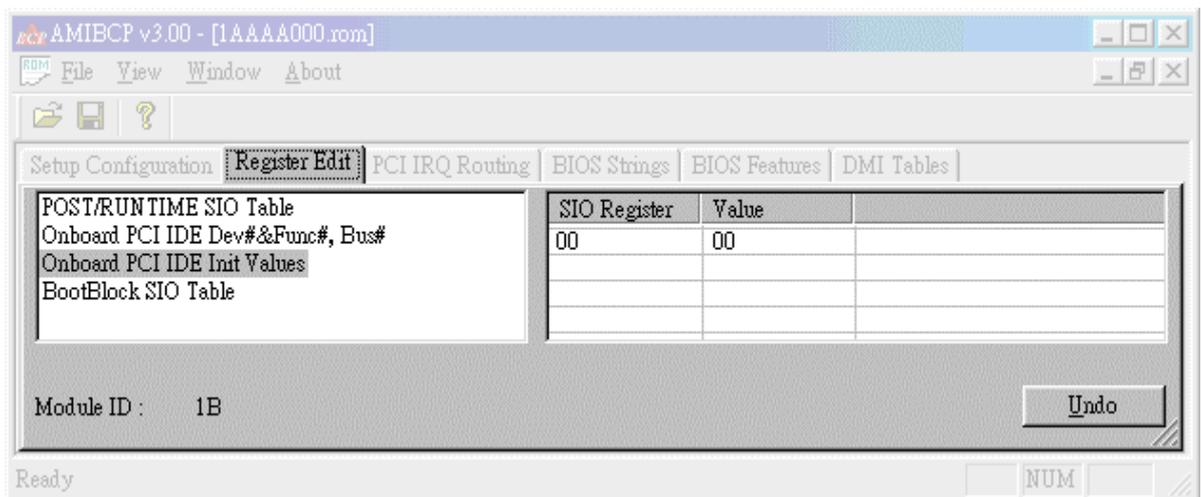
1. Choose a Menu Item on left side of *Setup Configuration tab*.
2. Choose a Question Item you want to move on right side of *Setup Configuration tab*.
3. Click right button of mouse to *Cut* the target Question Item.
4. Choose the Menu Item you like on left side of *Setup Configuration tab*.
5. Click right button of muse on right side of *Setup Configuration tab* to *Paste* the cut Question Item.

## Register Edit Tab

The *Register Edit* tab allows you to edit the AMIBIOS register tables. Each table contains register, data, or other fields that can be edited.

Note: Depending on a particular BIOS table, more than two columns can be used.

An example of the *Register Edit* tab is shown below:



## Fields

The *Register Edit* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
Register	This field allows you to change the register address of a particular device or chipset.
Data	This field allows you to change the values to be programmed into the device or chipset.
Undo	This button allows you to restore the original register values.

## Buttons

The *Register Edit* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings.

Icon	Description
	<p><b>Note:</b> This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.</p>

Note: It is not recommended to change chipset registers values without working knowledge about that specific chipset.

### Using the Register Edit Tab

You can use the *Register Edit* tab by following steps:

1. Click on the *Register* table to be edited from the list of that appear on the left side of screen. A list of register values or other data is displayed on the right side of the *Register Edit* tab screen.
2. To edit the fields, simply double-click on the field you want to modify and type in new value.
3. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can click on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

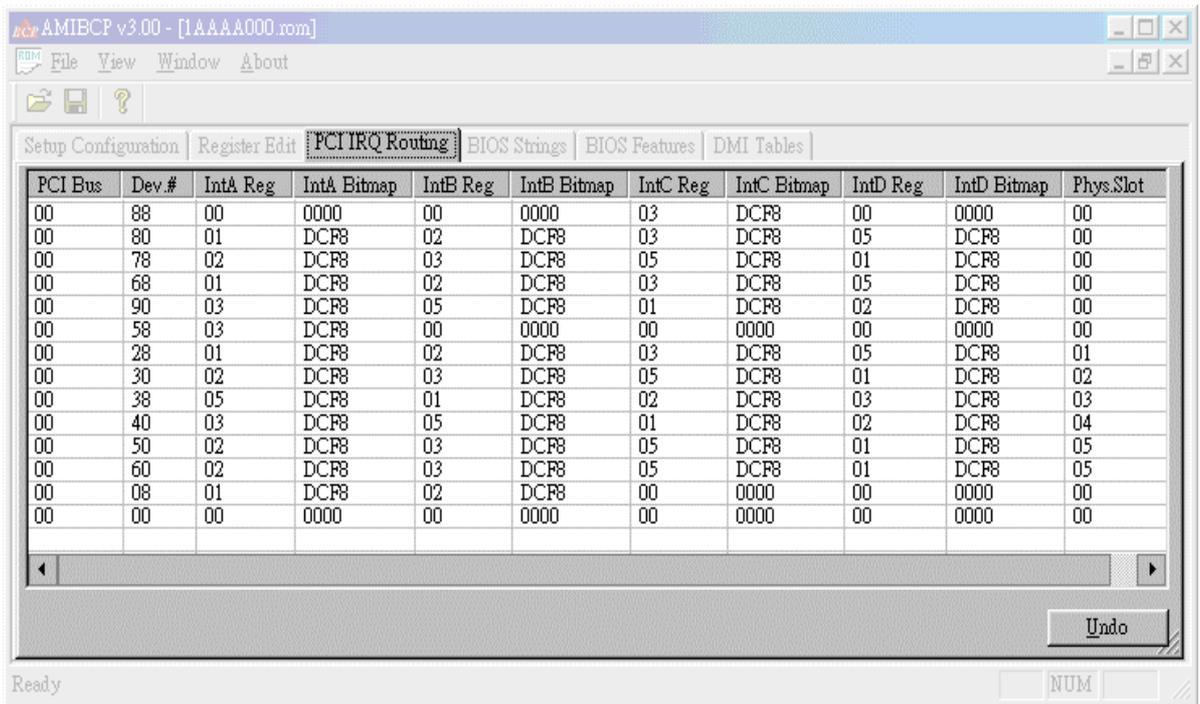
### PCI IRQ Routing Tab

The *PCI IRQ Routing* tab allows you to view and modify the *PCI IRQ Routing* table that is used by AMIBIOS during POST and runtime.

You can view and modify the following fields:

- PCI Bus
- Dev.#
- Int A-B-C-D Reg
- Int A-B-C-D Bitmap
- Phys.Slot

An example of the *PCI Routing* tab is shown below:



## Fields

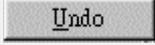
The *PCI IRQ Routing* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
PCI Bus	This field displays the PCI bus that the device/slot is on.  <b>Note:</b> Most boards contain a single PCI bus, so this field is usually set to 0.
Dev.#	This field displays the PCI device/slot number. The value of this field is set to a slot or device address on the PCI bus shifted left by three bits (the device number must be in bits 7:3 and bits 2:0 must be 000).
Int A-B-C-D Reg	This field displays the chipset register number that controls the PCI slots (or device) Int A, B, C, and D Pin. The value in this field is basically arbitrary. Slots and devices that share the same chipset interrupt signal must have the same value for this field.  <b>For example:</b> If Slot 1 Int A pin and Slot 2 Int B pin are both connected to the same chipset interrupt signal, then the chipset register value for Slot 1 Int A must match Slot 2 Int B.  If a slot or device has nothing connected to its Int A pin, then this field must be set to 0.  If a slot or device has its Int A pin hardwired directly to an IRQ, then this field is set to 0F <sub>x</sub> h (where x is 0-F for IRQ 0 - IRQ 15). This is useful if a motherboard has a PCI IDE chip that has its Int A pin

Field	Description
	hardwired to IRQ 14.
Int A-B-C-D Bitmap	This field displays the IRQ that the chipset is capable of routing to in the slots (or device) Int A, B, C, and D pin. Note: If the value for Chipset Register is set to 0, then all bits in this field are set to 0. <b>Note:</b> If the value for chipset register was set to 0F <sub>x</sub> h to indicate a hardwired connection to a certain IRQ, then only one bit corresponding to that IRQ must be set in this field.
Phys.Slot	This field displays the slot number of a PCI slot as it appears to the end user. Numbers like 1, 2, 3, and 4 must be used. <b>Note:</b> Onboard PCI devices such as PCI IDE chips must have this field set to 0 to indicate that the device is not a removable PCI adapter card.

## Buttons

The *PCI IRQ Routing* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings. <b>Note:</b> This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.

## Using the PCI IRQ Routing Tab

You can use the *PCI IRQ Routing* tab by following steps:

1. To modify any field in the *PCI IRQ Routing* table, simply double-click on the any field you want to modify and type in new value.

Note: You can add a new PCI entry into the table if all fields in the entry are set to zeros.

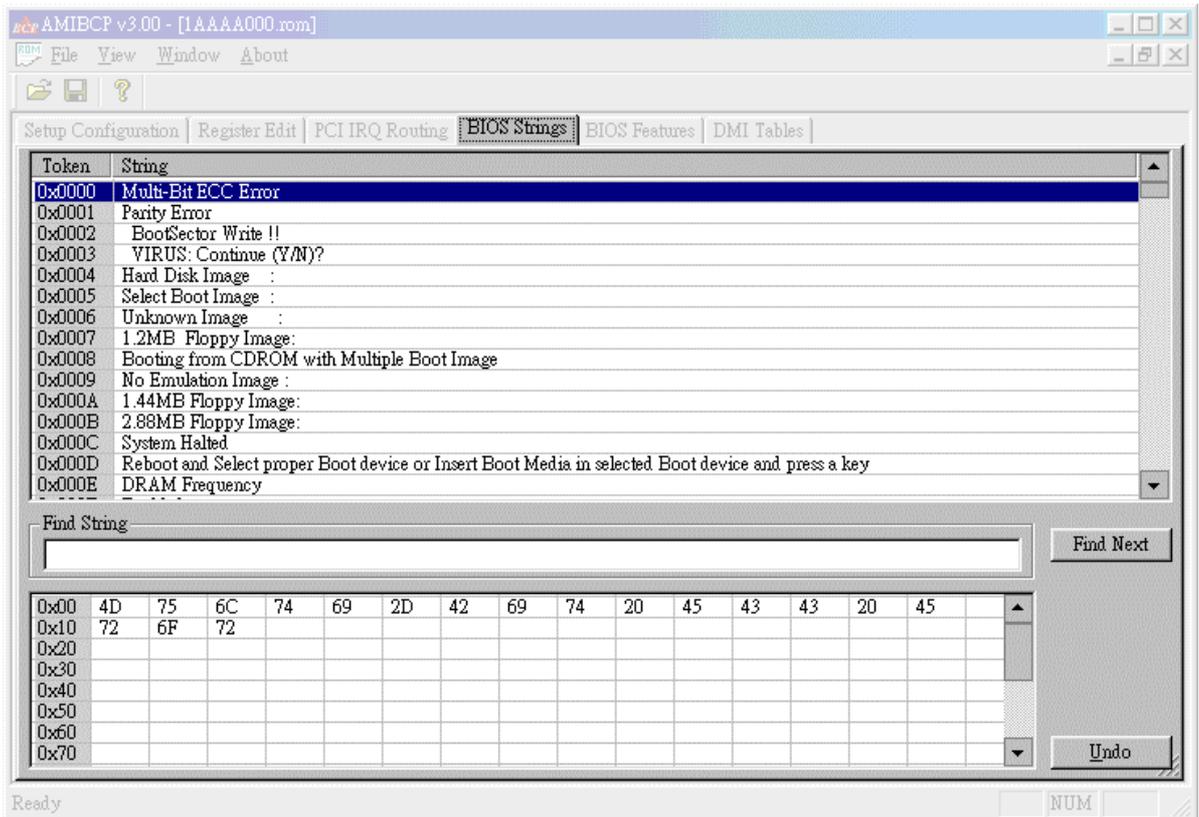
2. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can lick on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

## BIOS String Tab

The *BIOS Strings* tab allows you to view and edit AMIBIOS strings.

An example of the *BIOS Strings* tab is shown below:



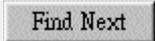
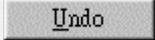
## Fields

The *BIOS String* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
Token	The Token field displays the string handle that is used by AMIBIOS to reference the string.
String	The String field displays the AMIBIOS string as it appears in the AMIBIOS setup or POST screen. This field is editable.
Find String	This field allows you to find a specific string in BIOS Strings list. The string is case-insensitive.

## Buttons

The *BIOS String* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to find next string in BIOS Strings list.
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings. <b>Note:</b> This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.

## Using the BIOS String Tab

You can use the *BIOS String* tab by following steps:

1. To modify any string, double-click on it and type in the new string.
2. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can click on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

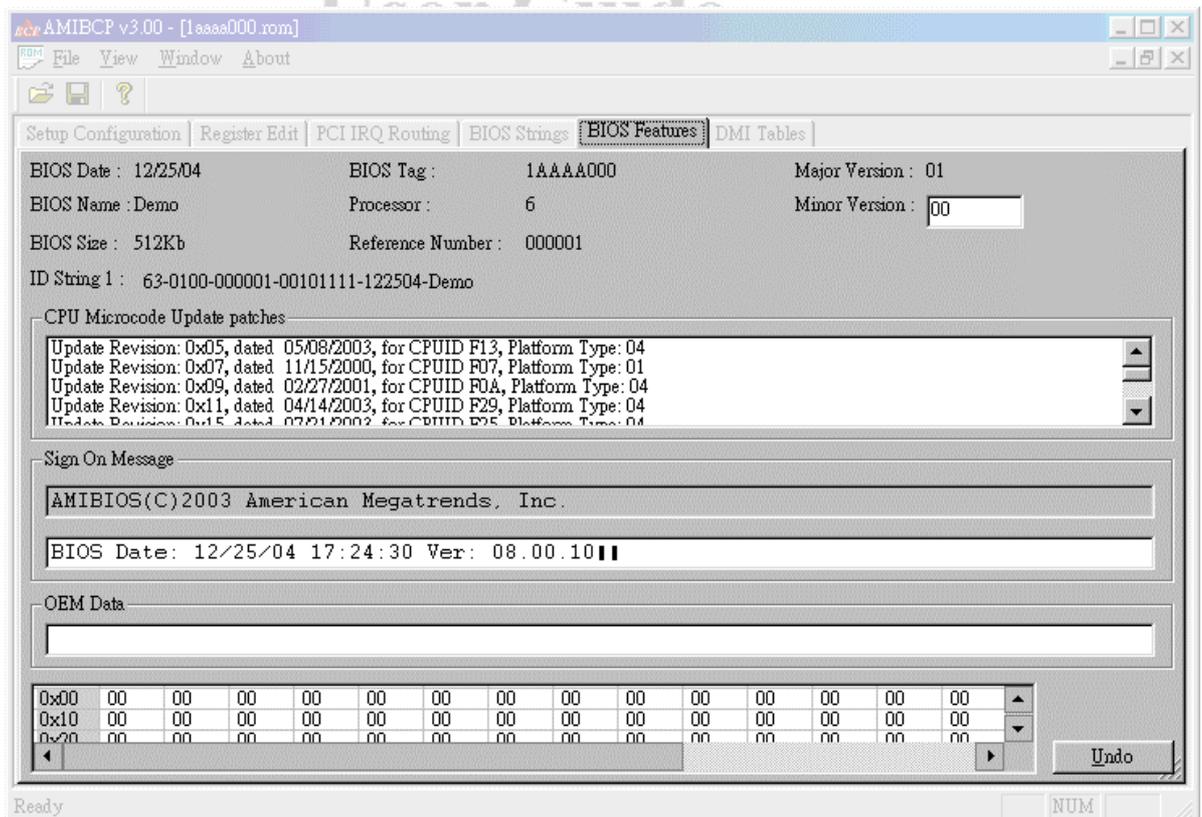
## BIOS Features Tab

The *BIOS Features* tab allows you to view and configure some of the AMIBIOS features.

You can view the following fields:

- BIOS Date
- BIOS Name
- Processor
- Major Version
- ID String 1
- BIOS Size
- BIOS Tag
- Reference Number
- CPU Microcode Update Patches
- Sign On Message
- OEM Data(If available)

An example of the *BIOS Features* tab is shown below:



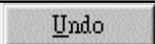
## Fields

The *BIOS Features* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
BIOS Date	This field displays the date when the AMIBIOS ROM file was built. The value in this field cannot be changed.
BIOS Name	This field displays the name associated with the AMIBIOS ROM file. The value in this field cannot be changed.
Processor	This field displays the number that is used to define the processor type. The value in this field cannot be changed.
Major Version	This field displays the main AMIBIOS revision number that is used with the AMIBIOS release. The value in this field cannot be changed.
ID String 1	This field displays the ID string that is associated with the AMIBIOS ROM file. The value in this field cannot be changed.
BIOS Size	This field displays the actual size of the AMIBIOS ROM file. The value in this field cannot be changed.
BIOS Tag	This field displays the eight-character tag that is associated with the AMIBIOS ROM file. The value in this field cannot be changed.
Minor Version	This field displays the minor AMIBIOS revision number that is used with the AMIBIOS release. This field is editable.
CPU Microcode Update Patches	This field displays processor patches that are contained in the AMIBIOS ROM file. The values in this field cannot be changed.
Sign On Message	This field displays the AMIBIOS sign-on message that is displayed during POST. The AMIBIOS copyright string is not editable. <b>Note:</b> This field must not be more than 175 characters in length.
OEM Data	This field displays the OEM data that is provided by the AMIBIOS. This field is 62-bytes long and displayed in two modes (text and hexadecimal). This field is editable. <b>Note:</b> The OEM data area is supported on the AMIBIOS 8.00.08 core and later releases.

## Buttons

The *BIOS Features* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings. <b>Note:</b> This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.

## Using the BIOS Feature Tab

You can use the *BIOS Feature* tab by following steps:

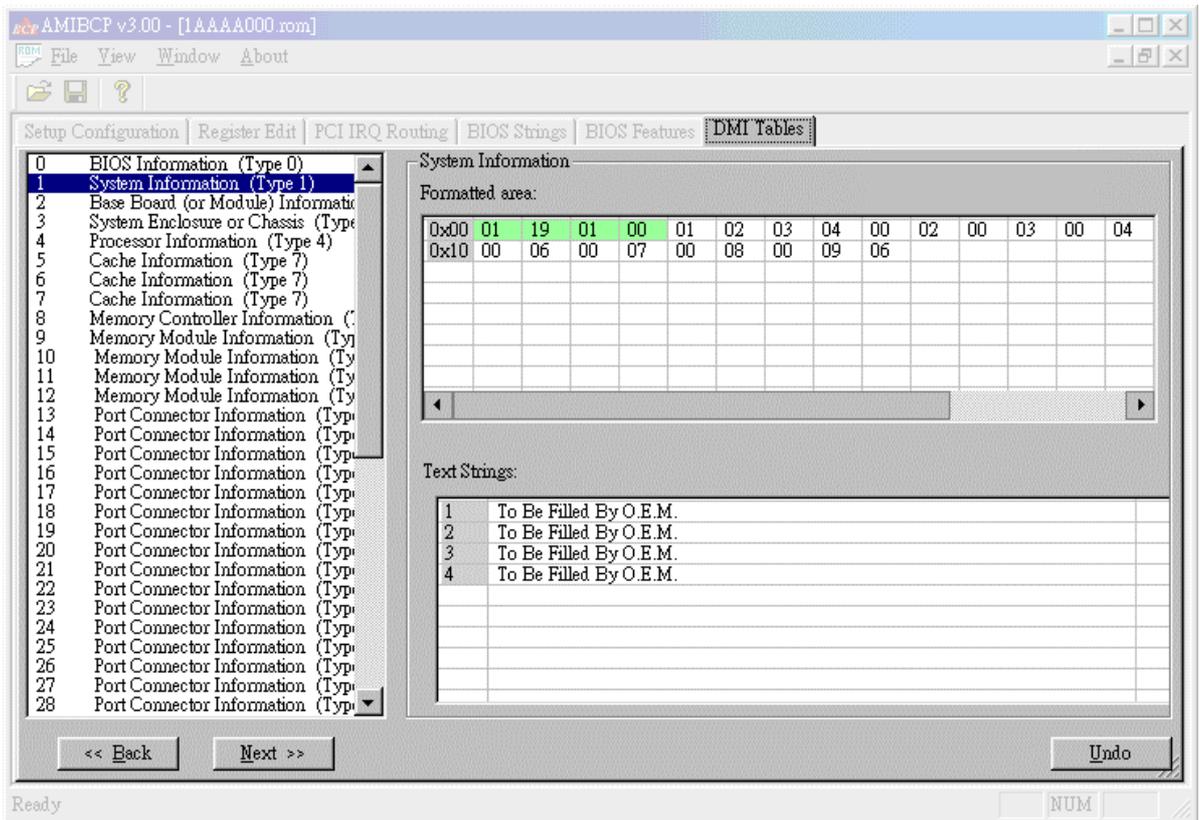
1. To modify any editable field, click on it and type in the new value.
2. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can click on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

## DMI Tables Tab

The *DMI Tables* tab allows you to view and modify AMIBIOS DMI Tables such as BIOS information, system information, baseboard, and so on.

An example of the *DMI Tables* tab is shown below:



## Fields

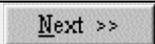
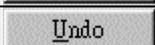
The *DMI Tables* fields are explained in the following table:

Field	Description
Formatted area	This field displays the DMI Tables values (in hex). You can modify all DMI table values except the first two bytes. Note: The first two bytes of the DMI Tables are used to define the table type and size.

Field	Description
Test Strings	This field displays the DMI Tables strings. You can modify these strings but you cannot change the number of strings.

## Buttons

The *DMI Tables* button is explained in the following table:

Icon	Description
	This button allows you to go to the previous DMI table in the table list.
	This button allows you to go to the next DMI table in the table list.
	This button allows you to restore the original setup settings.
	<p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>This <i>Undo</i> button is used the same way throughout the AMIBCP program.</p>

## Using the DMI Tables Tab

You can use the *DMI Tables* tab by following steps:

1. From the displayed *DMI Tables* list, select the table you want to view.
2. To edit the table, simply type in new values in the formatted or text strings areas.
3. To save the changes you have made to the AMIBIOS ROM file, click on the *File* menu bar and select *Save* menu item. You can also click  icon on *Toolbar* to save the changes you have made.

Note: You can click on the *Undo* button to restore the original setup settings before saving any new changes.

# User Guide

# Chapter 4 DMIEDIT v1.xx

## Overview

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DMIEDIT is a Desktop Management Interface utility with graphical user interface. It provides you an easy way to process SMBIOS data on current host system.

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## Features

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This utility offers the following features:

- Easy to browse all SMBIOS information (Non-AMIBIOS system support).
  - Save SMBIOS information to file (Non-AMIBIOS system support).
  - Modify and Update SMBIOS information (AMIBIOS system only).
- 

## Requirements

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### Supported Operating System

DMIEDIT Utility is supported in following operating system:

- Microsoft® Windows® 98
- Microsoft® Windows® ME
- Microsoft® Windows® 2000
- Microsoft® Windows® NT 4.0
- Microsoft® Windows® XP/XP64
- Microsoft® Windows® PE

### BIOS Requirements

System BIOS should have the followings:

- AMIBIOS CORE version 8.xx.xx.
- *SMIFlash eModule* with “8.00.00\_SMIFlash-1.00.07” label or later.
- *SMBIOS eModule* with “8.00.08\_SMB-3.1.02\_CORE\_RC6” label or later.

### Operating System DLL/Driver Requirements

Following files are required by this utility:

- |                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| • <b>UCOREDLL.DLL</b> | AMIBIOS Utility CORE APIs DLL.                |
| • <b>UCOREVXD.VXD</b> | Driver for Microsoft® Windows® 98/ME.         |
| • <b>UCORESYS.SYS</b> | Driver for Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/PE. |
| • <b>UCOREW64.SYS</b> | Driver for Microsoft® Windows® XP64.          |

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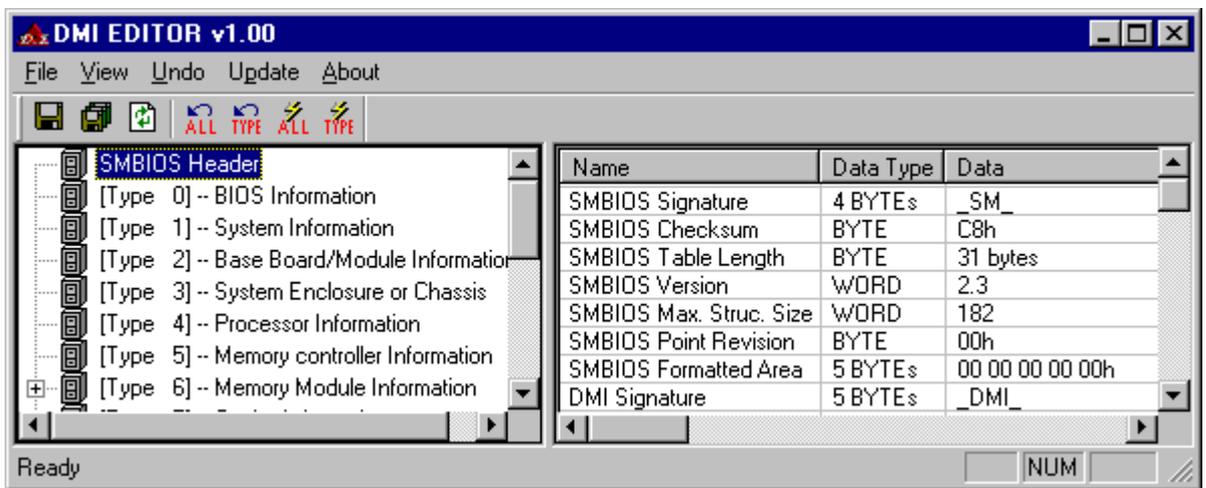
# Getting Started

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## Installation

Copies *DMIEDIT.EXE*, *UCOREDLL.DLL*, *UCOREVXD.VXD* and *UCORESYS.SYS* to any storage location accessible by the host system and then double-click **DMIEDIT** icon Or type **DMIEDIT** in command prompt to run. Remember that four files **MUST** be in same directory.

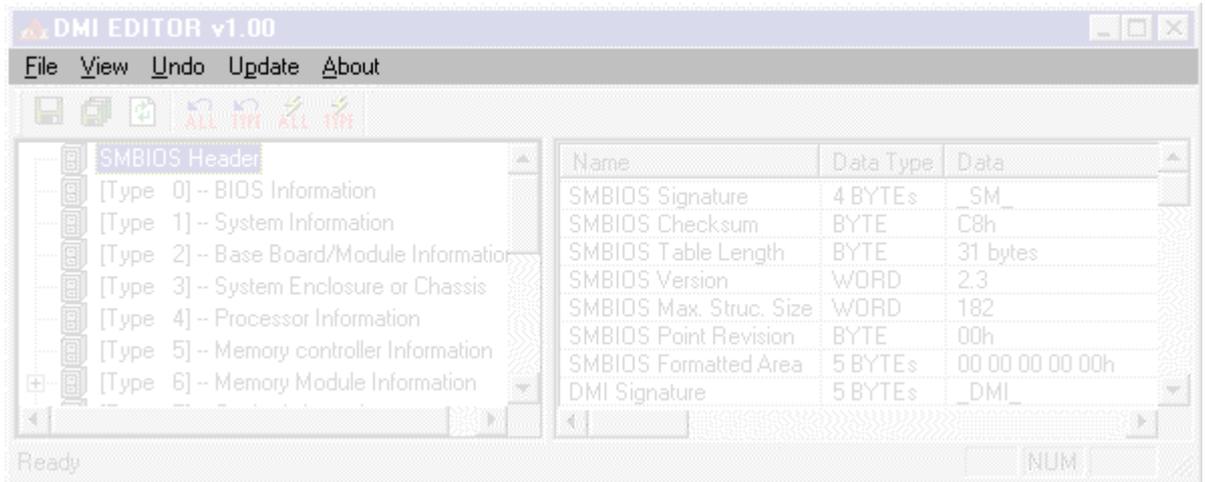
## Main Window



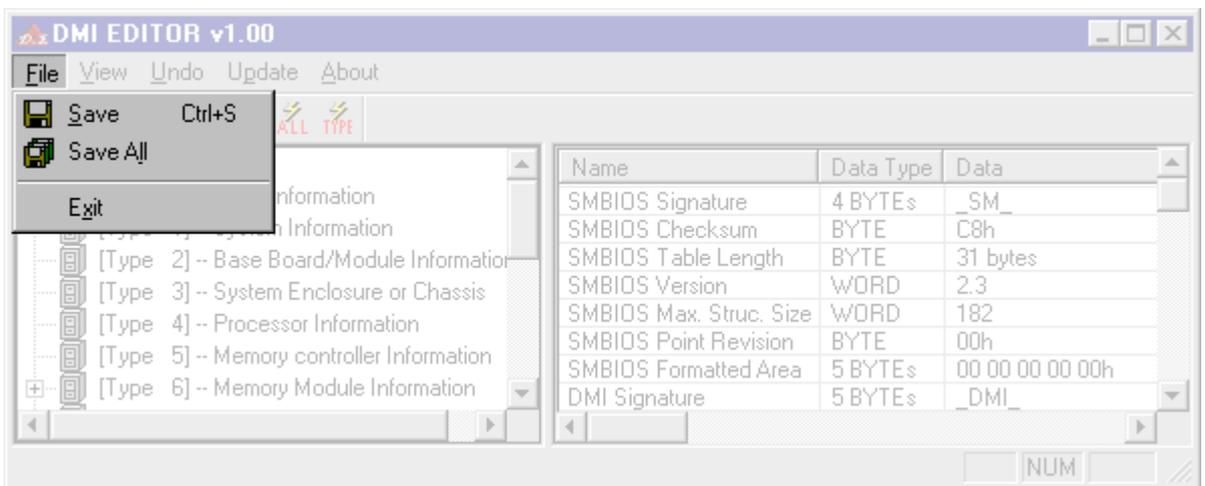
## Menu Bar

The *Menu bar* is located at the top of the DMI Editor window. The *Menu bar* contains the following:

- File drop-down menu
- View drop-down menu
- Undo drop-down menu
- Update drop-down menu
- About



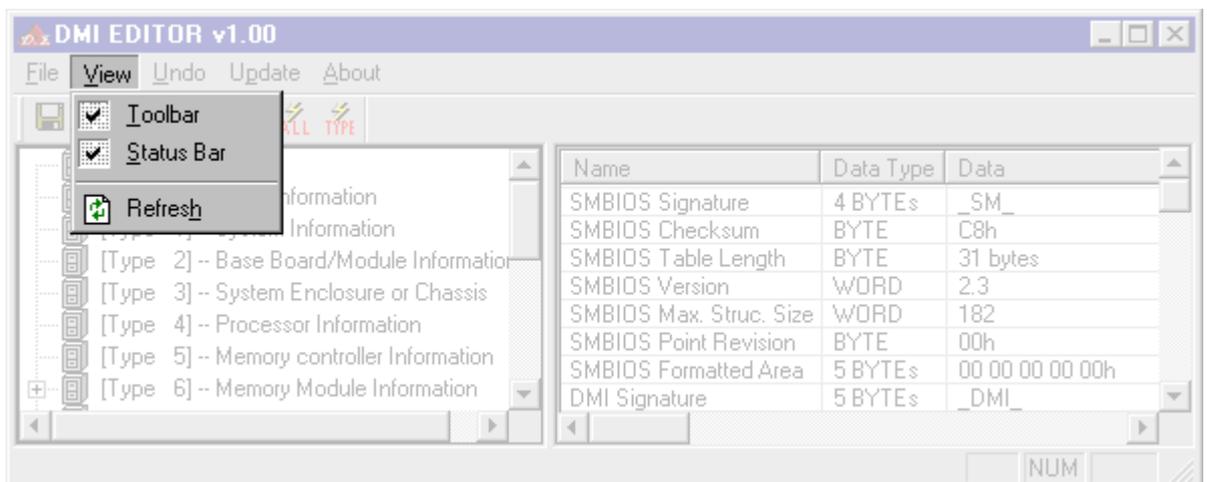
### File drop-down menu options



**File Menu Item List**

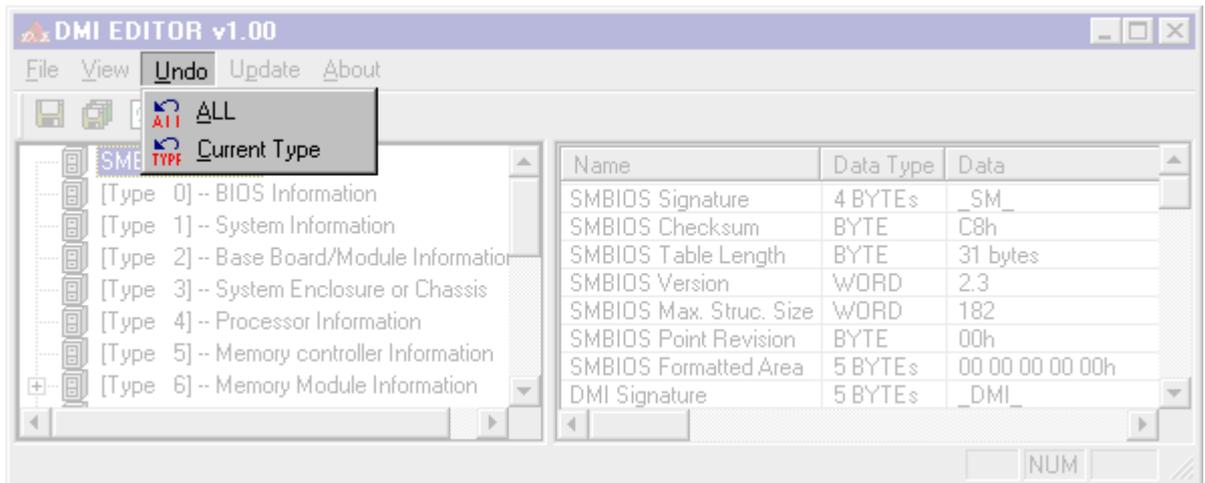
Name	Description
Save	Save current type information to specific path/filename.
Save All	Save all type information to specific path/filename.
Exit	Quit program.

### View drop-down menu options



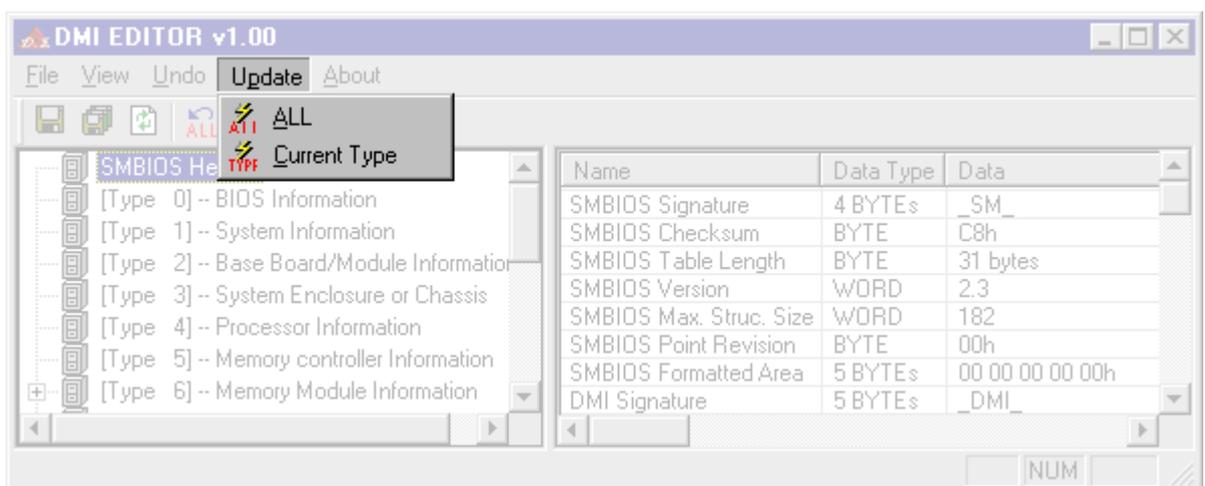
View Menu Item List	
Name	Description
Toolbar	Display or hide the <i>Toolbar</i> . The <i>Toolbar</i> is displayed under the <i>Menu bar</i> .
Status Bar	Display or hide the <i>Status Bar</i> . The <i>Status Bar</i> is displayed at the bottom of the DMI Editor window.
Refresh	Reload all SMBIOS information from actual BIOS ROM.

## Undo drop-down menu options



Undo Menu Item List	
Name	Description
ALL	Reload all SMBIOS information from buffer.
Current Type	Reload current type information from buffer.

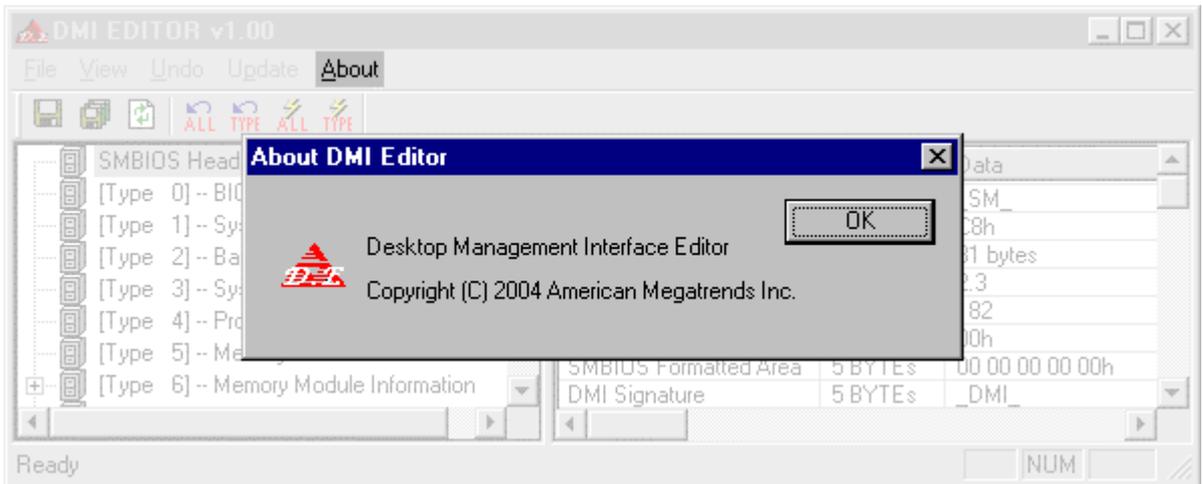
## Update drop-down menu options



Update Menu Item List	
Name	Description
ALL	Write all SMBIOS information to actual BIOS ROM.
Current Type	Write current type information to actual BIOS ROM.

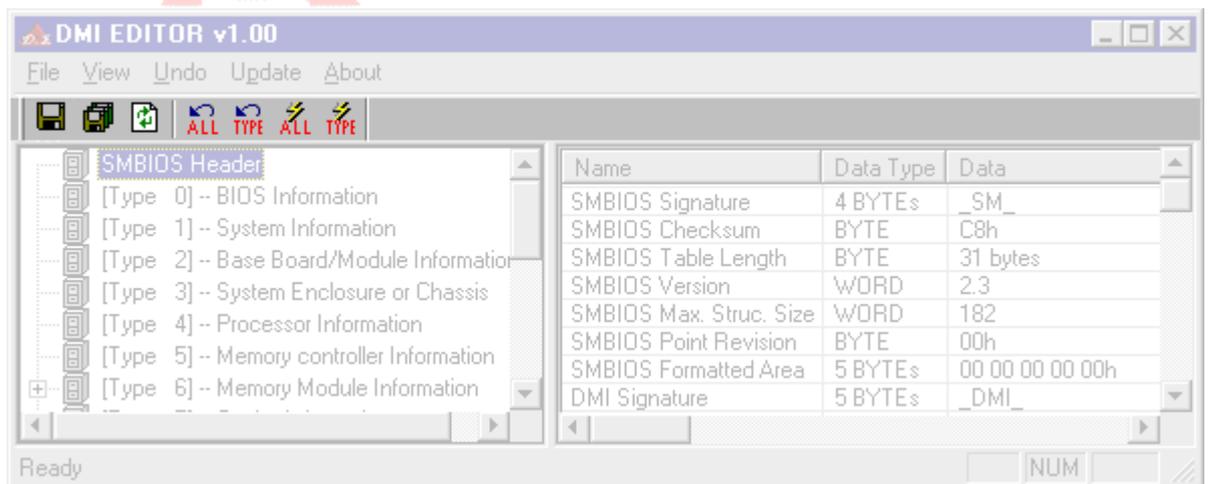
## About

The *About* is used to display AMIBCP copyrights information.



## Toolbar

The *Toolbar* is located under the *Menu bar*.

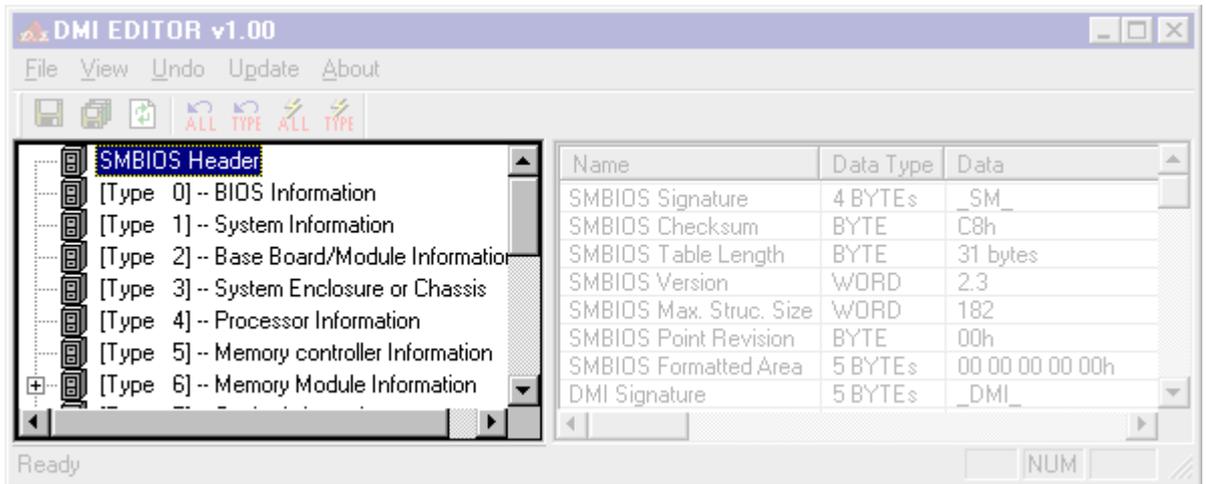


There are a number of *Toolbar* icons. These icons allows you easy access to some standard tools used in DMI Editor. The following table describes the *Toolbar* icons in detail.

Toolbar Icon List	
Icon	Description
	Save current type information to specific path/filename.
	Save all type information to specific path/filename.
	Reload all SMBIOS information from actual BIOS ROM.
	Reload all SMBIOS information from buffer.
	Reload current type information from buffer.
	Write all SMBIOS information to actual BIOS ROM.
	Write current type information to actual BIOS ROM.

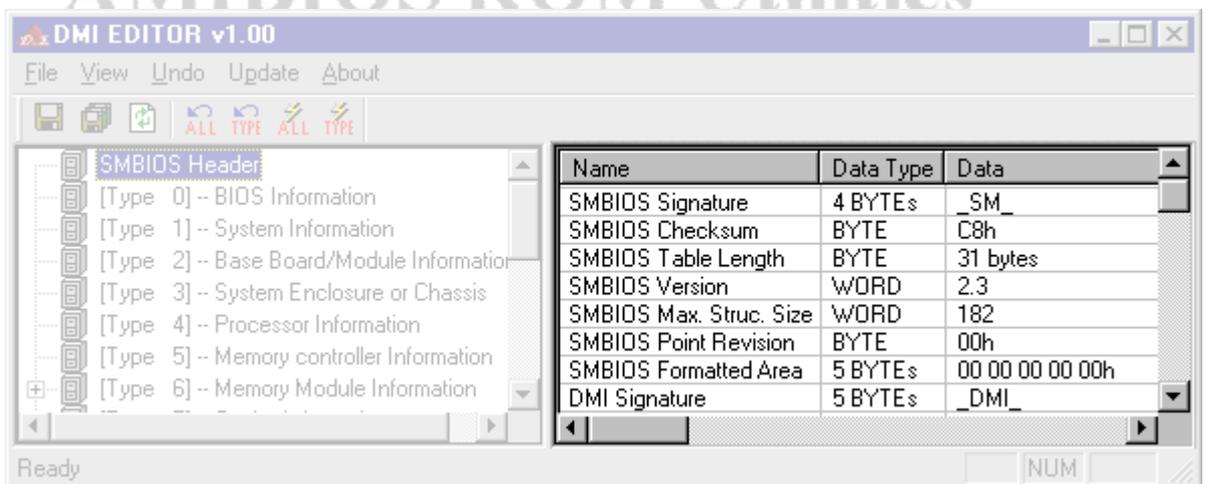
## Type Frame

This frame is located under *Menu Bar* and *Toolbar*. It displays identifiable SMBIOS structure types. If a type is unidentifiable, it will display as “[Type XXX] – Unknown Type”. Drop the scroll bar to see more types.



## Info Frame

This frame is located under *Menu Bar* and *Toolbar*. It displays current type’s information. Drop the scroll bar to see more information.

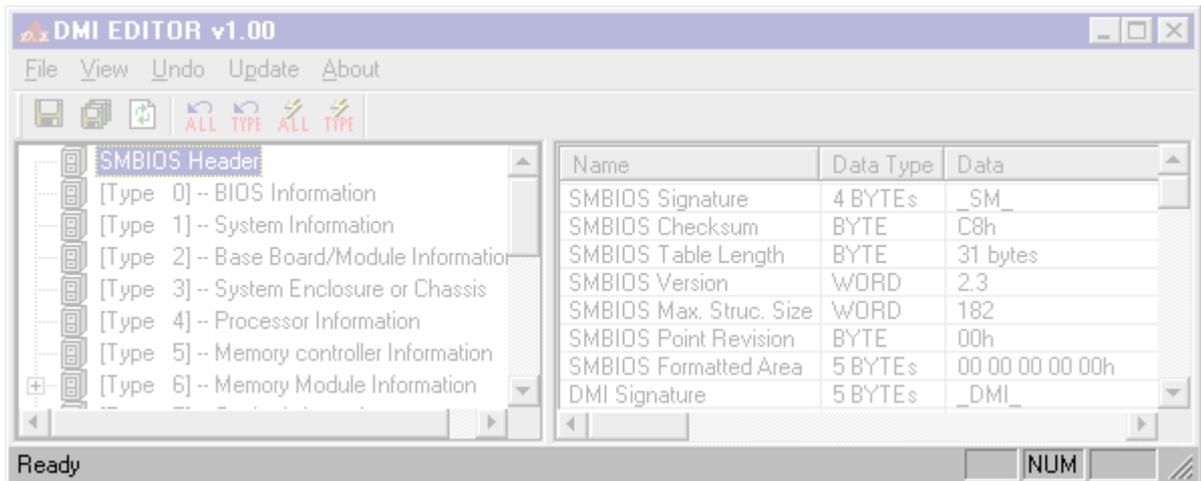


## Status Bar

The *Status bar* is located under *Type Frame* and *Info Frame*. The left area of the *Status Bar* describes actions of menu items as you use the arrow keys to navigate through menus. The right area of the *Status Bar* indicates if any of the following keys are latched:

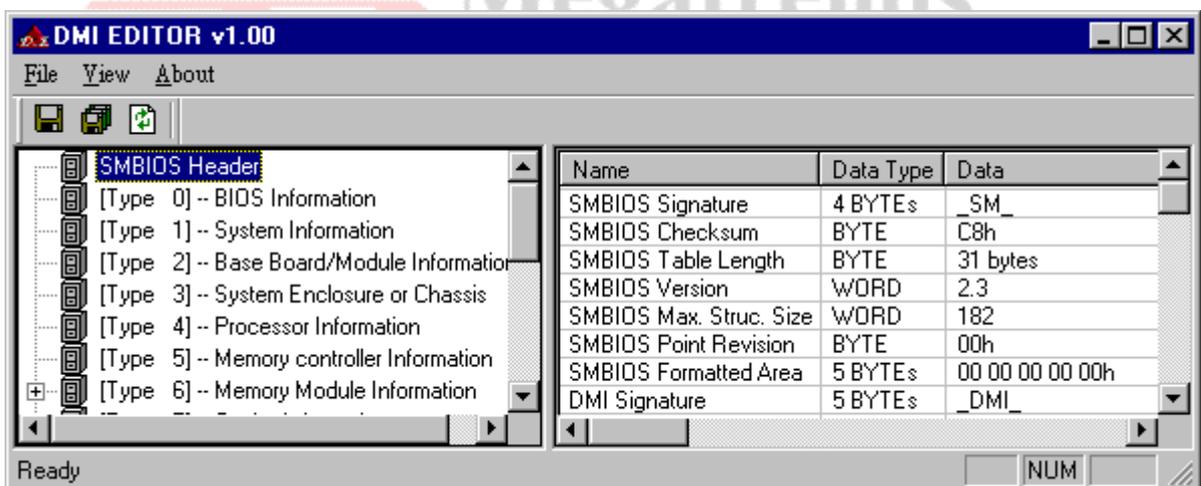
Item	Description
CAP	The <b>Caps Lock</b> key is latched down.

Item	Description
NUM	The <b>Num Lock</b> key is latched down.
SCRL	The <b>Scroll Lock</b> key is latched down.



## Functions

To use DMIEDIT, you can double-click the executable file icon to open [Main Window](#). For non-AMIBIOS system, **Undo** and **Update** menu will be hidden as below:

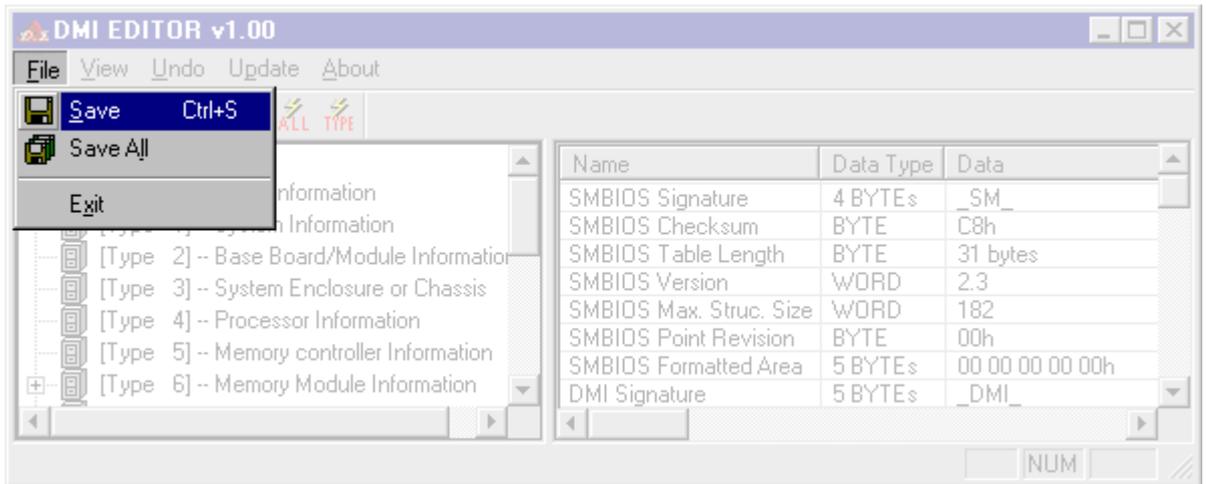


### Browsing SMBIOS information

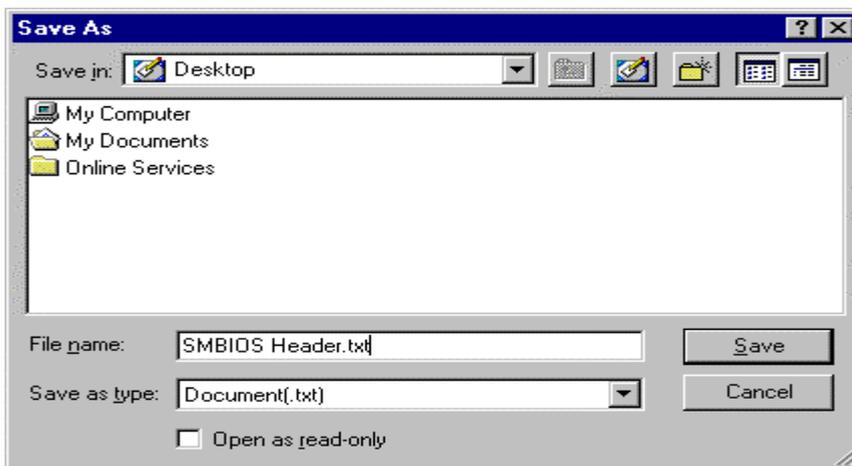
Choose a type with single-click on *Type Frame* and then the related information will be displayed at *Info Frame* immediately. Drop the scroll bars to see more types and information.

### Saving SMBIOS information to file

1. Choose a type what you do like to save on *Type Frame*.
2. Open *File* drop-down menu and select *Save* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.

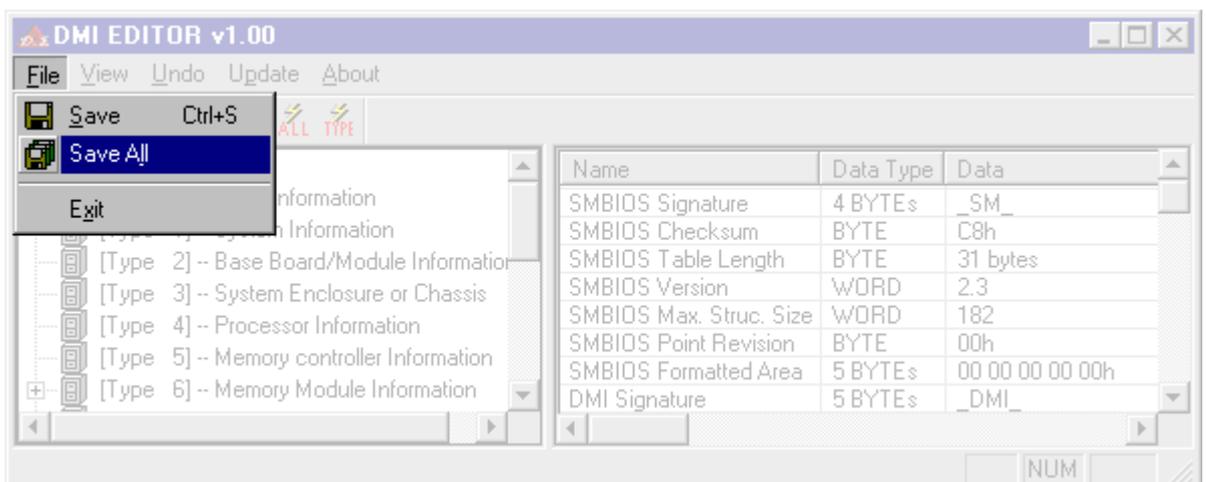


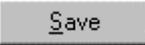
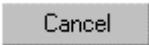
3. Input path/file name on dialog box and press  to get information file Or press  to ignore the function.



## Saving all SMBIOS information to file

1. Open *File* drop-down menu and select *Save All* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.

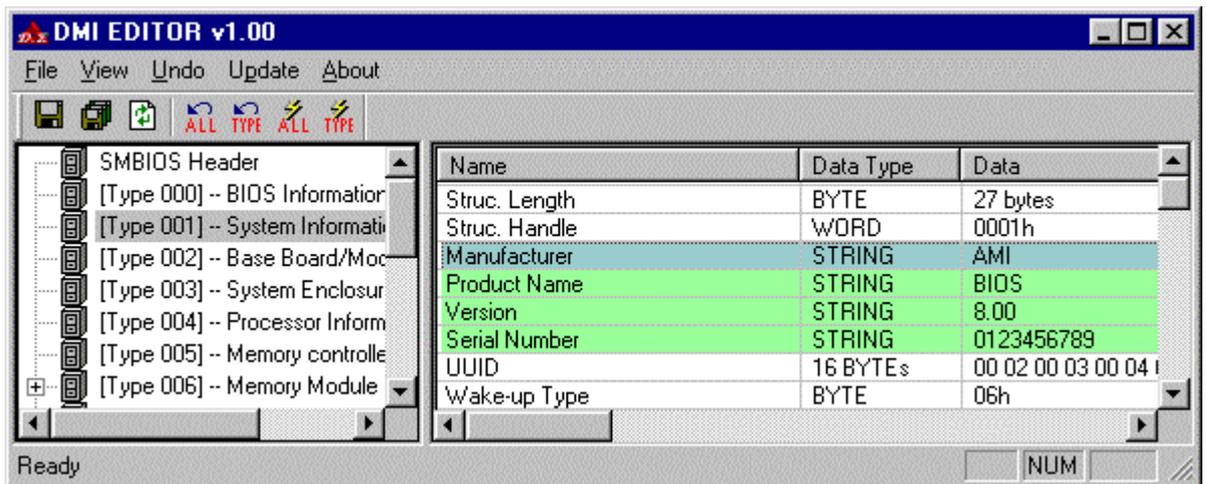


- Input path/file name on dialog box and press  to get information file Or press  to ignore the function. The dialog box is same as [above](#).

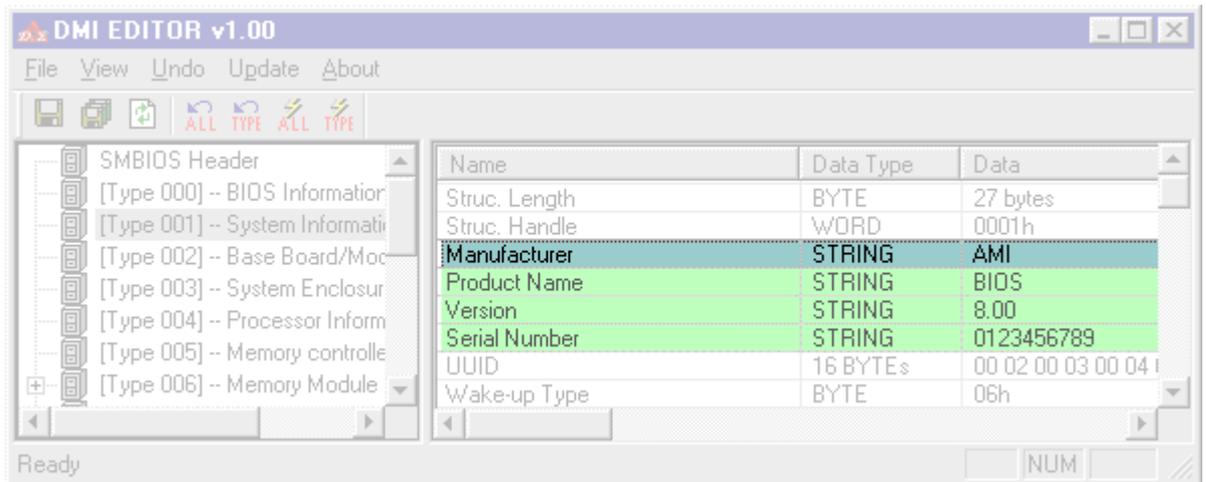
## Updating SMBIOS type

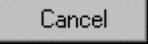
*This function is valid only on AMIBIOS system.*

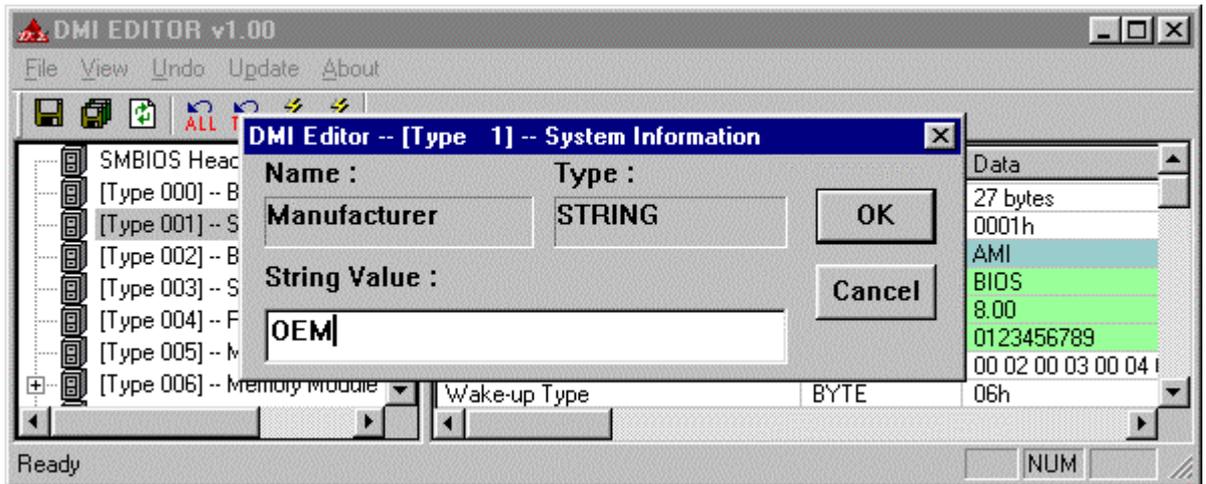
- As SMBIOS Specification, not of all type can be edited. So you have to know which type contains editable item first.



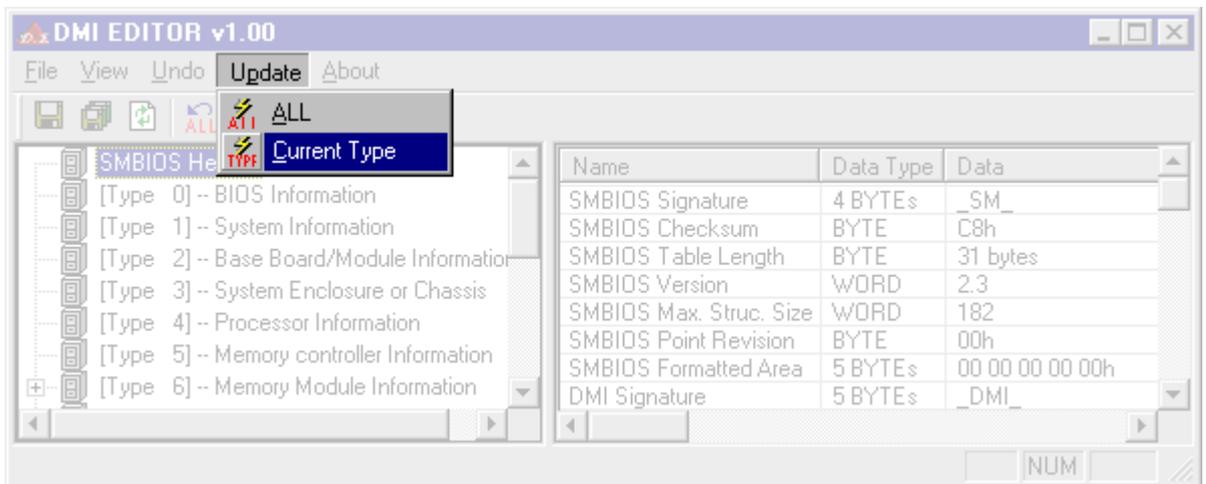
- Select an item that will be modified.



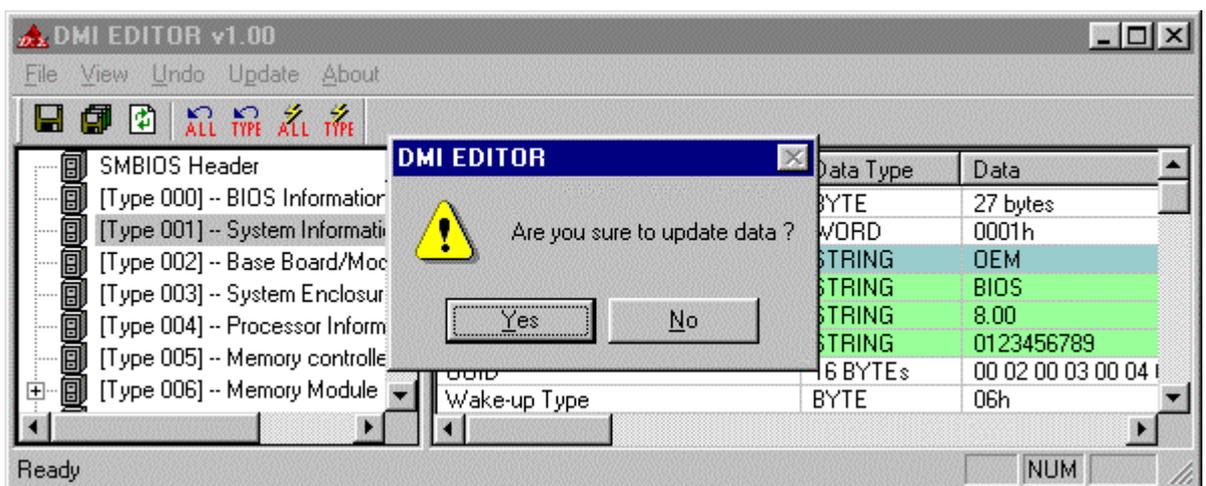
- Double-click on the item to enter edit dialog box. The dialog box displays selected item with related information and allows you to modify the value field. After change the string value, you can press  to submit the change Or  to ignore.



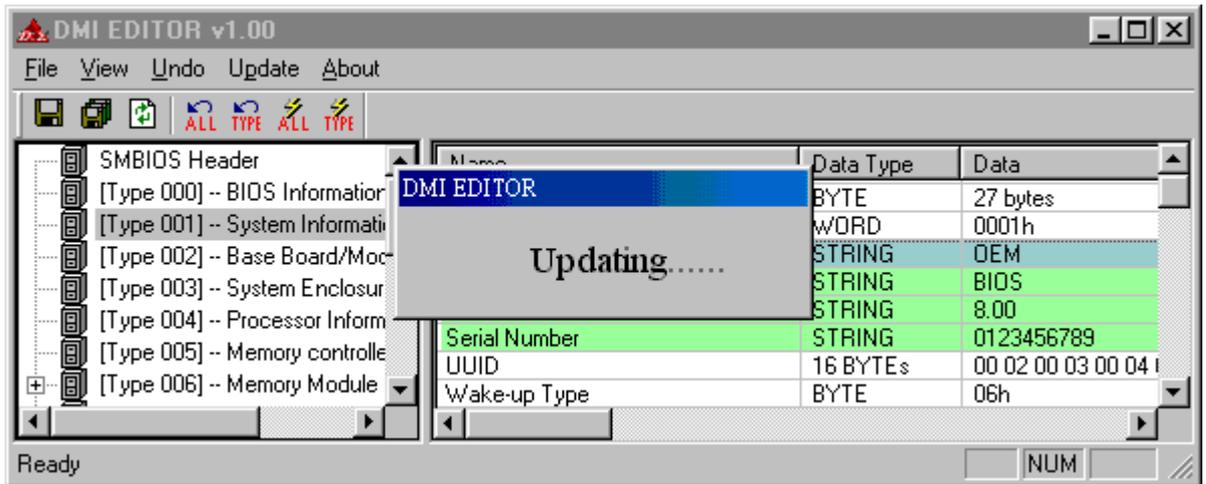
- Open *Update* drop-down menu and select *Current Type* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.



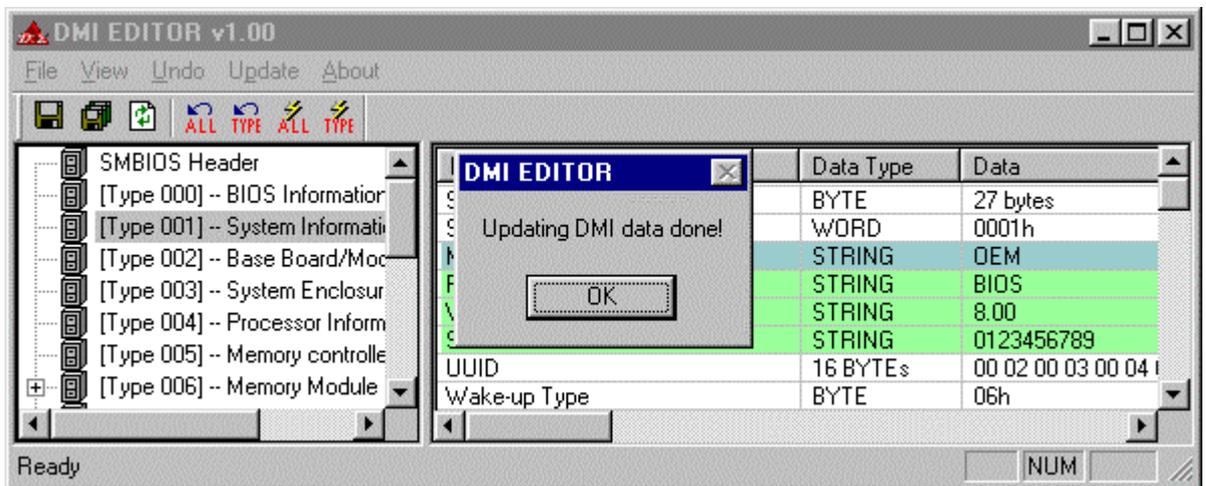
- Press  to confirm the update instruction Or  to ignore.



- Now is updating data when the instruction is confirmed.



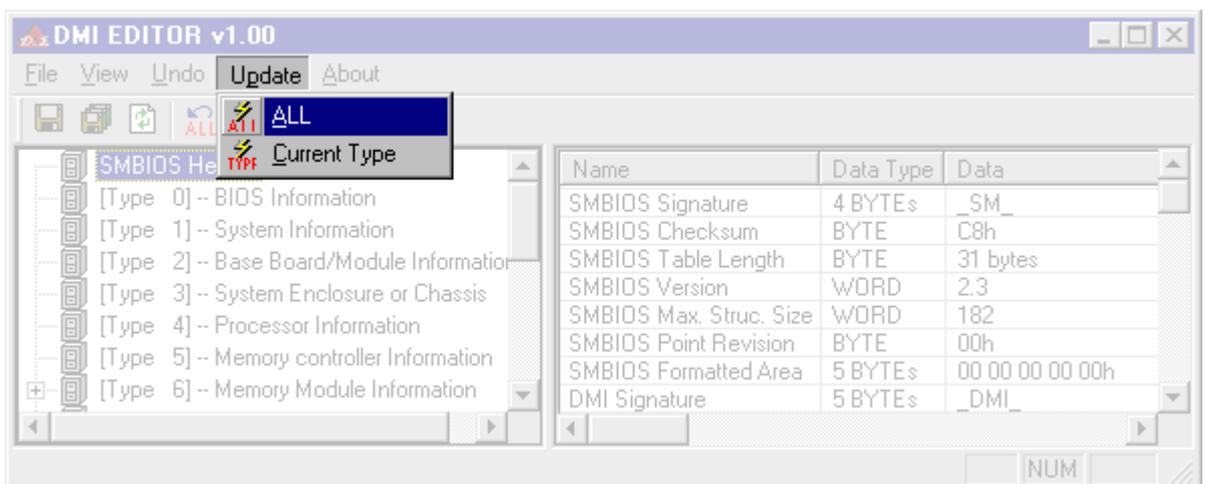
- Update done. You will get the notice dialog box. Just press  to finish the update operation.



## Updating all SMBIOS type

*This function is valid only on AMIBIOS system.*

- Repeat step.1-3 of [Update SMBIOS Type](#) to modify items.
- Open *Update* drop-down menu and select *All* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.

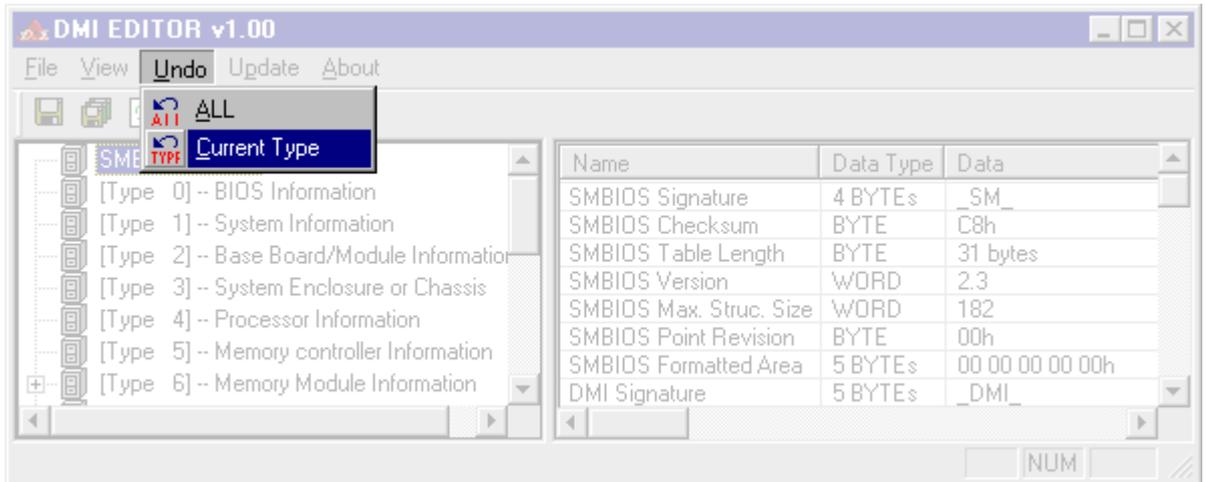


3. See step.5-7 of [Update SMBIOS Type](#) to finish update operation.

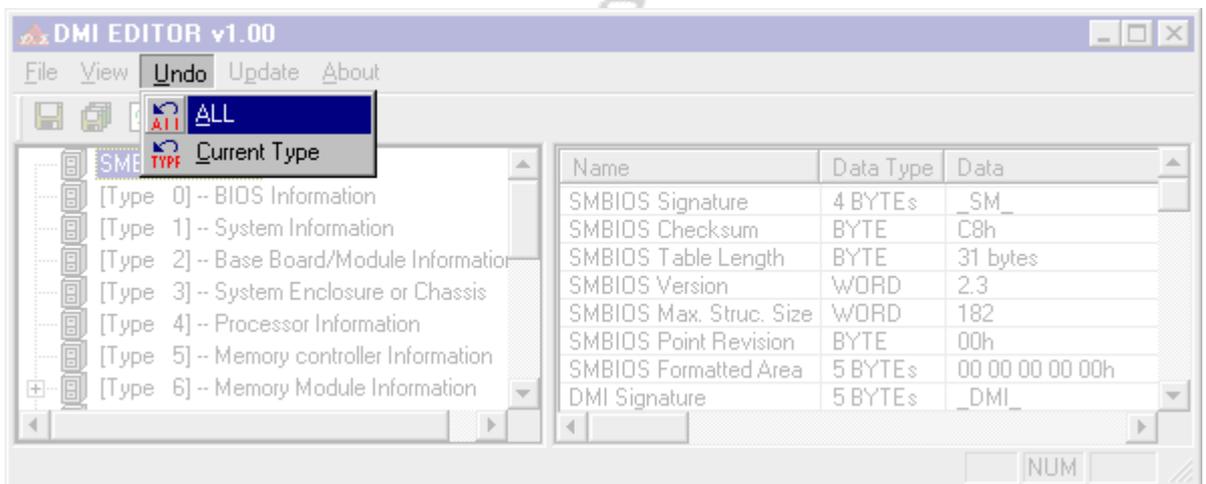
## Undoing current type and Undoing all

Undo function can restore the original value before you execute the update operation.

To undo current type value, open *Undo* drop-down menu and select *Current Type* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.



To undo all type value, open *Undo* drop-down menu and select *All* item Or single click  icon on *Toolbar*.



# Appendix A Module ID Codes

These are the Module IDs currently used by AMIBIOS8.

Note: Module IDs 00, 01, 02, 03, 05, 07, 09, 0A, 0B, 0D, 0F, 12, 13, 14, 16, and 17 were used by previous version of AMIBIOS and must not be assigned to any new module for AMIBIOS8.

Module ID (hex)	Description
04	Setup Engine (Client).
06	DMI Data (SMBIOS Data).
08	BootBlock-POST Interface module.
0C	ROM ID Module (BIOS Tag).
0E	OEM Logo (large) for Silent Boot.
10	ACPI AML.
11	CPU Microcode patches.
15	External Memory Detection module.
18	ADM.
19	ADM Font.
1A	OEM Small Logo.
1B	Main BIOS (SLAB).
1C	BCP Information Module (Created by AMIBCP).
1D	DUAL Logo
1E	INTEL OSB (On Screen Branding)
1F	<i>Currently unassigned</i>
20	PCI Addon ROM (Same for all PCI Option ROMs).
21	Language Module (Same for all languages).
22 - 25	<i>Currently unassigned</i>
26	Source Level Debugger.
27	Source Level Debugger transport layer.
28	BMC Output Redirection Module.
29	MBI File.
2A	MBI Test Pattern.
2B	More than 4GB memory test.
2C – 2D	<i>Currently unassigned</i>
2E	PXE Base ROM.
2F	Serial Redirection module.
30	Parties Logo.
31	NEC CIM Module (Used by AMI Taiwan).
32	NEC battery refresh support (Used by AMI Taiwan).
38	Auto flash EC firmware (Used by AMI Taiwan).
80	BIOS Information Module.
F0-FF	OEM Modules.

# Appendix B AFUDOS v3.xx Commands

Usage: AFUDOS /i<ROM File Name> [/o<Save ROM File Name>] [/n] [/p[b][n][c][e]] [/s] [k[N]] [/c[N]] [/q] [/h] [/t] [/u<ROM File Name>]

Following table lists the description of previous version of AFUDOS commands.

Command	Description
/n	Do not check ROM ID
/pbnce	p – Program main BIOS b – Program Boot Block n – Program NVRAM c – Destroy system CMOS e – Program Embedded Controller Block
/k	Program all Non-Critical Block only
/kN	Program N'th Non-Critical Block only (From K0 upto K7)
/s	Leaves signature in BIOS
/q	Silent execution
/h	Print help
/t	Display current system's ROM ID string
/c	Program Main BIOS and all Non-Critical Blocks
/cN	Program Main BIOS and N'th Non-Critical Block(From C0 upto C7)
/srb	Force REBOOT after programming done
/d	Compare ROM file (Skips flashing)
/o<ROM File Name>	Save current system BIOS ROM into disk
/u<ROM File Name>	Display ROM file's ROM ID string